The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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HOUSE VOTES TO CURB RAILROADS.

Hostile to Plan of President, It Bows to Will of Public by a Ballot of 326 to 17.

SANTA FE IS IN FOR IT.

Attorney General Judson Harmon Is to Take Up Case Against the Accused System.

BY RAYMOND.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Rate problems engaged the attention of both the legislative and the executive branches of the government today, with results which will be historical, if not sensational.

The action passed by the overwhelming majority of 326 to 17 the administration bill for the regulation of railroad rates and the establishment of a special court of interstate commerce to hear appeals in these cases.

At the same time Attorney General Moody was busily engaged in preliminary work for the prosecution of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé road. He has appointed Judson Harmon of Cincinnati, former attorney general of the United States, to take particular charge of the Santa Fé case. Associated with him will be Frederick N. Judson, a well known corporation lawyer of St. Louis. They will be given full authority to investigate and report as to what proceedings properly can be instituted by the department.

Paul Morton to Stay in Cabinet.

This relieves the administration of the embarrassing necessity of prosecuting a case directly affecting one of the members of the cabinet and of a close friend of the president. The delegation of authority to outside attorneys relieves the case of the question of favoritism, and it is said on very good authority that this action includes the retention of Secretary Morton in the president's cabinet for an indefinite period of time.

Today's proceedings in the house of representatives form a striking instance of the overwhelming power of an insistent public sentiment, and of the responsiveness of the house of representatives to the voice of the people when it is at least unmistakably. Republicans and Democrats fairly tumbled over themselves in their haste to vote for the administration measure. A good many of the faithful of representatives, most of them from eastern states and districts, where railroad interests are paramount, voted against the bill. To all intents and purposes it was passed unanimously, and there really was no necessity for a record vote, except for those who were in favor of railroad regulation that their constituents to know it.

The Hale-Townsend bill was passed exactly as it came from the committee. No amendments were permitted under the rule. Opportunity was given to vote on the Esch-Cummins substitute, which was defeated by a vote of 166 to 153, a nearly, if not quite, perfect republican majority. Then, as had been expected, the democrats voted for the original measure not only with unanimity but with evident enthusiasm. The expected vote of the Pennsylvania delegation did not materialize. Few members from that state were heard on the caucus, but no one cared to vote because they were in such a pitiful majority that they made themselves ridiculous. Boies Cockran distinguished himself by opposing "present," by means of which he sustained his long time reputation as a political and legislative dodger.

No Chance Senate Will Pass It.

There is, of course, not the slightest possibility of the passage of this administration measure through the senate. Neither the president nor any one else expects it under the circumstances. They are, however, greatly delighted that the bill passed the house in its present state, because this will be a starting point for an extra session.

Absolutely nothing less than the Esch-Cummond bill will satisfy public sentiment, and the chances are that as weeks go by there will be a tendency to strengthen it all along the line, so that in the long run it will provide for something a good deal more than mere regulation of rates, and in the end will extend the powers of the interstate commerce commission to complete supervision over classifications, bills of lading, private car lines, industrial railroad connections, and other devices for evading the law.

That there will be an extra session in the fall most people believe, although the president, as a matter of course, by no means has made up his mind in this regard.

It seldom has happened that sentiment in the house of representatives has been molded so rapidly and changed so completely as has been the case this winter. No one outside Washington can have the slightest conception of the general hostility to railroad legislation in the lower house of congress when the session opened the first Monday in December.

First Hostile, Then Enthusiastic.

The messages of the president fell like a wet blanket, because it appealed to men entirely out of sympathy with its arguments. Time and leaders of the house, with scarcely an exception, scoffed at the idea of extending the powers of the interstate commerce commission. For a day or two after the president had sent his message it was well nigh impossible to secure an expression of opinion for publication from any leading republican members of the house. They were not indifferent to the attitude of the president, but were distinctly hostile.

It has been funny to see how many of those who used to scoff have remained to praise. Members in congress say they do not remember such a complete diversion of constituent sentiment in a generation or more. Letters, resolutions, letters, telegrams, and similar expressions of opinion which have poured Washington literally are countless. Apparently were genuine, were not cast-iron affairs, and manifestly were not inspired from a central authority.

Congressmen are in the habit of looking suspiciously on letters and telegrams from constituents, and particularly from social, commercial and political organizations, believing that interested persons generally work on such lines.

When a congressman gets an unusual telegram from a half dozen persons, all prominent, he knows the idea originated somewhere else and was suggested to the constituents to influence him.

Public Opinion Does the Work.

In the railroad case personal letters and expressions of opinion by legislatures, newspaper editorials, individual visits, and other things have combined to bombard congress. The pressure has been continued until literally it frightened the members of the house.

Continued on page 7, column 2.)

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a time. Others who greeted him were Deputy Coroner Buckley, Dr. Joseph Reese, who attended Mrs. Welker-Hoch during her last illness, and Isadore Piotke, who will defend him.

Knows Deputy Coroner Well.

The first to be admitted was Buckley.

"Hello, Hoch," said Buckley.

"How d'ye do?" responded Hoch.

"Fine. How's yourself?"

"O, I'm fine, too. Never was better in my life. You see, I have got lots of company, and they are making it pleasant for me."

"Have a good time on the train?" queried the deputy coroner.

"Vell, under der circumstances—yes. Of course, dere are vays in vich I could haf had better," and Hoch smiled blandly.

Dr. Reese was next "introduced."

"Hello, Doc," exclaimed Hoch, heartily, grasping the doctor's hand. "You vas looking fine, too. Chicago agrees mit you—yes?"

One "Best Man" Greets Him.

Every one he met "looked fine." Reno Lechner, a saloonkeeper at 372 Larrabee street, who was Hoch's best man at his marriage to Mrs. Steinbrecher, also "called."

"Vell, Reno, you vas certainly looking fine," was Hoch's greeting.

"Say, but that man is the limit," was Lechner's comment when he left the inspector's office. "I 'stood up' with him when he married Mrs. Steinbrecher, who was a relative of mine, and I furnished a wine supper afterward. He still owes me $200 for that dinner. And say—he sits there as cool as a cucumber and no matter what they say to him it doesn't fease him a bit. I wish I had that $200," and he left the station.

Mrs. Ranken-Hoch was the first of the wives to be "introduced."

Mrs. Renken Identifies Him.

"I see him. That's him," she cried, pointing out Hoch immediately. "He is the man. He is poison in the face. I know him." And she gesticulated wildly, making as if to spring at her quondam husband. "But you didn't get none of my money," she jeered.

But Hoch was unmoved.

"Hello, Emma," he said quietly, and then he listened while she told her story, which was interrupted occasionally by Assistant State's Attorney Olson.

"I married that man"—pointing her finger—"in eighteen——"

"Be careful, Emma," interrupted Hoch. "You know you are a bigamist as well as I." The woman stopped in confusion. This was Hoch's first admission of his guilt, but he was as cool as ever. Mrs. Renken was induced to finish her story, and then Mrs. Elizabeth Goerk-Hoch was brought in.

Mrs. Goerk Claims Him Also.

"That's the man," she said, and Hoch offered no denial, neither did he interrupt as she told how she married him in December, 1901, when he posed as the heir to an immense property in Germany.

His greeting of F. J. Magerstadt, of whom he bought furniture to furnish flats for two of his wives, was effusive as ever, and he listened to Magerstadt's recital as if it were a pleasing reminiscence. But when the furniture dealer said that he had known Hoch since 1892 he was gently corrected by the latter.

"Begging your pardon, but you're wrong," Hoch assured him. "It was 1895 when you first met me, and a little later you had me arrested and said I sold mortgaged furniture."

The prisoner showed accurate knowledge of all names and dates which were mentioned, and many times during the evening he corrected the statements of those who were "interviewed." He admitted having served altogether two years and four months in the bridewell, in two separate sentences, and smiled an affirmative when the inspector asked him about his experience in Wheeling, W. Va., when he sought to escape by leaving his clothes on the river bank to give the impression that he had been drowned.

One Wife Causes a Scene.

Mrs. Emilia Fischer-Hoch created a scene when she was brought in.

"You dirty dog," she cried, shaking her fist at her recreant "husband." "You are the man what swindled me out of $750." Hoch did not answer.

A Mrs. Ellen Hoppe, who said she lived at 333 Milwaukee avenue, appeared at the station and declared she was one of the "Mrs. Hochs." When taken into the office, she said Hoch was not the man who deserted her in 1900.

After the women had left, Hoch was questioned more closely about his matrimonial misadventures, and, without breaking down "or losing control of himself, he caused a sensation among those present at the proceeding by declaring calmly that he had married nine women, four of whom are dead.

It was near midnight when the questioning was stopped to allow the prisoner to eat his long delayed supper. He had eaten nothing since noon, and he munched a steak and drank two bottles of beer with evident relish. When he had finished the questioning was resumed.

Olson Tells of Confession.

"Hoch admitted," said Mr. Olson, "in my presence that he had married nine women. When the question, 'Did you marry this woman or that woman?' was put to him he would calmly answer 'yes' or nod his head in the affirmative.

"When he was questioned about the poisons, he emphatically denied he had poisoned any woman.

"'What did all these women you married die from?' was asked of him. He chuckled and replied:

"'Kidney trouble, I suppose. Ask the doctors that attended them. They know better than I do.'"

Marie Welker Hoch Inquest.

The inquest over the body of Mrs. Marie Welker Hoch was begun at 2 o'clock at the East Chicago avenue police station. Assistant State's Attorney Thomas J. Healy appeared at the inquest, and assisted in the examination of witnesses.

Mrs. Bertha Sahn, 423 Sedgwick street, sister of the dead woman, was the first witness. She said her sister was born in Breasen, West Prussia, forty-six years ago.

"Dec. 8, 1904, four days before my sister was married to Hoch, she noticed an advertisement in a German paper," said the witness. "The advertisement stated Hoch had $8,000, and wanted to meet a woman without children, with matrimonial intentions. My sister became interested at once, and asked me to answer the advertisement for her. I did so.

"The letter was written on Saturday, and was immediately answered by Hoch. The following Tuesday afternoon he called at my sister's store, 12 Willow street, and they had a long talk, in which he suggested matrimony. The next day my sister told me Hoch seemed to be in love with her and wanted to marry her. He said he owned a house at 6430 Union avenue.

Decides to Marry Hoch.

"My sister seemed fascinated by Hoch and they were married on Dec. 12, 1904. Up to that time my sister always had been strong and healthy. Hoch took her to live at 6430 Union avenue. The next Tuesday Hoch called on me and said my sister was feeling bad.

"The next day I received a letter from Hoch telling me that his wife was still ill and asked me to come out and nurse her. I went there immediately. I noticed some little white powders on a table and asked Hoch what they were. He replied that they were medicine for Marie. I suggested she be taken to my house, but he said no, she did not want to leave him. He frequently went to the kitchen and prepared a mixture that looked like soap suds, which he administered.

Gave His Wife Drug.

"He also gave her some little white pills, which caused severe pains in her back. She vomited every time she took those pills. Hoch said that she just had a cold and would be all right in a few days.

"The next time I called she was seriously ill, and I insisted upon having a doctor and a nurse. Hoch said that he hoped for the best.

"The next day Dr. Joseph Reese was called and a trained nurse was summoned to care for her," the witness continued. "She gradually grew worse until Jan. 12, when she died."

The examination of the first witness called occupied the entire afternoon. The inquest will be continued at 10 o'clock this morning in the grand jury room, Criminal Court building.

OCCULT STUDIES DRIVE TO SUICIDE

Poring Over Persian Philosophy Blamed for Death of Miss Wakley.

VICTIM OF QUEER MANIA.

Books with Marked Passages Indicate Trend of the Young Woman's Mind.

There is an external world having a pure atmosphere, spacious areas, and pleasant seas, flowing rivers, gardens, orchards, and palaces, lofty skies, and shining stars, all beautiful and delightful—why dost thou remain in this gloomy and malodorous world?—Writings of Beha Ullah.

Marked and stained by frequent reading, this extract from the writings of Beha Ullah was found yesterday to have been among the last things read by Miss Frances Wakley, 6300 Lowe avenue, before she built the fire that carried her to the land of her visions.

Religious study, insufficient nourishment, and worry over her poverty now are known to have been the joint causes that resulted in the girl's insanity and her fatal act of Wednesday morning.

Devotes Life to Study of Occult.

For several months Miss Wakley had been a deep student of the religion founded by the Persian Bab and by successors, Beha Ullah and Abbas Effendi, in 1817. The life and teachings of the latter was her favorite study. She believed he was the Christ, and that he was on earth. It also is asserted by her friends that she was a member of a society which believed the millennium soon to come.

In her study of the Persian religion Miss Wakley was associated with several Englewood women, who frequently met for afternoon teas and discussed the works of the orient prophet. Her mother often remonstrated with her, because she neglected her needlework for study of the occult.

"Never mind, mother," she would say, "Abbas will take care of us now."

When the young woman was being taken to the hospital in a dying condition and the Rev. Charles H. Young asked her why she had burned herself she said;

"I have done it to save you. Abbas commanded it."

Favorite Passages Are Marked.

The book contained many other marked passages, and such as these revealed what the girl's mind was feeding upon:

The world and all its myriads of forms exist only for the purpose of producing by evolutionary growth centers of consciousness, intelligence, and emotion, which may reach up to and unite with this ray from God and soul of man.

The servants of God cannot reach the shore of the ocean of knowledge unless they cut themselves free from all that is created in heaven or earth. Purify your souls, O men of the earth.

The world of existence has two estates: the one is the unconditioned, the absolute, the divine; the other is that of submission to God.

This is a world of blindness, deafness, nothingness; the other is a world of seeing, hearing, reality. This is a world of death, that of life. The bird which has known the flower garden will not wish to be confined to the cage. I hope to meet you all in heaven, where there will be less to disturb and hinder.

Friend Tells of Girl's Studies.

Mrs. Minnie Davies, 5847 La Salle street, who has been accused by Mrs. Wakley, the dead girl's paralyzed mother, of obtaining a great influence over her daughter and leading her to these mysterious studies, last night told of her relations with Miss Wakley.

"In the first place, I want to say that I am not a believer in the religion of Beha Ullah," said Mrs. Davies. "I have read the books, but only from curiosity, and I have not taken Miss Wakley to these meetings more than twice. Then she practically forced herself on my company. I have known them seven or eight years. The girl never was a graduate of a university.

"She once had a restaurant at Fifty-fifth and Halsted streets."

The Rev. P. L. Virden, who also resides at 6300 Lowe avenue, said he believed Miss Wakley attended the meetings of the Society of the Millenial Dawn, which meets every Sunday evening at 26 Van Buren street.

Find Her "Insane Over Religion."

The coroner's jury in the morning returned a verdict of "suicide while insane over religion." Mrs. H. M. Kelly, with whom Miss Wakley and her mother lived, was the only witness.

The mother is left entirely destitute. Gov. Deneen, whose wife Miss Wakley often sewed for, will be appealed to to place her in a charitable institution.

SAY THEY DID NOT "MUTINY."

St. James' Methodist Church Cadets Who Quit Make a "Statement" Through Their Captain.

The thirty "cadets" of the St. James' Methodist Episcopal church who severed their connection with the church last Wednesday made a "statement" yesterday through their captain, Thomas Blainey.

"It was this way," said Blainey. "There'z been an insurance organization that's been trying to get us away from the church for a good time and it made us such a good offer in the way of a drill hall that we couldn't resist it. We only joined the church as a business proposition, anyway."

Blainey said the cadets had not "mutinied." They only had insisted on taking their rifles away with them, and then the police had been summoned by one of the church officials.

SAYS "RUSKIN" WILL BE SAVED.

President Miller of University Announces Reorganization Plan by Means of a New Company.

By a reorganization plan, arranged yesterday, President George McA. Miller of Ruskin university, Glen Ellyn, said the financial difficulties of the institution and the twenty-four students attending it soon would be surmounted. Mr. Miller announced the formation of a company to take over the property. The students will give a concert next Thursday evening to raise money to provide more food than they are getting on the present 15 cents a day basis.

RISKS LIFE WITH RUNAWAY.

Policeman Clarence Van Dusen Stops Horse Which Knocked Down and Injured Frank Lane.

At the risk of his life yesterday afternoon Policeman Clarence Van Dusen stopped a runaway horse at Randolph and La Salle streets, which knocked down Frank Lane, 64 years old, 1129 Wellington street. The animal, which was attached to an express wagon, was left standing in front of the Sherman house, and was frightened by a piece of paper which was blown in front of it. Lane was severely injured.

TELL OF DETECTIVE'S MISDEEDS

More Witnesses Testify Before the Police Trial Board Against Clifton R. Wooldridge.

The trial board heard more evidence yesterday of the alleged misconduct of Detective Clifton R. Wooldridge. The testimony of Attorney John G. Campbell, at whose instance the Chicago Bar association has preferred charges, was corroborated by Miss Marian Parker, Mrs. E. A. Kuehmstaedt, and V. Goldberg. The latter told of alleged mistreatment by the police that supported the testimony of Campbell, as related on Wednesday.

PNEUMONIA AND GRIP FOLLOW THE SNOW.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE prevents Pneumonia and Grip. Call for the full name and look for the signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

Occult Studies End in Suicide.

MISS FRANCES WAKLEY.

DRIVERS CALL OFF STRIKE

LUMBER TEAMSTERS ARBITRATE AND SETTLE WITH EMPLOYERS.

In Sixty Yards 600 Men Will Return to Work This Morning After Eleven Days' Idleness—City Clerk Bender Brings Parties Together and Adjustment Is Reached with Mutual Concessions—Federation of Labor Drafting Anti-Bribe Law.

The strike of the lumber drivers declared against the lumbermen's association eleven days ago was brought to a sudden end last night. This morning 600 teamsters will return to work, and industry which has been suspended in more than sixty big lumber yards will be resumed.

Through the intercession of City Clerk Fred C. Bender the employers and the men were brought together yesterday afternoon and an arbitration board was chosen. Edward Hines, president of the lumbermen's association, and President Cornelius Shea of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters represented the two disputing interests, while Mr. Bender served as umpire.

Concessions on Both Sides.

Concessions were made by both sides. The teamsters were granted the additional 50 cents a week in wages, which they demanded, and hereafter drivers of double teams will receive $14, instead of $13.50. The pay of drivers of single teams was fixed at $12. All strikers are to be reinstated. The employers obtained certain advantages regarding working conditions which they had asked.

Satisfaction was expressed by union officials and representatives of the Lumbermen's association over the terms of settlement. A statement issued after the signing of the agreement indicated harmony prevailed.

When the teamsters' strike was called 900 men went out. Those employed by box and shaving manufacturing firms returned to work last Friday, after the employers had signed the agreements asked by the union.

Want Labor Bribe Law.

With the idea of shielding labor leaders from suspicion during strikes or other labor troubles, the Chicago Federation of Labor is drafting a law to be presented to the legislature which will make it a penal offense to offer a union agent a bribe. The bill will be offered for ratification at the next meeting of the federation, one week from Sunday, and will be introduced, it is expected, at the present session of the legislature.

Bribe rumors yesterday in connection with the lumber teamsters' strike aroused the labor leaders to action. Stories were told of money having been solicited by officials of the Teamsters' union as the price of settling the strike, while counter reports were to the effect that representatives of the Lumbermen's association offered a bribe for the same purpose. Edward Hines, president of the employers' body, and Secretary Abels of the union denied the stories.

The proposed measure is to follow that enacted in New York last year, following the trial of Samuel E. Parks.

Garment Workers in Court.

Two hundred striking garment workers crowded Judge Brentano's courtroom yesterday afternoon and listened to the plea of their attorney, Jacob C. Le Bosky, that the court dissolve the injunction restraining them from bringing suits against eight members of the Wholesale Tailors' association. Le Bosky declared the workers within the law, and maintained that the court had no power to restrain them. The suits were brought for the collection of wages alleged to be due from Nov. 17 to Jan. 7, although the garment workers were then and are still on strike. The hearing was continued to this morning.

POLICE CALLED IN LABOR ROW.

Find Nonunion Teamster Threatened by Crowd at Fritts Manufacturing Company Plant.

In answer to a call from the Fritts Manufacturing company, 111-113 North Wood street, police from the Lake Street station went to the plant last night, to find more than a dozen men threatening Joseph Severns, a nonunion teamster. An attempt had been made to enter the rear of the factory, and several windows had been broken. Joseph Schultz was arrested.

TWO MEN ARRESTED IN VAULT.

"Jack" Barry Avoids Trouble When the Gambling Detail Arrives and Opens Doors of Big Safe.

When Detective William Schubert of the gambling detail entered "Jack" Barry's office, room 403, 167 Dearborn street, with a search warrant yesterday, Barry was ready to capitulate. The detective demanded the vault be opened.

"All right, Schubert. I had better open it and avoid the unpleasant newspaper notoriety that jars on my nerves," Barry replied.

Unlocking the outer door, he gave a signal on the second door; it opened at once and two men stepped from the vault. Barry was charged with operating a handbook, while J. Rollins, Harry Wilson, and H. Randall were charged with being inmates.

ACCUSED OF ATTACKING GIRL.

Three Men Are Arrested as Result of Incident in Saloon at 214 Wells Street.

Arthur McMurray, Charles Barrett, and Nicholas Busch were arrested last evening, charged with having attacked Nora Sherrill, 16 years old, in Busch's saloon at 214 Wells street Wednesday night. Annie Munson, 18 years old, a companion of the girl, fled from the place and reported the case to the police.

Buena Park Residents Elect Officers.

The Buena Park Citizens' association met last night and elected W. P. Sterns president; John H. Logeman, secretary; and Louis Wolf, treasurer.

AMERICAN AUTOS INVADE EUROPE.

Big Show at Coliseum Gives Encouragement to the Manufacturers.

FIND NEW FIELD ABROAD.

Plan Now to Compete with the Foreign Makers in Their Own Territory.

It was predicted yesterday at the Coliseum automobile exhibition that the American motor car would make big inroads in the European trade on its own ground in the next two years, especially in France and Germany.

Many of the larger firms, not satisfied with unprecedented business in the United States, have engaged foreign agents, men who have had years of experience on the continent in selling American bicycles. Sigmund Krauss, foreign agent for the H. H. Franklin Manufacturing company of Syracuse, N. Y., will send within the next month a dozen motor cars to France and Germany to demonstrate the efficiency of the air cooled motor.

Air Cooled Motor Stands the Test.

"The superiority of the American motor car over those of European manufacture soon will be demonstrated in continental roads," said Mr. Krauss yesterday.

"Nine years ago France gave up trying to manufacture a successful air cooled motor and said that nothing but a water cooled motor would answer all requirements. The Franklin company with its four cylinder flange type, air cooled motor has shown the world what can be accomplished in this direction, especially on the trip across the continent from San Francisco to New York last year in an ordinary ten horse power runabout. The journey was made over all kinds of roads—through the American desert, where an atmosphere at times of 115 degrees demonstrated that the claim that the air cooled motor would not answer during excessive heat, and through almost impassable mountainous districts.

"The Franklin company is going to send a dozen motor cars to France, Germany, and other European countries and several to Australia. The popularity of the air cooled motor is indicated by the fact that, whereas there was but one imitation of it at last year's show, there are eight or ten this year."

Demand Is for Trucks.

There has been a large demand at the Coliseum this week for trucks and other commercial vehicles. Richard Bacon Jr. of the Studebaker Bros.' company said yesterday that if all the business materialized that was in sight his firm would be obliged to double its truck factory's capacity.

"The Studebakers," he said, "have been making trucks for fifty years, and make it a point to manufacture vehicles in the automobile line that can be repaired by the ordinary blacksmith. I am not saying that they require much repair. A Studebaker truck has been in constant use in Louisville for the last year and a half and during that time has required an expenditure of only $14 in repairs."

The Studebakers this week have sold several electric trucks to brewers. The advantage in electrically hauled beer is found in the fact that it is possible to accommodate customers in the heated months without keeping on hand at large expense an extra number of horses.

WOMAN HELD UP IN STORE: BEATEN AND ROBBED OF $13.

Neighbors See Attack on Mrs. L. Koplan, 117 Johnson Street, but Are Afraid to Go to Her Assistance.

Confronted by a thief displaying a revolver and demanding her money, Mrs. L. Koplan refused to submit and seized the man, to whom she clung, screaming for assistance. The attack occurred in a store conducted by the woman at 117 Johnson street last night. The woman's cries were heard by half a dozen neighbors, who ran to the place, but were afraid to enter. Before the police arrived the man had beaten the woman on the head, stunning her. Seizing $13 from the till, he escaped. The woman declared the man was a negro, while several children who watched the struggle said his face had been smeared with soot or dirt.

Small Boy Admits Theft.—Declared by the police to be one of the youngest pocketbook snatchers ever arraigned in the Harrison street police station, James McDonald, 10 years old, was given a hearing in the morning before Justice Caverly. He admitted the theft, but was released when his aunt, Mrs. Mary Fay, 38 Walnut street, promised to take charge of him.

Holdup in Afternoon.—In broad daylight in the afternoon two men robbed John Craft, 429 State street, of $5 at Sangamon and Lake streets. Craft was standing in a doorway, waiting for a street car, he said, when two men shoved him into the hallway. One of them struck him in the face while the other searched him and took his money.

Thieves Enter Two Houses.—Burglars entered the residence of H. Homer, 1004 Flournoy street, early in the morning. They stole clothing valued at $50. Other thieves broke into the house of Dr. F. E. Deadman, 2073 Fillmore avenue, but were frightened away before they could secure much booty.

Wagon Robbed Downstown.—Four phonographs, valued at $225, were stolen from A. M. Gordon's wagon at State and Madison streets while he was in a neighboring office building in the afternoon. Gordon, who lives at 211 Center avenue, did not discover the theft until he arrived home.

Michigan Avenue Holdup.—Three armed robbers stopped F. E. Krug, 4042 Michigan avenue, at Fortieth street and Michigan avenue in the evening and robbed him of a gold watch valued at $50 and a small sum of money.

DIVES INTO RIVER IN VAIN.

Owen Dalrymple Plunges Into Stream Twice Trying to Save Man, Who Drowns Before Reached.

In an effort to save a man who had fallen into the river from a dock, Owen W. Dalrymple, an ironworker, on the Rush street bridge, dived into the cold stream twice yesterday. The man was dead when Dalrymple at last reached him. The body, which was not identified, was taken to undertaking rooms at 226 North Clark street.

GERMAN PROFESSORS TO COME.

In Return Harvard University Will Send Its Lecturers to the European Country.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 9.—The negotiations between Harvard university and the Prussian ministry of education for the interchange of professors, as suggested by Emperor William, practically have been completed.

GUNBOAT NEWPORT IN SAFETY.

Sighted Twelve Miles from Cape Henry at Anchor, Waiting for a Government Tug.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 9.—The British steamship Impa reports the United States gunboat Newport, twelve miles east by south off Cape Henry. It now is at anchor waiting for a government tug.

"Missing" Man Returns to His Home.

After being reported to the police as missing, Rodney K. Pratt, capitalist and real estate dealer, returned last night to his residence in the Arizona apartments, Lake avenue and Forty-second place. He had gone on Wednesday on a business trip to Milwaukee, but omitted telling his wife, who became alarmed.

VAST WEALTH HELD MYTH

W. A. LOWELL'S "MILLIONAIRE" ASSOCIATES ATTACKED.

Walter M. Cowell, Fellow Defendant Who Pleaded Guilty, Explains the Affidavits Spread Broadcast by Alleged "Wildcat" Insurance Men—Says Friends Signed Them All, Having Been Given Worthless Securities as "Assets."

The prosecution in the case of Wallace A. Lowell, alleged "wildcat" insurance man, surprised the defense yesterday afternoon when it secured the introduction of a number of affidavits used by Lowell, it is charged, in promoting his different concerns. In the morning the defense had received its first shock when Walter M. Cowell, indicted with Lowell, pleaded guilty and became the state's witness. Cowell explained that ten or twelve affidavits had been secured from friends of Lowell and himself in which the friends, he declared, swore that they had certain properties and stocks, etc., greatly inflating the value of the properties, stocks, etc., to make them appear large. These affidavits were widely circulated, he said.

Those introduced in court in the afternoon were signed by the following:

Thomas M. Bell,	Joseph Perching,
George N. Ellis,	Fred G. Babcock,
Walter H. Cooper,	Burt W. Pierson.
Frank W. Bodle,	

The affidavits were to the effect the signers were wealthy owners of stocks and thousands of acres of improved and unimproved lands. One affidavit set forth that the signer was worth millions of dollars and others modestly mentioned that they were worth $100,000 or more.

Declares Affidavits a Fraud.

In his preliminary testimony Cowell said the affidavits were a fraud, but he was not permitted to express his opinion as to each affidavit.

One of the affants described his land as being in Virginia, covered with valuable hardwood timber and free from incumbrance. Cowell said the title to this land was based on an old patent issued by the government 100 years ago, and that it is now occupied by squatters, who hold it by virtue of occupancy. The title, he said, was hopelessly clouded.

Similar evidence was given in connection with titles describing other affants.

Perching sets forth in his affidavit that he is the owner of 92,168 acres in Stone county, Mo., and on the banks of the White river. He states that it is desirable fruit and timber land and worth from $5 to $10 an acre.

This title, Cowell testified, was based on an old Spanish grant.

Bell Worth Only a Million.

Bell in his affidavit to establish the credit of the company states he is a member of the "United Fire Underwriters' association "and that he is worth at least $1,000,000. He sets forth he has 236 residence lots in a suburb of New Orleans valued at $500 each; 200 residence lots in Omaha, valued at $250 each; 100 acres in South Dakota, worth $50 an acre; farm lands in Michigan, worth $35,000; farm lands in Missiouri to the extent of 40,000 acres, valued at $5 an acre, as well as other property.

Ellis, after the usual preliminary announcement, swears he is also president of the People's Insurance company and that he has 600,000 acres of land in West Virginia, at a total value of $1,000,000.

Assistant State's Attorney Fake brought out the statement from Cowell the titles had been in the name of a man named Richardson.

Being questioned concerning Ellis Cowell was asked where Ellis had his office.

"In his hat," replied the witness.

"Did he have any assets?"

"None except what I turned over to him."

"Do you know of any policyholders who lost money as a result of dealings with the company operated by Lowell and yourself?"

"Yes, sir." About twenty-five or thirty in Chicago is as near as I can recollect."

"Can you tell if any losses were paid at all?"

"Only what Lowell told me. He also told me some losses had not been paid because there was no money in the treasury."

Given Worthless Securities.

The witness stated the securities consisted of worthless deeds and titles presented to the affants for the sole purpose of making the issuance of the affidavits possible.

Cowell said it was with the aid of the circulars containing the reproductions of the affidavits that Thomas Jackson, one of the complainants, was induced to take out a policy. Other customers, he said, were secured in the same manner. He said it was Lowell who suggested that the worthless securities be used to secure credit. He drew up the affidavits, he said, at Lowell's request and turned them over to Lowell.

Judge McEwen questioned Cowell for a time. Today he will be cross examined by counsel for Lowell.

IS FOR SEPARATE SCHOOLS FOR THE BOYS AND GIRLS.

Principal Charles Bartholf Tells the Mothers' Council That the Present System Is Full of Defects.

Declaring that the public school of today in many ways falls short of performing its whole duty, Charles Bartholf, the Goethe principal, in speaking before the West End Mothers' council, last night advocated the erection of separate high schools for boys and girls. He asserted also that between the fifth and eighth grades there should be segregation.

The principal's declarations were loudly applauded by parents of school children residing in all sections of the west side, who met under the auspices of the mothers' council to discuss school questions.

"Above the eighth grade boys and girls should be educated in separate schools," declared Principal Bartholf, "because there should be far more in their education that is different than there is that is common. The boys should spend the afternoon in the laboratory, the drafting room, the shop, the gymnasium, the drillroom, or on the playground; and the girls should put in their afternoons in the school kitchen, sewing rooms, drawing room, laboratory, gymnasium, and playground. Their morning work should differ in some particulars. The girls' study of physiology might well run into some of the subjects that have attracted the attention of this mothers' council."

Mrs. Edgar Hall approved the principal's declarations.

"I believe girls and boys between the ages of 13 and 18 should be segregated," she said.

Principal L. J. Block of the Marshall High school assailed high school fraternities and sororities. He declared they developed snobbishness and often led boys into bad habits.

Mrs. Samuel Sailer, at whose residence, 1645 West Adams street, the meeting was held, called upon the parents of high school pupils to band together for the purpose of stamping out the secret societies.

MISS CIPRIANI IN CHICAGO.

University Instructor Who Was Engaged to Professor Returns Before Leave of Absence Expires.

Miss Lisi Cipriani, the young Italian woman who was promoted last spring to the position of instructor in the University of Chicago, and immediately afterward was granted a two years' leave of absence on full pay, with the purpose of allowing her to do research work in her own country, has returned to Chicago. She is staying at 5751 Madison avenue, near the university campus.

At the time of her departure it was rumored she never was to return. The faculty, according to one of its members, did not approve of her engagement to Prof. John Matthews Manly, the head of the English department, and wished to break it off.

Prof. Manly yesterday denied there had been any intention on the part of the faculty to banish his former fiancée. He said he did not know why Miss Cipriani had returned.

Forgotten Dynamite Kills Two.

By an explosion of hidden dynamite at Lockport yesterday John Lynch and Michael Mack were killed and Michael Zara was seriously injured. The men were working on a retaining wall.

MOYNIHAN HITS BACK AT LEAGUE.

Alderman Makes Answer to Criticism of Municipal Voters' Organization.

TELLS 'WHAT HE THINKS.'

Says George Sikes Has "a Dog's Job, Not a Man's," and Defends Own Acts.

It was Ald. P. H. Moynihan of the Eighth ward who had things to say about the Municipal Voters' league yesterday. He also made a few remarks in no way complimentary to George Sikes, the league's representative in the city hall. The outburst was unexpected; it came out of a clear sky and when it was over neither Mr. Sikes nor the listening aldermen had anything to say, so surprised were they.

Ald. Moynihan is ordinarily a quiet, self-contained man. He has little to say either in the council chamber or in committee meetings, and goes about his business without attracting much attention. He is up for re-election next spring, and in its recent report the voters' league had some unkind things to say of him. The gravest charge was he had been active in pressing the ordinance for the United Telephone company, which it was generally understood was a cloak for an extension of the franchise of the Chicago Telephone company.

Ald. Moynihan is a member of the committee on gas, oil, and electric light, and was with it yesterday when Mr. Sikes strolled into the room. He listened to the proceedings of the committee, which were going on in a routine way, without any one seeming to pay any attention to him, and at length turned to go out.

Moynihan Stirs Things Up.

"Hold on!" shouted Ald. Moynihan. "You stay where you are," and then turning to Ald. Dever he remarked, "I have a word to say on a question of personal privilege."

"All right," said Ald. Dever. "What is it?" Then it was Ald. Moynihan began.

"I want to tell you," he said, pointing his finger at Mr. Sikes, "you have a job no gentleman would hold for a moment. It is a place for a dog, not for a man who has any respect for himself."

Sikes' face turned red and he looked astounded, but said nothing, while Ald. Sitts started in to act as peacemaker. He remonstrated, saying the remarks were out of order, but Ald. Moynihan would not listen to him, and the other aldermen either would not interfere or did not see how they could.

"I want to tell you what I think of this Municipal Voters' league of yours," went on Ald. Moynihan, still addressing Sikes. "It is composed of two or three self-appointed men, who pretend to tell the aldermen of this city how they shall vote and the people whom they shall elect as aldermen.

"It might as well be understood now I do not intend to do as these self-constituted judges tell me I must, nor do I hold myself accountable to them for anything I may do. The only people whom I recognize as having the right to tell me what I shall do and how I shall vote are the people of the Eighth ward, who sent me to the council and to whom I am responsible.

"Dog's, Not a Man's Job."

"As long as they approve of my course at the city hall I am under no obligations to report to any one else, especially to people like those you work for, who of their own motion set themselves up as the censors of the city council. If you had any self-respect you would not work for them or do the work they are asking of you. It is a dog's, not a man's, job.

"As for the league's criticism of me; it has said I voted for this telephone ordinance. Of course I did. This ordinance would have given my ward a cheaper and better service. The people all wanted it, and when I voted for it I did as they wanted me to, and they are the people I am answering to and not your Municipal Voters' league. It was a good enough ordinance to get the support of Ald. Mavor and the league never blamed him for voting for it.

"The league also has said I have delayed legislation. Perhaps I have. If I have, however, it has only been to assure myself a measure was a fit and proper one before I voted for it, and if in so doing I have offended people who were trying to rush bad measures through, I cannot help it."

When Ald. Moynihan finished there was a dead silence for a time. Every alderman looked at the floor or out the windows without saying a word. Finally Mr. Sikes walked out of the room, and then the business of the committee was resumed.

INGA HANSON TRIAL NEAR END.

Attorney Patrick Carey Begins Closing Argument for Defense in the Perjury Case.

Attorney Patrick Carey began his closing argument for the defense yesterday in the trial of Inga Hanson, charged with perjury, in Judge Kersten's court. He laid especial stress on the evidence given by Attorney Francis Walker, once counsel for Miss Hanson.

"Walker told of going to the Sherman house to satisfy himself that she was blind and paralyzed before he decided to accept her case," said the lawyer. "He experimented by holding a lighted cigaret against her left arm, but her eyes never moved and she showed no signs of pain. The witness said he repeated the experiment half a dozen times, and then became so convinced of Miss Hanson's condition that he immediately accepted her case."

Attorney Parker preceded Carey, and was severe in his denunciations of the private detectives, lawyers, witnesses, and every one connected with the prosecution. He wept as he pictured Miss Hanson nursing and caring for Sam Harris, a private detective, in New York, who had been assigned to spy on her and her movements from the time she left Richmond, Va.

The case is expected to go to the jury today.

BLOW TO OUTER BELT PARKS.

Council Finance Committee Decides the Commission Is Not Entitled to Any Aid from the City.

The council finance committee decided yesterday that the outer belt park commission cannot expect financial aid from the city. An appropriation of $2,000, which was asked, was refused.

When the request went to the committee on Wednesday, Mayor Harrison declared that it did not appear just to give money to an outside commission when the body created by the city for the same purpose is in need of funds.

The mayor told the aldermen that the outer belt commission has the same plans as the special park commission, and that the latter could take charge of the city's needs.

COLD WAVE DUE IN CHICAGO.

Weather Forecaster Declares a Drop in the Temperature Today Is on the Program.

According to the weather forecaster, a cold wave is due in Chicago this morning, and will make at least a twenty-four hours' stay.

It was declared that zero weather will be reached in the morning, and only a slight rise in the temperature during the day is expected.

The minimum temperature for Chicago yesterday was 20 degrees above zero at midnight. The maximum for the day was 28 degrees at 2:30 p. m. The snowfall was .9 inch.

Steal Wagonload of Coats.

A wagonload of women's coats was stolen last night from the factory of Sidney B. Cohen, 225 Jackson boulevard. The vehicle was found empty on the west side. The garments were valued at $1,000.

59th Annual Statement of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, Of Hartford, Conn.

NET ASSETS, January 1, 1904, $63,211,626.29

RECEIVED IN 1904.

For Premiums,	$5,411,277.44
For Interest and Rents,	2,958,582.05
	8,369,859.49
	$72,581,485.78

DISBURSED IN 1904.

For claims by death, matured endowments, and annuities,	$3,430,800.32
Surplus returned to policy-holders,	1,181,427.43
Lapsed and Surrendered Policies,	652,367.07
Total to Policy-holders,	$7,254,594.82
Commissions to Agents, Salaries, Medical Examiners' Fees, Printing, Advertising, Legal, Real Estate, all other Expenses,	1,000,850.29
Taxes,	387,278.47
Profit and Loss,	37,409.10
	8,680,132.68
Balance Net Assets, Dec. 31, 1904,	$63,901,353.10

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS.

Loans upon Real Estate, first lien,	$24,702,940.10
Loans upon Stocks and Bonds,	30,000.00
Loans upon Policies of This Company,	776,809.00
Premium Notes on Policies in force,	813,026.38
Cost of Home Office Property,	1,916,220.00
Cost of Real Estate owned by Company,	8,078,366.07
Cost of Bonds,	24,604,033.79
Cost of Bank and Railroad Stocks,	870,076.26
Cash in Banks,	1,158,761.70
Bills receivable,	350.00
Agents' Debit Balances,	603.31
	$63,901,376.30
ADD	
Interest due and accrued	$912,897.01
Rents due and accrued,	14,811.92
Market value of stocks and bonds over cost,	1,009,301.90
Net uncollected and deferred premiums,	368,038.81
	$2,304,849.63
Less Bills Receivable and Agents' Debit Balances,	603.90
	$2,304,245.73
Admitted Assets, December 31, 1904,	$65,205,621.33

LIABILITIES:

Amount required to reinsure all outstanding Policies, net,	
Company's standard,	$58,229,305.00
All other liabilities,	2,166,859.80
	$60,396,164.80
SURPLUS,	$4,809,456.53
Ratio of expenses of management to receipts in 1904,	11.96 per cent.
Policies in force Dec. 31, 1904, 70,454, insuring,	$167,167,813.00

JACOB L. GREENE, President
JOHN M. TAYLOR, Vice-Pres.
HERBERT H. WHITE, Secretary.
DANIEL H. WELLS, Actuary.

W. P. Crenshaw, General Agent, 414 Monadnock Block, Chicago, Ill.

ONE DOLLAR HUMOR CURE

Complete local and constitutional treatment for every humour, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse, Cuticura Ointment to heal, and Cuticura Pills to cool the blood, may now be had of all druggists for One Dollar. A single set is often sufficient to cure.

The Set $1.00

An Unequaled Offer
A Set of Our Famous $8 Faise TEETH $6.00
EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty. Gold and silver filling at one-half regular prices. See Clerk at Room 1.
McCHESNEY BROS.
Phone Cent. 2047. Open until 10 p. m.

59th
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of the
cticut Mutual
surance Company,
Hartford, Conn.

January 1, 1904, $63,211,528.29
CEIVED IN 1904.
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EDULE OF ASSETS.
l Estate, first lien, . $24,752,948.06
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on Policies in force, 312,020.08
ffice Property, . . . 1,916,226.99
tate owned by Com-
. . . . . 8,678,502.03
d Railroad Stocks, . 24,856,039.78
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Balances, ... 227.54
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GREENE, President.
TAYLOR, Vice-Prest.
H. WHITE, Secretary.
H. WELLS, Actuary.
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Monadnock Block,
Chicago, Ill.

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MOR CURE
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TICURA SOAP
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Our Famous $8 Faise
EETH
$6.00
TION AND CONSULTATION FREE.
Bridge Work a Specialty.
er filling at one-half regular price.
SNEY BROS. Cor. Clark &
Randolph-sts.
t. 2047. Open until 10 p. m.

ST ON THE BARS.
Solo
RYE
Rare Old Whiskey.
hful and pleasing stimu-
all occasions, because
mildness, rich, soft and
body.
BROS. COMPANY, Distillers.

THE HEIR TO MILLIONS.
hill Decides Arrest of Am-
cGregor Was Due to Mis-
taken Identity.
McGregor, the reputed nephew of
. McGregor of New York and
uncle's millions, was acquitted
n Judge Tuthi.. s court of the
robbing slot machines preferred
last November. It was decided
was due to mistaken identity.
died four years ago, leaving a
to his wife, now 68 years old.
nderstanding, according to the
t Ambrose McGregor eventually
the property.
I behaved myself, however,"
gor, after the trial. "Since I
I have received several letters
nt intimating that she was going
t me. Now that I have been
think she'll change her mind."
resides at 5023 Cottage Grove

STRIKE RENEWED IN ST. PETERSBURG

Employes Who Had Returned to Work Quit Again and Are Restless.

SOME SIGNS OF REFORM.

Maxim Gorky Undergoes Daily Inquisition on the Charge of High Treason.

BULLETIN.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Consul General Ifft cabled the state department today from St. Petersburg as follows:

"Laborers several principal works here striking again today. Military taking ample precautions."

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 10, 12:35 a. m.—Strikes in two more factories, one of which is a small concern employing only 300 hands, stopped work yesterday, and more of the employes of the Putiloff ironworks joined the strikers.

Most of the Putiloff works about one-third of the hands are said to have quit work at the expiration of the eight hour shift, quietly laying down their tools and walking out. Two other establishments are idle, but the report of a strike at the government munitions, with which the city was filled yesterday, are positively denied.

The manufacturers were again in session yesterday, but came to no definite conclusion regarding the questions in dispute. It is practically certain that the wages of unskilled labor, which are low, will be materially raised, thus satisfying a large mass of the men who are easily influenced by the agitators. Concessions of strike pay will probably also be made, the point to be decided being the extent of this allowance.

Many Promises of Reforms.

M. Witte's policy favoring the widest discussion of the reforms is giving the greatest satisfaction. It is understood that Privy Councilor Kobeko will summon a conference of citizens before proceeding to discuss press laws and the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg is convoking ministers of all creeds for the consideration by a special committee of the point in Emperor Nicholas' ukase dealing with religious toleration. This activity and energy displayed by M. Witte in forcing the whole question of reforms is disgusting the reactionaries.

Prince Meschersky, editor of the Grazhdanin of St. Petersburg, publishes an open letter to M. Witte in which he points out that while he has been given powers greater than those of a dictator, and beseeches him not to heed the clamor of the liberals and not to curtail the powers and scope of the semstvos, which he says is not demanded by the peasants and would serve only to increase the power of the irresponsible semstvo elements.

Gorky Well and Cheerful.

The friends of Maxime Gorky are assured that he is well and cheerful. The procurator of the Court of Appeals, who is conducting the investigation of the charges of high treason against Gorky, still refuses all permission to converse with the prisoner, as it is necessary in law to allow any one except relatives and counsel to visit political prisoners.

It was today a closed carriage, in which Gorky muffled in furs and attended by a gendarme, drove out of the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul and proceeded at a rapid pace to a lonely building beyond the Tauride palace three miles distant, where Gorky, Tarkhin and the three professors who were arrested with them are almost daily confronted and interrogated by the procurator's assistant, M. Gorky alighted and entered the building, where he remained several hours.

Says Prisoners Are Well Treated.

Gen. Gen. Ellis, commandant of the fortress, gave the fullest details of the treatment and accommodation of political prisoners.

"I am sorry," said the general, "that I cannot depart from the regulations and allow you to visit Gorky's cell; but no stranger is ever admitted to the Troubetzkoi bastion, which he is confined. This bastion contains forty cells, all above ground, roomy, well-lighted, well ventilated, and heated, with modern stoves. Each cell contains a lavatory, running water, and electric lights. It is true the floors are asphalted, but this is a necessary precaution.

"The prisoners consist of tea and bread in the morning, soup and meat at noon, and another dish of meat in the evening. A prisoner may have tea at any time. The government allows fifty cents daily, which is ample, owing to the simplicity of the food.

Cut Off from the World.

"The prisoners, indeed, are cut off from the whole world and unable to see or talk with each other. Despite precautions to prevent prisoners from writing, the guards constantly pick up scraps of paper with messages written upon them. This is the reason why Gorky is allowed books, but not writing materials.

"Absolute secrecy is still maintained regarding the exact nature of the charge against Gorky, but it is believed that it is an alleged attempt to induce troops to mutiny and to take up a revolt of workmen. It has not yet been decided whether he will be tried by a military or a civil court, but it is practically certain that the charges against him do not involve the death penalty.

STUDENTS AIDING IN REVOLT.

Refuse to Resume Their Studies and Declare They Will Take Up Arms if Necessary.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.—Nearly 150 university students have sent a letter to the rector refusing to resume their studies in accordance with the order of Governor General Trepoff. They declare they are determined to resist, with arms if necessary, the attempt of the police or soldiers to enter the university.

University at Odessa Closed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ODESSA, Feb. 9.—The university here has been closed, the council declaring it is impossible to continue under the present conditions. It is convinced that the student agitation will not cease until the students are assured that the fundamental reforms in the present system of government will be inaugurated.

GERMAN STRIKERS HOLD OUT.

Proceedings at Essen Denounce Leaders Who Vote to End the Strike as Traitors.

ESSEN, Feb. 9.—A convention of delegates representing the strikers of the entire Rhenish-Westphalian coal region adopted a resolution today to return to work at noon today, trusting the government to pass a law shortening the hours of labor. The operatives, however, will refuse to abide by the decision of meetings of miners held in the afternoon voted by a large majority to continue the strike. The operatives denounce the committee as traitors and assert it has been bribed by trust money.

Prince Who May Be King of Norway.

PRINCE CARL of SWEDEN and NORWAY

In connection with the crisis over Norway's consular representation, which threatens war between Norway and Sweden, the Norwegians themselves, through a number of public men, have suggested that if it comes to having a separate king for Norway they would like to have Prince Carl, third son of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway. Prince Carl is 44 years old. He is married to Princess Ingeborg of Denmark, and they have two children, both girls.

MORE STRIKERS ARE SHOT.

TROOPS FIRE EIGHT VOLLEYS INTO CROWD AT SOSNOVICE.

Number Killed Reported at from 15 to 50, with Many Others Wounded—One Hundred and Fifty Workmen Reported to Be Dead in an Encounter with the Military at the Nitka Mine, Beyond Modrseff—Employers to Pay Idle Hands.

BULLETIN.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

WARSAW, Feb. 9.—Gen. Tchertkoff, lately governor general of Warsaw, died tonight. One report is that he was poisoned by his cook. Another says he was wounded during the recent street fighting and that his leg had to be amputated several days ago. He is succeeded by Gen. Foulon.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—Fifteen persons were killed and thirty-five wounded in a fight between strikers and the troops at Sosnovice, in Russian Poland, according to newspaper dispatches received here.

One correspondent puts the number killed at fifty, saying that the troops fired eight volleys into the crowd.

There were two conflicts, one at the Katherinen Iron works, and the other at the electric power station.

The troops fired from the windows of the plants, wounding many persons.

Eight battalions of infantry, eight squadrons of cavalry, and one regiment of Cossacks are now in the town.

Another collision occurred at the Nifka mine, beyond Modrseff, where it is rumored 150 persons were killed.

A third collision occurred yesterday forenoon near Milovice, but this affair was bloodless.

COMPELLED TO PAY STRIKERS.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

LODZ, Feb. 9.—A majority of the mill owners paid off their workmen today. The most remarkable thing of this most remarkable strike is that the masters owed the men nothing, but three days' wages were given as an advance. The strike, therefore, is being kept going with the money of the men against whom the strike is directed.

Not all the mill owners, however, are willing to pay the strikers. At Baron Heintzel's mill, a threatening crowd assembled and demanded to see the proprietor. The officer in command of the troops ordered the crowd to disperse within ten minutes, otherwise he would use weapons.

When the time expired the crowd refused to move, and the officer ordered his men to load their rifles. The women rushed from the crowd, threw back their shawls to expose their breasts to the bullets, while a small boy produced a wooden crucifix bearing the words, "This is the only weapon we have."

Just as the soldiers were about to fire Baron Heintzel appeared, and, to prevent bloodshed, he paid each of his striking employes 4 rubles ($2).

Terrorism at Stelgert.

Terrorism also is at work at Stelgert, where one mill owner, employing 600 hands, refused to pay the strikers. Two hours later he received a visit from four strangers, who drew revolvers and threatened to kill him if he did not give his word of honor to pay his work people tomorrow morning. They warned him if he applied to the military he would be a dead man inside of four days. The men were not Lodz workmen, but probably emissaries of the revolutionary committee.

NOTES FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

GUAYAQUIL—The German cruiser Falke is expected to visit this port to protect German interests in event of the retirement of Peruvian and Ecuadorean troops from the disputed zone.

BREMEN—The North German Lloyd steamers reduced the emigrant rate to Galveston from $42.50 to $37.50 in order to divert the tide of emigration away from New York and Chicago.

LONDON—Queen Alexandra received at Buckingham palace the Rev. Wilson Carlile, head of the church army, and expressed best wishes for his work.

LONDON—Earl Spencer, liberal leader, denounced Chamberlain and Balfour's fiscal proposals, apropos of reopening of parliament on Feb. 14.

LONDON—Robert Marshall's new play, "The Lady of Leeds," produced by Charles Frohman, was not a success.

PARIS—The French armored cruiser Sully, ashore in Along bay, will be a complete loss.

Kenyon College Alumni Dine.

The annual banquet of the Kenyon college alumni was held at the University club last night. Forty members attended. F. W. Harwell was toastmaster. T. L. Junkin was elected president and W. C. Collins secretary and treasurer.

RUSSIA IS READY TO ASK FOR PEACE

(Continued from first page.)

fering from a malady taking the form of loss of will power. Coming from such an eminent physician, the opinion causes a sensation.

IS KOUROPATKIN OUT?

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—The Lokal Anzeiger says it learns that Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch will in a few days be sent to Manchuria either to relieve Gen. Kouropatkin or be viceroy, and that Kouropatkin will have to report to him.

JAPAN EXPECTS BATTLE SOON.

TOKIO, Feb. 9.—The impression prevails here that the impending battle between the armies of Field Marshal Oyama and Gen. Kouropatkin will occur before any material thaw takes place, which would render the movement of guns, ammunition, and stores impossible until the roads harden.

Vice President Takahasi of the Bank of Japan, will leave for America and England via Vancouver on Feb. 17 to hold preliminary conferences with financiers of those countries regarding terms of a fourth domestic loan.

The emperor and empress of Japan have given 100,000 yen ($40,000) to the army and navy departments, to purchase wines and delicacies for the celebration of the national holiday, which will take place on Saturday next, Feb. 11.

ITALY CALLS ON THE POWERS.

King Proposes an International Chamber of Agriculture to Collect Statistics on Crops.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Feb. 9.—The government, at the direction of Victor Emmanuel, has sent a circular note to the powers proposing the holding of a conference here next May to consider the establishment of an international chamber of agriculture. The king initiated the proposal in a letter to Prime Minister Giolitti, in which he said:

"David Lubin, a citizen of the United States, has explained to me with that warmth which comes from sincere conviction an idea which seemed to me to be of practical value, and which for that reason I recommend to the attention of the government."

Emmanuel called attention to certain disabilities of the agricultural classes of the world, and suggested:

"It would be highly beneficial to establish an international institution, absolutely unpolitical in its aims, which would have before it the conditions of agriculture in the different countries of the world, and notify all periodically regarding the quantity and quality of crops on hand, and so facilitate the production of such crops, render less costly a more rapid trade in the products, and make favorable settlement prices.

"This institution, acting in union with the various national associations already constituted for similar purposes, would furnish trustworthy information regarding the demand for and supply of agricultural labor in various parts of the world, and so provide emigrants with a safe and useful guide. It would promote those agreements necessary for collective defense against diseases of plants and domestic animals which cannot be fought successfully by partial action."

The king suggested that Rome would be a suitable seat for the institution.

SEPARATES CHURCH AND STATE

French Cabinet Introduces Bill in Parliament Severing All Relations with the Vatican.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The Rouvier ministry today presented in the chamber of deputies the draft of a new bill for the separation of church and state. The essential points of the new measure are:

First—Abolition of the concordat, whereby the relations of church and state were established.

Second—Termination of all government aid and subsidies to religious sects or functionaries.

Third—Formation of church associations into civil corporations amenable to the same laws as other organizations.

It is expected that the bill will be discussed and voted upon before the end of July.

St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Duluth.

Four fast through trains daily to St. Paul and Minneapolis, via the Northwestern Line, include the famous electric lighted Northwestern Limited, which for perfection of service is not anywhere excelled. To Superior and Duluth the new electric lighted and handsomely equipped Duluth-Superior Limited offers to patrons en route to the Head-of-the-Lakes the best of everything. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station. (Tel. Cent. 721.)

IROQUOIS CASES END SUMMARILY.

Judges Kersten and Green in Discharging Davis Make Broad Finding.

FLAW IN THE INDICTMENT

Doubt Whether the Responsibility Can Be Fixed on the Defendants.

In several thousand words of English, Judge Kersten and his colleague, Judge Green of Peoria, wrote "The End" yesterday to a year's effort by city and county officials to fix the responsibility for the Iroquois theater disaster.

In granting a motion to quash the indictment against Will J. Davis and setting the defendant at liberty, the local jurist declared that the indictment was so imperfect, technically, that "the best interests of the public" were served by summarily throwing it out of court.

The visiting judge, to whom a change of venue was granted for Noonan, the theater's treasurer, and Cummings, the stage carpenter, went further in his opinion, and destroyed the slight vestige of hope given the state's attorney's office that its charges were sound, "fundamentally."

Impossible to Frame Indictment.

In discussing this phase of the case, Judge Green made it plain that he did not consider it possible for the state's attorney's office to frame an indictment that would justify the conviction of Davis or Noonan or Cummings—or any other official of the theater.

"It does not seem to me," he said, "that the prosecution would be warranted in the conclusions it reaches in reference to the defendants so far as their duty is concerned—taking into consideration the provisions of the ordinance on which the indictment is based.

"In other words, the court, on reading the ordinance and construing it as favorably as he may on behalf of the pleader or the people, cannot reach the conclusion that the duties referred to in this indictment devolved on these defendants or either of them."

Holds Defendants Not Responsible.

Continuing, Judge Green denied the contention of the prosecution that failure on the part of the three defendants to provide adequate fire apparatus was the cause of the disaster, ignoring a precedent established by the New York Circuit court with reference to the Slocum disaster.

"I take it that this terrible fire is not attributable to the fact that such apparatus was not in the theater, but that there was a certain electric light close to the stage, and that set fire to the curtains.

"Inasmuch as there is no evidence that any of the defendants caused the light to be put there, and, the inference being that some one else placed it there, I take it that this fact alone is a fatal objection to the indictments. I will say to counsel that I don't believe an indictment could be framed that would stand in a court of this character."

In accordance with this opinion, Judge Green stated that on the appearance of Noonan and Cummings and their counsel in his court at Peoria, tomorrow he would follow the example set by Judge Kersten and quash the indictments against both these defendants.

Healy Hints at New Indictments.

Discussing the proposed redictment of all three defendants, State's Attorney Healy said he would be governed by a careful reading of the decisions of both judges.

"At the outset," he said, "it appears there are several errors in the present indictments that cannot be rectified, if the judges are right in their conclusions. However, it is one thing to draw an indictment that will 'stick' and another to prove the facts alleged in it.

"I won't say that the state's attorney's office will not ask for new indictments. It is possible that the grand jury that meets Feb. 20 will be asked to consider such action. It may take me a couple of weeks to decide what is best under the circumstances."

Finds Ordinance Is Defective.

Judge Kersten's decision, as read in court, substantially was as had been forecasted in THE TRIBUNE. While calling attention to the fact that the municipal building ordinances had failed to specify exactly who was charged with the duty of providing adequate fire apparatus in a theater, it stated:

"The sections of the ordinance referred to were those providing that a theater should be equipped with a flue above the stage, an electric system by which the flue and dampers could be operated, and automatic sprinklers, none of which specified the person or persons who should be responsible for such equipment.

"The defendants cannot be found guilty of manslaughter on account of omitting to perform an act unless there was a legal duty to perform that act, or unless they voluntarily had assumed the duty of its performance," the decision continued, "and it nowhere is alleged in this indictment that they ever took upon themselves the duties imposed by the ordinance on the owner or lessees of the building.

"The words 'manage and control,' as used in the indictment, do not include necessarily a duty to furnish equipment and, particularly, additions to or changes in the building itself, or the fixtures of the building. It might be inferred that the defendants had taken that duty upon themselves, but an argumentative averment of fact is not sufficient in an indictment.

Questions Joining of Defendants.

"I am also constrained to the conclusion that the indictments do not charge the defendants with the omission of any common law duty resting on them, and I also entertain grave doubts as to the propriety of joining the defendants in the same indictment."

In concluding his opinion, Judge Kersten expressed the opinion that, should it choose, the state's attorney's office was in a better position to draw a "legally sufficient" indictment, "in case another grand jury should find the defendants or either of them or any other persons can lawfully be charged with criminal liability for that terrible disaster."

The force of this hopeful suggestion was lost, however, in the more radical opinion delivered by the Peoria jurist.

Davis Explains His "Position."

"Judging from the opinion of Judge Green, any future indictment would not be worth the paper it was written on," declared Attorney Levi Mayer of counsel for the defense. His client, Davis, expressed himself more at length, reviewing—for the first time since his indictment—his "true position" with regard to the theater disaster.

"It is my own disposition and also the advice of counsel that I should not talk, but I can't help saying that at least a part of the public has been unfair and unjust to me," he declared. "It would be just as fair to hold the president of a railroad company for manslaughter because there was an explosion in one of the railroad trains, and fire ensued and passengers were burned to death.

"No human agency could have prevented the theater catastrophe. Everything known to architecture, science, and art was used to make the theater the safest in the world. The fact that the building cost over $500,000 shows that no money was stinted in any possible direction.

Says He Has Been Done Injustice.

"No human agency could have dreamed that on account of some inherent defect in a carbon point, that point would spit out a spark which would ignite the scenery and produce the fire. The building had been thoroughly examined and approved in writing by city authorities before the theater opened.

"We could do no more. Why should we be charged with murder because an audience stampeded and the ushers lost their reason. I am asking no sympathy, but God knows I have suffered enough and should be let alone."

Daughter of Secretary Shaw Said to Have Helped Play Only a Joke on Faculty.

MISS ERMA SHAW

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Miss Erma Shaw, daughter of the secretary of the treasury, who, with four other girl students of a preparatory school in Baltimore, was reported to have been expelled for organizing a fraternal society, is at home with her parents in Washington. Secretary Shaw denies his daughter was expelled. As the story is told here, the girls, realising the prejudice in the school against secret societies, played a joke on the faculty. The girls found in a Baltimore jewelry store pins bearing the figure 8, and wore them with an air of mystery. They had no organization of any sort, but enjoyed the mystification of those who thought they had. The authorities interfered and tried to exact a promise from the girls not to wear the pins and to cease intercourse with each other. The girls refused to agree to this.

C. E. BROWN GETS DIVORCE

HUSBAND GIVEN DECREE AT END OF SENSATIONAL SUIT.

Separation Is Absolute, with No Alimony to Pay, and Father Is Granted Custody of Son—Incidents in Woman's Career Told in Court—"Burglar" Scare at Prairie Avenue Residence a "Fake"—Automobile Trips to Country—Counsel Deserts.

Charles E. Brown, 1612 Prairie avenue, was granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Mrs. Katherine Graves Brown, with no alimony to pay, by Judge Heard yesterday. In the decree ending the sensational contest, the custody of the 11 year old son was given to the father. Mr. Brown won every point in his suit, in which he charged his wife with infidelity and drunkenness.

Relatives, friends, servants, and detectives told Judge Heard of Mrs. Brown's conduct. The woman was revealed in court as having taken part in unnumbered eccentric adventures and escapades. Mr. Brown told of his years of struggling to reclaim a wife who was a prey to an appetite for liquor. Many times, going over the story, he was so moved by his emotion as to find it difficult to proceed.

Record of Wife's Eccentricities.

Some of the strange things the woman was said to have done were as follows:

Arrayed herself in clothing belonging to guests at her Prairie avenue house and fled at midnight after her husband, disappointed in not being able to attend a cotillion with her, had returned to take care of her.

Promised her husband to stop drinking liquors, and substituted spirits of ammonia as a stimulant.

Played the violin from the seat of a broken automobile being pushed along country road near Lyons by farmers last summer, later serving liquor to the men and staying all night in the auto.

Ordered nearly everything on bill of fare at Lakota hotel served her while in bed, and tried to fill pockets of visitors with food and silver belonging to the hotel.

Forced her maid so to arrange her house as to suggest burglars' visit, then fired revolver to call police and pretended to be in faint while policemen carried her upstairs.

Planned to entertain a theatrical troupe at her residence.

Put cards reading "Bar Open" and "Bar Closed" on buffet at her summer home at Marblehead Neck, Mass.

Bribed servants at fashionable institution for inebriates at Falkirk, N. Y., to bring her liquor, and demoralized discipline there.

Fled from her husband, was missing a week, and was discovered in Touraine hotel, Boston, telephoning husband at New York to say she was sorry.

Maid Tells of Escapades.

Much of the evidence concerning the midnight automobile trips and the "fake" burglar scare was given by Miss Neal Bassinger, 5715 Jefferson avenue, maid to Mrs. Brown for six months last summer. In her deposition she said the "auto" trip had been taken with "Jack" Edsall, a salesman.

"When the machine broke," said the maid, "we called some men who were near by, and they began to push it for us. Mrs. Brown played on the violin as the men worked."

After being deserted by several attorneys for failure to obey their instructions, Mrs. Brown finally was abandoned by Milford J. Thompson, appointed by Judge Tuley. He told Judge Heard he did not wish to appear in the woman's defense. He said she had telephoned to him in the morning that because of a severe attack of heart disease she would be unable to appear. Judge Heard gave him permission to withdraw.

Ten New Cases Filed.

Ten divorce cases were filed during the day in the Circuit court. Those who ask decrees are:

COLSON—Charles against Mary; married April 3, 1890; separated June 11, 1900; desertion.

EDWARDS—Elizabeth R. against Frederick; married Aug. 6, 1880; separated April 3, 1900; desertion.

GREEN—William against Evelin; married Jan. 15, 1900; separated Feb. 15, 1900; desertion.

HOLLAND—Edna A. against Derwood L.; married Feb. 13, 1900, at Hamburg, S. C.; desertion.

KALIEN—Sarah against Louis; married Dec. 24, 1878; separated Oct. 15, 1897; cruelty and desertion.

LASSEN—Kitty against Randolph; married July 3, 1901; separated Oct. 10, 1904; desertion.

M'CLOSKY—Mamie against Edward; married May 9, 1899; asks divorce on statutory grounds.

SMITH—Josie B. against James F.; married March 28, 1896, at Racine, Wis.; separated September, 1904; desertion.

SULLIVAN—Lena against William; married July 28, 1898, in Milwaukee; separated Jan. 6, 1901; desertion.

WOUF—Regina against J. M.; married Dec. 8, 1903; separated Jan. 20, 1905; cruelty.

A decree of divorce was granted to Mary Gory, 1038 West Taylor street, from Frank Gory for drunkenness and brutality. Gory's crossbill was dismissed for want of equity.

GOES AWAY TO END LIFE.

MRS. H. A. PARKYN VISITS LOGANSPORT TO SHOOT SELF.

Husband Declares Illness Had Unsettled the Woman's Mind—Mrs. Marie Becker Commits Suicide by Taking Carbolic Acid. After Writing Note Saying She Is Lonesome and Despondent—At Brother's Residence on Farm Near Arlington Heights.

Mrs. Herbert A. Parkyn, wife of Dr. H. A. Parkyn of the School of Psychology, 4020 Drexel boulevard, committed suicide by shooting herself in the head last night at the Barnett hotel, Logansport, Ind. Before leaving for Logansport last night Dr. Parkyn stated he believed his wife was insane, as she had suffered from a disease for some time and it had affected her mind.

Sits on the Floor to Shoot Herself.

Mrs. Parkyn was 35 years of age. A week ago she left Chicago for Converse, Ind., where relatives reside. Yesterday afternoon she secretly left there for Logansport. At 6 o'clock she arrived at the Barnett hotel, dressed herself carefully, asked a maid the time, threw the door of her room open, and, sitting down on the floor, fired the shot that ended her life.

Beside her body a sealed letter was found. It read: "To be given to Dr. Parkyn when he comes." Another note read: "Please notify Dr. H. A. Parkyn, 4020 Drexel boulevard, Chicago, phone 687 Douglas or 4494 Central." It is said that there had been no trouble between husband and wife. They resided at 4161 Ellis avenue.

"Lonesome," She Ends Her Life.

After leaving a note to her relatives in which she said she was tired and lonesome, Mrs. Marie Becker, 43 years old, committed suicide yesterday at her brother's residence on a farm two miles northwest of Arlington Heights. She drank carbolic acid.

"Forgive me; I am lonesome and despondent," she wrote before taking the poison.

ASKS TWO IMPORTANT GRANTS.

Metropolitan "L" Wants to Haul Suburban Trains Downtown—Additional Track Refused.

An important change in elevated road methods is contemplated in an ordinance recommended for passage yesterday by the council committee on local transportation. If it is passed by the council the trains of the Aurora, Elgin and Chicago suburban road will be run to Fifth avenue and Franklin street over the Metropolitan tracks. In return the Metropolitan cars will be run over the surface lines of the suburban company to the Desplaines river. This will give to the residents of all the territory east of the Desplaines along the Aurora-Elgin line a 5 cent fare into downtown Chicago.

The Metropolitan asked two ordinances from the committee. One was the right to bring the Aurora cars downtown, the other to lay two additional tracks on its surface right of way between Fifty-second and Sixtieth avenues. The committee agreed to recommend the first and refused the second. Speaking for the company, W. W. Gurley said a private arrangement had been entered into between the Metropolitan and the suburban line whereby the latter would give the elevated road use of its right of way from Sixtieth (Austin) avenue, the city limits, to the Desplaines river if its cars could run express from Fifty-second avenue over the elevated structure to Fifth avenue, but not around the loop.

There was some opposition to the plan by certain property owners in the neighborhood of Sixtieth avenue, who wanted a clause inserted that the Aurora cars should all stop at that street. This Mr. Gurley would not consent to, saying the idea was to make them express trains. He agreed they must stop at Fifty-second avenue, where the elevated structure is reached, and it was stipulated "shuttlecock" trains should run between Fifty-second and Sixtieth avenues, from which transfers would be given good on the express trains.

TWO ARE KILLED BY TRAINS.

Grade Crossings Are Responsible for the Deaths of Arthur Albert and Herman Marcus.

Two men were struck and killed by trains yesterday. They were:

ALBERT, ARTHUR, 1309 Jackson Park avenue, struck by New York, Chicago and St. Louis train at Jackson Park avenue crossing; died at Mercy hospital.

MARCUS, HERMAN, killed on Illinois Central tracks near Thirty-fourth street; papers found on body were only clew to identity; apparently was 40 years old.

FARE HIGH WHEN CITY OWNS CARS?

Traction Men Gather Statistics in Europe and America to Prove Point.

MUNICIPAL PAY LOWEST.

Short Cheap Ride Has Proved a Serious Problem for Glasgow Authorities.

The traction companies of Chicago have compiled for use in the coming campaign some statistics as to the street car lines of Great Britain and the continental cities owned and operated by the municipalities and those in the United States where private ownership is the rule. The contention of the companies is that the figures show in this country the street car patron gets more for his money than does the foreigner, and that, at the same time, the street car employe is better off.

The figures, which have been gathered from the officials in charge of the foreign roads, after a great amount of correspondence, are taken to emphasize the point made by the local traction people that in American cities the fare charged the passenger is much less than on the municipally owned roads in England, Scotland, Ireland, Germany, and other countries, while the cost of operation here is much higher. In the latter item Chicago leads, the wages paid street car employes here apparently being higher than anywhere else.

Zone System in Europe.

All through Great Britain and the continent what is known as "the zone system" of collecting fares prevails. The man who travels two miles pays more than the man who travels one, and the man who goes three more than either of the others. The passenger pays according to the distance he travels. In America he pays the flat rate of 5 cents, whether he goes three blocks or thirteen miles.

The statistics show that according to these two different systems, while the foreigner has to pay an average of 4 cent a mile for his street car traveling, in this country he can be carried at a price varying from less than a quarter of a cent a mile in New York, where the distances are the longest, to half a cent a mile in Cleveland and Boston, where the runs are the shortest. In Chicago the average price is .278 of a cent a mile, or the lowest except in New York.

The roads all declare that if the people of this country would agree to adopt this "zone system" which prevails in Europe they would be only too glad to accommodate them. "It would result," they say, "in higher fares all around, and even at the rate of half a cent a mile, less than is charged in any foreign city—the average there being a cent a mile—the Chicago companies would get 2 cents for hauls for which they are now paid only 5."

Glasgow's Cheap Ride Evil.

It is recognized that the American citizen, accustomed as he is to the flat rate, never would consent to this "zone system," and there are said to be strong sociological arguments against it also. In Glasgow, for instance, to which the advocates of municipal ownership so constantly are pointing as an example of a city owning and operating its street car lines furnishing a ride for half a penny (1 cent of our money), the car haul is only for a trifle more than half a mile. The passenger who wants to go farther has to pay more, and one who travels the longest distance the Glasgow cars run, or 8.23 miles, has to pay 7 cents for his transportation.

The result of this cheap half mile haul in Glasgow has been to congest the poorer people into what is known as "the tenement district," while those able to pay the higher street car fares are living farther out, where they get more room, air, and light.

Statistics from Many Cities.

These statistics, showing the rate of fare charged a mile in the various cities inquired into, as well as the length of the various hauls for which varying prices are charged, and the rate of wages paid for each, are given in the following table:

EUROPEAN CITIES.

Cities.	Distance in miles	Fare a mile in cents.	Wages a day.
London	3.50	0.80	$1.00
London	3.00	1.00	1.00
London	1.00	1.00	1.00
London	0.75	1.04	1.00
London	0.63	1.60	1.00
London	2.50	1.00	1.00
London	2.63	1.19	1.00
London	4.06	1.00	1.00
London	0.97	1.00	1.00
Liverpool (average)	2.93	0.80	1.00
Glasgow	4.33	1.73	.10
Glasgow	3.25	0.87	.10
Glasgow	3.45	0.87	.10
Glasgow	4.74	0.87	.10
Glasgow	4.84	0.80	.10
Glasgow	8.23	0.87	.10
Birmingham	1.00	2.00	1.00
Edinburgh	3.60	1.73	.10
Manchester	2.00	1.00	1.00
Belfast	1.88	1.00	1.00
Belfast	4.00	1.00	1.00
Belfast	1.88	0.94	1.00
Berlin	1.35	1.25	.60
Stuttgardt	2.00	1.20	1.00
Stuttgardt	3.00	1.20	1.00
Dresden	2.50	1.33	1.00
Dresden	4.00	0.83	1.00
Dresden	2.00	0.83	1.00
Frankfort	2.66	1.00	1.00
Hamburg	2.00	1.36	1.00
Hamburg	2.75	1.09	1.00
Hamburg	3.4	1.02	1.00
Hamburg	4.1	1.02	1.00
Hamburg	6.7	0.79	1.00
Hamburg	7.5	0.94	1.00
Hamburg	8.3	0.94	1.00
Karlsruhe	2.00	1.30	1.00
Karlsruhe	3.00	1.30	1.00
Karlsruhe	4.00	1.08	1.00
Leipsic	2.00	1.04	1.00
Vienna	3.00	0.84	1.00
Vienna	4.93	0.81	1.00
Vienna, second class	3.00	1.80	1.00
Vienna, second class	4.00	2.00	1.00
Vienna, third class	3.00	1.10	1.00
Vienna, third class	4.33	1.94	1.00
Buda-Pesth (average)	1.5	1.70	.90
Buda-Pesth	3.00	1.14	.90
Buda-Pesth	4.96	0.95	.90
Buda-Pesth	7.5	1.14	.90
Buda-Pesth	9.00	1.18	.90
Aix-la-Chapelle	.64	1.47	1.00

AMERICAN CITIES.

			Wages per hr. cents.
Brooklyn	22.00	0.227	25
New York	18.00	0.278	22½
Chicago	16.75	0.298	25
St. Louis	15.00	0.333	20
Buffalo	13.75	0.364	17.8
Cincinnati	13.44	0.372	20
Minneapolis	12.94	0.387	20
San Francisco	12.00	0.416	25
Philadelphia	11.75	0.425	.19
Denver	11.75	0.425	22½
Boston	10.00	0.500	22½
Cleveland	10.00	0.500	22½

Fifty Years the Standard
DR. PRICE'S CREAM
BAKING POWDER
Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

SIGOURNEY TIES FOR FIRST PLACE

Californian Beats Gardner in Final Game of Billiard Schedule.

FOURTH PRIZE TO NORRIS.

Conklin and San Francisco Expert to Play Off for Championship Today.

	W.	L.	Pct.	High run.	Best average.
CONKLIN	6	1	.857	79	11 3-27
SIGOURNEY	6	1	.833	61	10 10-29
GARDNER	4	2	.666	76	11 3-27
*NORRIS	3	3	.500	86	8 28-34
†THRESHIE	3	3	.500	46	7 26-28
SCHMITT	1	5	.167	49	6 4-27
STARK	0	6	.000	52	7 10-27

*Wants two-play off for fourth prize.

YESTERDAY'S RESULT.

SIGOURNEY ..300|GARDNER ..198

The national amateur class A championship billiard tournament, which began at the Chicago Athletic association's clubhouse Jan. 30, came to a close last night, when Wilson H. Sigourney of San Francisco defeated Edward W. Gardner in the final game by 300 to 195.

Sigourney's victory tied him with Charles F. Conklin of Chicago for first prize, necessitating an extra game to decide the championship, which will be played this afternoon. Gardner won third prize, and is tied with Conklin for the high single average trophy, each having an average mark of 11 3-27. Conklin takes down the high run prize, with 79, and Norris and Threshie won fourth and fifth prizes respectively, deciding their tie by an extra game yesterday.

Stark and Schmitt, the other contestants, finished outside of the money. Conklin and Gardner will come to some understanding regarding the high average prize. Gardner also wins the prize for the best grand average.

Sigourney Goes After Record.

Sigourney started in last night as if he had designs on the high run and high average records. With the ivories in fairly good position, he began his work with a neatly compiled run of 57 and followed it with 14. His sixth turn at the table netted him 30 and his thirteenth 48. These runs, intermingled with a number of smaller ones, gave him a lead of 80, which in eleven more innings he increased to 109. His was traveling at better than a thirteen gait midway of the game, but when Gardner saw he was beaten he began playing safety to prevent Sigourney beating the high average.

In this Gardner was successful, as the Californian began dropping back in his average, but, at that, he was only two innings shy of the mark when he finished. Gardner's luck was wretched, as he missed shots by the smallest margin possible, and if there was a hole large enough for his ball to slip through it found it. Beside this he was badly kissed off after clicking off a beautiful run of 48, and missed on his run of 23. With hard luck pursuing him, he devoted his time "otting" them up for Sigourney.

Referee's Eyesight Is Poor.

A dispute arose in Sigourney's twelfth inning as to whether the balls were frozen. The referee decided they were. Sigourney held to it that they were not, and finally the official, after scrutinizing them for at least five minutes, agreed with the Californian. Then Gardner took a peek at them, and one glance was sufficient for him to remark "not frozen."

Sigourney played balk line billiards as it should be played. His drives for position were perfect, his close play could hardly be improved upon, nor could his draws, spreads, and follows. He went after the right shot at all times, regardless of "leaves" should he miss. Gardner played fine billiards in spots, but his bair line misses evidently discouraged him, and, finding he could not win, he did the next best thing by protecting the high single average. The score by innings:

Sigourney—0, 57, 14, 4, 4, 30, 0, 0, 2, 4, 11, 9, 48, 0, 5, 1, 6, 4, 6, 21, 16, 0, 2, 2, 30, 10. Total, 300. High runs, 57, 48, 30, 21, 30. Average, 10 10-29.

Gardner—1, 3, 1, 6, 9, 0, 11, 46, 2, 0, 22, 0, 0, 3, 11, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 1, 1, 2, 5, 0, 0, 5, 23, 1. Total, 195. High runs, 46, 30, 23. Average, 8 21-29. Referee—George W. Best.

Norris Wins Fourth Prize.

The playoff between Charles S. Norris of New York and Charles Threshie of Boston for the fourth prize, which resulted in a victory for the New Yorker, was quite exciting, as Norris came from behind and won a seemingly impossible game.

Threshie's cue was loaded with carons as his first innings, in which he reeled off 52, attested. He followed up this run with breaks of 13, 12, 39, and 60, the last run placing him in the lead by 116 points. His average at the end of the thirteenth session was over 15, and as he was going great guns there was no telling how quickly he would finish the game.

While Threshie was running the buttons along his string Norris was trying his best to get into stroke. He managed to gather 25 in his ninth inning, and 37 in his thirteenth, but that was traveling at a snail's pace as compared with Threshie's speed. The latter, however, stopped after his 60 break, and his best run in the remaining twenty-two innings was 14.

Winner Comes from Behind.

Norris, in the meantime, got into his stride and with a number of double figure runs caught and passed his opponent in his thirty-second session. Runs of 19 and 31, while Threshie was unable to make more than one shot in any inning, cinched the game. Norris was unfortunate in failing to drive the balls out of the balk in the twenty-seventh and thirtieth innings, when he was going along nicely. The second time he failed to drive them out, Threshie also lost an excellent opportunity to get big results by shooting with the wrong ball.

The humorous part of the game was that each had a preference for the fifth prize, a diamond stick pin, so Norris won the prize he hoped Threshie would capture. The fourth prize calls for a diamond set of sleeve buttons. The score by innings:

Norris—0, 1, 3, 0, 5, 0, 4, 1, 25, 2, 5, 5, 37, 1, 0, 6, 20, 4, 0, 29, 0, 1, 3, 1, 16, 5, 30, 0, 0, 23, 17, 24, 19, 11, 3, 3. Total, 300. High runs, 37, 30, 25, 24. Average, 8 13-30.

Threshie—52, 1, 8, 0, 2, 13, 3, 4, 7, 12, 28, 5, 60, 13, 0, 9, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 5, 5, 4, 2, 14, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1. Total, 297. High runs, 60, 52, 28. Average, 7 12-33. Referee, George J. Williams.

JESSE TANNEHILL IS INJURED.

Boston American League Pitcher Dislocates Shoulder Through Falling on Slippery Sidewalk in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Jesse Tannehill, the Boston American league club's left-handed pitcher, fell on the ice yesterday while walking along a slippery sidewalk and dislocated his left shoulder. He is under the care of Drs. Rousleh and Richards and in such pain that visitors were denied him, as it was thought best to put him under the influence of an anasthetic while the shoulder was being reset.

Tannehill has dislocated the same shoulder several times before, and on that account the operation was more than ordinarily painful. It is not expected the injury will seriously interfere with Tannehill's pitching, as it will not affect his other shoulder, it is believed. The extent of the injury will not be known for several days, however.

It is expected that it will be impossible for him to don a uniform until the practice season is nearly over and the Boston club will naturally not be able to count on his best services during the early months of the championship series.

Hart Threatens Fractious Players.

President Hart of the Chicago National league club was out yesterday for the first time in several days, during which he has been suffering with an attack of neuralgia. Regarding the reported dissatisfaction of Joe Tinker over the salary offered him for next season he said he had heard nothing from the short stop, as that matter was all in Manager Selee's hands. He did say, however, that all players who were too dissatisfied with their contracts to sign them before Feb. 22, the date of starting the training trip, would not be taken to California with the team.

St. Peters, 14; Lincolns, 11.

The basketball five of the St. Peters church defeated the Lincoln Turners' third team by a score of 14 to 11 in the Lincoln gymnasium last night.

GOLF SOLONS MEET TODAY

CHAMPIONSHIPS AND MEMBERSHIP TO BE CONSIDERED.

Baltusrol Awarded Amateur Tournament Because It Is Only Applicant—Committee Recommends Holding National Events in June or July—Annual Dues for Associate Clubs Likely to Be Reduced from $100 to $50 by U. S. Association.

New York, Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Delegates from all parts of the country will attend the annual meeting of the United States Golf association here tomorrow night. Aside from the election of officers and the arrangements for the year's championships, special business will be to consider the amendments to the constitution, under which the annual dues for associate clubs shall be reduced from $100 to $50 and the title of such clubs be changed to active members.

The following recommendations will form a part of the executive committee's report:

"One matter the association should consider carefully—namely: the choice of courses and times for holding the different championships. This year, for instance, the association decided to hold the amateur during the first week in September, the choice of course being left to the executive committee. It was the turn of either New England or the south to hold this tournament, but as Baltusrol was the only applicant its offer was accepted. It is a well known fact that the beginning of September is not a good time for an inland course, as the ground is apt to be hard and dry, whereas in June such courses are at their best. The committee recommends that as far as possible championships be held during the months of June and July."

The present membership is put at 282, made up of thirty-one associate and 257 allied clubs. During the year two clubs, the Oakmont club of Pittsburg and the Euclid club of Cleveland, have been elected associate members and fifteen clubs to the allied membership.

The report makes known the rulings and interpretations made on changes in the rules of golf by the committee of the Royal and Ancient Golf club of St. Andrews.

STAGG WATCHES ATHLETES.

Maroon Team to Play Lawrence Basketball Five Tonight—Track Men Going to Champaign.

A. A. Stagg of the University of Chicago resumed coaching for a little while yesterday, when he visited Bartlett gymnasium. Coach Moloney put a number of the candidates for the team through their paces for the veteran to watch, and some good time was made.

"They look in good shape, and I like the team's prospect," said Stagg, after watching the speedy athletes circle the track. Then he spent some time instructing the weight men and hurdlers.

The maroon track team will leave tomorrow morning for Champaign, where it will take part in its first meet of the year with the University of Illinois that night. Thirty men will be taken to compete against the down state boys, and Coach Moloney feels hopeful of the outcome. It is uncertain whether Stagg will accompany the team or not.

Tonight the maroon basketball five will try conclusions with the Lawrence university team, of which John Koehler, one of Stagg's former protégés, is coach. Following the game a tryout for the basketball team will be held, in which the following events will be contested: Forty yard swim, 100 yard swim, dive for distance, forty yard swim on back, and a game of water polo.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Gunthers Shut Out Halls in the Monroe Tourney—Veronas Lose Lead in North Chicago Race.

In the Monroe league last night the Gunthers shut out the Halls, averaging 976. Winthrops deposed the Veronias, leaders in the North Chicago league, by taking two games. Harry Steers secured the best individual average of the night, notching 236 in the Columbian Knights league. Scores:

MONROE.

Gunthers.	1.	2.	3.	Halls.	1.	2.	3.
Bangart	174	207	198	Andy	200	123	172
Klose	188	201	211	Will	163	191	201
Meyer	182	196	203	Frank	214	266	167
Chalmers	212	159	196	Harry	202	192	203
Peterson	177	188	208	Al	190	182	159
Totals.	947	991	972	Totals.	874	897	902
O'Leary's	840	987	882	B'wicks	918	885	882

TRANSPORTATION.

Hot Stuffs.	789	840	748	Goodayes	709	779	855
Neverquits	902	691	616	King Pins	668	750	728
Ten Strikes	813	741	848	Optics	703	891	796
Flyers	844	611	641	Stars	811	894	773
Neverwins	725	680	679	H. Rollers	572	634	803

RAILROAD.

Big Four	833	857	888	R. Island	817	787	741
Ill. Central	777	855	797	S. Indiana	Forfeited.		

PACKERS.

Hammonds	836	865	819	Swift No. 2	896	856	839
Swift No. 1	859	903	883	Nationals	712	944	705

COLUMBIAN KNIGHTS HANDICAP.

Olympia	826	974	919	Standard	839	915	905
Oriental	903	917	846	Unity	872	917	837

LAKE VIEW.

Tilybourne	791	880	817	Carnations	963	962	906
Sterns	805	775	715	Schotts	854	807	920

BUSINESS MEN'S.

Harvesters	909	914	894	Gunnings	802	850	869
Drummers	939	980	874	Dr. Trades	804	899	784

NORTH CHICAGO.

Veronas	1008	928	965	Ben Alls	928	894	884
Winthrops	969	937	978	Nixes	884	922	864

WEST CHICAGO.

Waiss	784	946	784	Brands	804	791	753

WEST SIDE BUSINESS MEN'S.

Lavenders	873	743	619	Morehouse	830	806	820

NORTH SHORE.

Wittonas	916	838	875	Cheerfuls	724	707	704

KRAL.

Jiruskas	848	823	861	Kadles	722	731	816

COAL.

Dukalls	510	745	649	Joxe Bros.	821	668	642

DOUGLAS PARK.

Novaks	876	827	893	Kirchmans	817	790	778

WEST END.

Hacketts	871	921	923	Asterisk	657	725	738

CRYSTAL.

Bulls	818	767	716	Alcazars	647	753	690

QUEEN LIGHT.

Sycamores	892	877	787	Wizards	849	798	915

SPECIAL MATCH.

Jockendorfs	760	748	652	Sobawtas	748	671	752

WHITE ROCK.

Smrts	869	809	997	Jirik	767	930	902

GRAND CROSSING.

G. Crossing	894	790	842	Wolfs	727	746	851

NORTH SHORE.

Pastimes	854	876	884	Nationals	842	769	863

S. END.

Eclipse	868	856	880	Skillers	782	849	755

ENGLEWOOD AMATEUR.

Eggleston	854	804	767	Kershaws	872	904	848

PRIMA—THREE MEN.

Prairies	497	514	507	Butchers	468	494	477

BROWNING—THREE MEN.

Red Ravens	624	405	493	Malt Mar.	484	512	466

FIRST REGIMENT.

Co. 1	887	876	838	Co. H	891	869	917

UNION.

Togos	804	1015	916	Panamas	828	911	848

MURPHY MAY JUDGE AT PANAMA.

St. Louis Man, Now at Essex Park, Likely to Officiate at New Orleans Track.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—It has been about settled that Joseph A. Murphy of St. Louis, who is now officiating at Essex park at Hot Springs, will be an associate in the judges' stands at the American Turf association's tracks. It is not altogether unlikely that Marx Cassidy will not act as starter next Saturday, the opening day. An offer has been made to him to officiate, but on account of his engagement with the jockey club in the east H. Brown will be the regular starter for this meeting at least.

Last season Judge Murphy was presiding judge at the St. Louis tracks, as well as at Buffalo and Washington, and news that he will leave St. Louis this season comes as a surprise.

Five car loads of horses arrived at the new track today from Hot Springs and Memphis. The greater part of the stable of Pat Dunne, which included a number of 2 year olds; the strings of Hugh McCarren, P. M. Civill, Rome Reapess, and others, that have been racing at Essex park, came in. Fifty horses have changed their quarters from the Crescent City Jockey club's track to the new course, including those of J. F. Davis, V. Hollar, S. S. Brown, E. R. Bradley, and Harry Gardner. Wade McLemore of Texas and J. A. Bennett have applied for stable room.

Senator W. J. O'Brien, newly elected treasurer of the American Turf association, arrived from Chicago today and will remain for the opening.

Marshall Leads in Chess Match.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The seventh game in the international chess match, between Frank J. Marshall of Brooklyn and D. Janowski of this city, was won by the American player in the thirty-first move. The score now stands: Marshall, 3; Janowski, 2; draws, 2.

FOUL CHANGES RESULT OF RACE.

Laura Hunter Is Disqualified in Big Betting Affair at New Orleans.

VERDICT TO CLAREMONT.

Gideon Is Winner by Judge's Edict—Racing Is Devoid of Feature.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The disqualification of Laura Hunter, winner of the last race today, has caused more discussion than anything thus far at the meeting. Laura Hunter was one of the pair of "good things" in the race. She was backed into favoritism, and the other, Claremont, was backed to 4 to 1, from 10 to 1.

That Laura Hunter fouled Claremont was beyond question, and that the foul was deliberate was the opinion of the stewards and a big part of the people. But there was lots of criticism on the ruling because of other incidents, and especially when the going has been as bad as it was today. The disqualification probably made a greater difference than any race ever run here in which the result has been changed.

Both horses were heavily backed, Laura Hunter by the western crowd, Claremont by the eastern contingent. Dave Gideon was one of the principal supporters of Claremont, and when Laura Hunter was set back and the race given to Claremont it made a big difference in his favor.

The racing was devoid of interest owing to the bad going. The track was thick in sticky mud. Gideon and his followers started the day well by landing a big bet on Garret Wilson, which won all the way. Hudson, through a chain of accidents just after the start, was second at a long price. Miss Gomes won in a gallop from the weakly ridden Floral Wreath in the third race, and Dell Indian won the fourth from Sarah Maxim. Norwood Ohio just staggered home in front of Evaskill in the fifth. Summaries:

First race, 1 mile—Garrett Wilson, 111 pounds [J. Martin], 6 to 1, won; Yellow Hammer, 120 [W. Hennessy], 30 to 1, second; Decoration, 121 [Shaver], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:54. Bishop Weed, Judge Bantley, Dolly Sloan, Lockout, Nightmare, The Hebrew, and John Doyle ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Hudson, 109 pounds [Auburn], 25 to 1, won; Dapple Gold, 102 [H. Phillips], 9 to 5, second; Glendon, 112 [Livingston], 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:21 4-5. Esperance, Flying Charon, Whorler, and Antitrust, and Over Again ran.

Third race, ¾ mile—Mimic Home, 105 pounds [Aubuchon], 11 to 5, won; Floral Wreath, 107 [Baird], 7 to 5, second; Filia, 85 [Ryan], 13 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 3-5. Jungle Imp ran.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Bell Indian, 97 pounds [McIntyre], 13 to 10, won; Sarah Maxim, 105 [H. Phillips], 7 to 1, second; Favonius, 110 [J. Martin], 18 to 5, third. Time, 1:53 2-5. Tristan Shandy, Maie Hanlon, Mint Bed, Ralbert, and Dusky ran.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Norwood Ohio, 107 pounds [J. McIntyre], 8 to 1, won; Evaskill, 106 [H. Phillips], 7 to 1, second; Queen Rose, 104 [Nicol], 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:21 1-5. Pawtucket, Queen Esther, Cloverhampton, Mon Amour, Rox, and Lamplight ran.

Sixth race, ¾ mile—Laura Hunter, 107 pounds [W. Robbins], 10 to 1, declared first but was disqualified; Claremont, 104 [Schilling], 18 to 5, won; Princess Athsing, 108 [Eyer], 25 to 1, second; Simplon, 102 [Burns], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 2-5. Jube, Diplomat, Spot, Arachne, Mrs. Frank Foster, Golenga, Bride, and Senor ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 1 mile, for maidens—Halcyon Days, Banana Belle, 109; Cousin Dick, Diagram, Harshman, Roderick Dhu, 102; Grand Champion, Sanction, Court Crier, 105; Bisque, Isabella D., 107; Charlie Cella, 109; Shock the Talent, 112.

Second race, 1 mile, selling—Decoration, 96 pounds; Lady Free Knight, 100; Redman, 101; Revalle, 103; Southpaw, Jim Reilly, 104; Pompino, Jerry Hunt, 106; Baywood, Merry Acrobat, 109.

Third race, ¼ mile, selling, 2 year olds—Hazn Ho Hanna, Tennessee, 94 pounds; Little Rose, 85; Palavor, 102; My Lady Peggy, 107; Blue Grass Lad, 109; Filatory, 110; Gray Dal, Chief Archibald, 112.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling—Rondolet, 83 pounds; Fallona, 85; Lampoon, 98; Spec, Brunswick, Hickory Corners, 100; Bonnie M. Fitzbrillar, 103; Fyzrho, Safeguard, 105; Stolen Moments, 106; Over Again, 108.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Bella Barnard, Mary Wortham, 110; Floral Wreath, Contentious, Lady Ray, 115.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Fair Revsler, Margary Gaffney, 81 pounds; The Eye, 82; The Trifler, 83; Doeskin, 91; Ponce, 93; Knowledge, 96; Plautus, 99; Dixie Lad, 100; Barkelmore, 101.

RESUME RACING AT SPRINGS.

Thaw and Spring Weather Break Up Winter—Gus Heidorn at 30 to 1 Wins Western Handicap.

Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—A thaw last night, and spring weather today, broke up the winter here, and racing was resumed at Essex park. The track was sloppy with a hard bottom, but the bright sunshine drew a fairly good attendance.

The feature of the card was the Hot Springs Western handicap, at seven furlongs, with $1,000 added money. It gave an opportunity for Gus Heidorn to show what he can do in the mud. He was the despised outsider at 20 and 30 to 1, but he won easily.

Jockey Fischer got into trouble in the last race and was suspended pending an investigation. He had the mount on Jigger, which got away well, but he put up a bad looking ride and did not finish in the money. The betting on the race had a queer look. On form Jigger figured to have a good chance and he opened at 2 to 1. There was considerable play on him, but his price drifted up to 4 to 1. Summaries:

First race, ¾ mile—Mathes, 101 pounds [Sperling], 4 to 5, won; George Shell, 96 [Macey], 20 to 1, second; Calabash, 106 [Wonderly], 8 to 1, third. Time, :35¾. Never Seen, Letty, Running Miss, America II., Dr. Tilghman ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Turrando, 102 pounds [Wenrick], 6 to 1, won; Ingoldthrift, 106 [Cherry], 3 to 1, second; Joe Goss, 108 [Fischer], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:18¼. Mimosa ran.

Third race, 15-16 mile—Erstephatz, 90 pounds [Wenrick], 3 to 1, won; Cornwall, 108 [Richards], 4 to 1, second; Amorous, 105 [Foly], 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:27¾. Billy Moore, Chicorka Maid, Locket, All Scarlet ran.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, Hot Springs handicap—Gus Heidorn, 105 pounds [Foly], 12 to 1, won; Asterisk, 95 [Sperling], even, second; Mamie Worth, 120 [Wonderly], 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:33¼. Van Ness ran.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Memphian, 109 pounds [Higgins], 4 to 1, won; Nemoron, 106 [Fischer], 6 to 1, second; Nameoki, 106 [J. Steele], 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:05. Compass, Excentral, Give All, Payne, Tee ran.

Sixth race, 13-16 mile—Operator, 109 pounds [Sperling], 5 to 1, won; Borak, 88 [Goodchild], 3 to 1, second; Cliff Edge, 101 [Hoffman], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:28½. Nuptial, Martius, Jigger, Moor Hen ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 11-16 mile—Back Number, The Captain, 116 pounds; Rathbride, Onanetta, 111; Doty, Billy Jackson, 109; Temerity, Golden Age, 118; Lady Stone, 112; Ogowai, 107.

Second race, 1 Mile—Annie Chapman, Black Cat, 97 pounds; Hucena, Nuptial, 102; Cotta Stone, 92; Dr. Nash, 64; Imoden, 102; Give All, 104; Priority, 82; Maruschino, Loone, 99.

Third race, 11-16 mile—Simon Kent, 109; Jigger, Ike, 116; Our Lillie, 107; Goody Two Shoes, 116; St. Paula, 115; St. Florence, Thisbe, 111; Harfang, 117, Jake Ward, 113.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Business Mens' league stakes—Eva Jean, 107 pounds; Watchful, Gary, Roseburg, 118; Lady Charade, 120; Minna Baker, 118; Pretty Nellie, 108.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Mirthless, 95 pounds; Gus Heidron, 107; Aden, 110; Possession, 102.

Sixth race, 13-16 mile—Ralph Delmore, 92 pounds; Col. Preston, 95; Benton, 106; Celebration, 107; Pies, 104; Fra Fellipo, 100; Colonsay, 110; Juvenal Maxim, 112.

RACE RESULTS AT LOS ANGELES.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 9.—The handicap steeplechase was the best jumping race ever seen at Ascot park, every horse fencing cleanly and running in a bunch to the last jump, where Decimo, the favorite, won easily. Summaries:

First race, short course, steeplechase, handicap—Decimo, 150 pounds [Hughes], 8 to 5, won; Alleglance, 160 [Dwyer], 3 to 1, second; Canador, 140 [Tulley], 8 to 1, third. Time, 3:06. Nitrate and Jim Boseman ran.

Second race, 1 mile—Del Coronado, 93 pounds [Miller], even, won; Mammon, 96 [Dillon], 10 to 1, second; Jardin de Paris, 92 [Perrine], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Capable, Rose of Hilo, Sea Sick, Belle Dixone, and Orlenda ran.

Third race, ¾ mile—Retador, 105 [Treubel], 3 to 1, won; Kalsalan, 105 [Miller], 3 to 5, second; Linda Rose, 101 [J. Booker], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:18. Black Joe, Buckster Hodi, Sun Mark, and Kats Campbell ran.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, handicap—William Wright, 96 pounds [Miller], 4 to 5, won; Ishlana, 101 [Moriarity], 4 to 1, second; Arabo, 105 [E. Walsh], 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:40. Tahiar ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile—The Lieutenant, 96 pounds [Herbert], 5 to 1, won; Bandillo, 96 [McBride], 3 to 1, second; Flora Bright, 90 [Perrine], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Father Hagstrong, Straggler, and Punctilio ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards—Freesias, 97 pounds [J. Keogh], 4 to 1, won; Durbar, 93 [McDaniel], 7 to 2, second; Red Cross Nurse, 101 [McBride], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:44⅘. Chub and Tryon ran.

Big Entry for Bowling Tourney.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 9.—Up to 6 o'clock tonight the entries in the national tournament of the American Bowling congress received by Secretary A. G. Langer of the local tournament company, represented $6,000 in money. The number of entries follow: Five-men teams, 126; two-men teams, 215; singles, 326. Secretary Langer predicted tonight that the total number of five-men teams to enter before midnight, Feb. 10, would pass the 200 mark. All entries bearing postmarks prior to midnight, Feb. 10, will be accepted.

EDDIE HANLON IS HERE.

CALIFORNIA FIGHTER ARRIVES FOR FIGHT AT OSHKOSH.

Spends Day in Chicago with Friends Telling of His Battles on the Coast—Will Leave Today for the Wisconsin City, Where He Is to Finish Training for Mowatt—Is Already in Fine Condition and Inside Weight Limit—Ryan May Not Meet O'Brien.

Looking in fine health, Eddie Hanlon, accompanied by his brother Dan and sparring partners, Johnny Loftus and Tobe Irvin, arrived in Chicago yesterday. Hanlon comes here to fight Tommy Mowatt eight rounds before the Oshkosh (Wis.) Athletic club, and the party will leave for the Wisconsin town this afternoon.

The weight in the coming bout is 130 pounds at 3 o'clock, and Hanlon looks to be several pounds inside the limit. He has been kept busy fighting six round bouts in Philadelphia the last few months, and is in good condition for Mowatt. Hanlon was around town last night calling on friends.

"I hope to defeat Mowatt," said Hanlon, "and after that bout I will make more matches around here, and will be seen oftener. I was coming to Chicago looking for engagements when the game shut down here." When asked if he would give Yanger another fight if he defeated Mowatt Hanlon said: "In a minute, and I am willing to post forfeits at once. I understand Benny was dissatisfied with the decision in Frisco, but when he had the chance to meet me in Philadelphia he disappointed the club at the last moment."

"Buddy" Ryan and "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, who are scheduled to meet in the Quaker City the latter part of the month, may not come together. O'Brien, according to a telegram received yesterday by Sig Hart, manager of Ryan, is holding out for a higher weight, and wants 156 pounds instead of 154 at 3 o'clock, the original agreement. Hart wired back that it must be 154 pounds at 3 o'clock or 158 ringside.

DISQUALIFY MAJOR MANSIR.

Bonner Crowds Mount Into Col. Anderson and Cloverland at Oakland in Close Race.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Disqualifications are becoming common out this way. In a thrilling finish in the mile and a quarter race between Major Mansir, Cloverland, and Col. Anderson, the three horses came in heads apart. Bonner on Major Mansir crowded into Col. Anderson and Cloverland in the run through the stretch, and a claim of foul was recognized by the judges, who awarded the race to Cloverland and placed Major Mansir third.

The handicap resulted in a decisive victory for Dr. Leggo, which is clearly the best colt here. Despite that he was giving new weight to an all age afield, Dr. Leggo ran over them in the stretch and won easily from Gateway. Dr. Leggo will be shipped to Ascot park for the derby, to be run there in the near future. Summaries:

First race, 7-16 mile—Achelita, 104 pounds [Bonner], 2 to 1, won; Abe Mayer, 106 [Hoffman], even, second; Southern Lady, 104 [Alvarado], 8 to 1, third. Time, :25¾. Ethel Thatcher, Rumor, Lala, and Semiluna ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Jack Lalthe, 106 pounds [Cole], 4 to 5, won; Wistaria, 104 [Minder], 6 to 1, second; Sir Dorasal, 109 [Alarie], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:13¾. Helma, Roy Hooker, Gin Spray, Rioca, Harlem Sailor, Tannhauser, Monksto, and Realm ran.

Third race, Futurity course—Cousin Carrie, 100 pounds [Grannan], 9 to 10, won; Instrument, 107 [Blake], 6 to 1, second; Hidden Gem, 107 [Alarie], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:13¾. The Hawaiian, Skip Me, Water Spout, Dr. Sherman, and Revolt ran.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile, handicap—Dr. Leggo, 104 pounds [Bonner], 2 to 1, won; Gateway, 103 [Jones], 3 to 1, second; Pancasta, 90 [Greendeck], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:03¼. Sais, Tim Hurst, Golden Idol, and Sea Voyage ran.

Fifth race, ¼ mile—Trapsetter, 104 pounds [Barnett], 10 to 1, won; The Screamer, 107 [Bonner], 6 to 1, second; Ethel Abbott, 99 [Wiley], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:51. Mordente, Frank Pearce, Dug Martin, Play Ball, Hugh McGowan, and San Lustot ran.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles—Cloverland, 112 pounds [Michaels], 4 to 5, won; Colonel Anderson, 109 [Birkenruth], 15 to 1, second; Major Mansir, 109 [Bonner], 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:11. Circus and Royalty ran.

SOUTH CHICAGO GIRLS WIN.

Defeat Lake Five in High School Basketball League by Score of Thirty-three to Fourteen.

The South Chicago girls' basketball five defeated Lake High by a score of 33 to 14 in the gymnasium of the University settlement yesterday. Miss Kendall, left forward for the South Chicago team, was the star of the game. Miss Zacker and Miss Kellheir also played well. Lineup:

South Chicago [33].		Lake [14.]
Zacker	Right forward	Kelbair
Kendall	Left forward	McGuire
Rowan	Center	Egan
Doe	Right guard	Reker
Frazier	Left guard	Lincoln

Baskets—Kelheir [3], McGuire, Egan [2], Zacker, Kendall [12]. Free throws—Egan 1 [6], Zacker [6]. Points awarded—South Chicago, 1. Referee—Reynolds.

Five games are scheduled to be played in the girls' basketball league today. Austin at McKinley and Medill at Oak Park in the Western league and South Chicago at Wendell Phillips, Lake at Hyde Park, and Englewood at Calumet in the Southern league.

The first games of the interclass basketball schedule at the Oak Park High will be played tonight, the junior girls playing the Freshmen girls and the Sophomore boys meeting the Seniors.

LAKE VIEW WINS CLOSE GAME.

Defeats North Division in Playoff of Tie for First Place by Score of 22 to 21.

Lake View defeated North Division in the playoff of the tie for the first place in section A of the North and West Basketball league last night, by a score of 22 to 21. The game was played in the Evanston Y. M. C. A. gymnasium. Nelson was easily the star of the game, and with four baskets and nine free throws counted seventeen of North Division's twenty-one points. Lineup:

Lake View [22].		North Division [21].
Shepherd	Right forward	Blue
Turbes	Left forward	Howard
Wood	Center	Nelson
Nelson	Right guard	Case
Collyer	Left guard	Caul

Baskets—Nelson, 4; Blue; Wood, 4; Shepherd, 2; Turbes. Free throws—Nelson, 9; Turbes, 7. Points awarded—North Division, 2; Lake View, 1.

Owing to the inability to obtain a hall the game which was to be played today between Wendell Phillips and Lake High, to decide the winner in section A of the Southern league, has been called off, and the two teams will draw to see which shall play the Calumet five, winner in section B of the league.

Wheaton College, 77; Lawrence, 14.

Wheaton college found an easy victim in Lawrence university tonight, winning at basketball 77 to 14. At no stage of the game did Lawrence have a chance. Lineup:

Wheaton [77].		Lawrence [14].
Smidt	Right forward	Sexsmith
Beum	Center	Volla
Brewer	Left forward	Wingender
Hosington	Right guard	Stephenson
Mainland	Left guard	Pride

Baskets—Smidt, 17; Beum, 9; Brooks, 2; Hosington, 3; Sexsmith, 2; Wingender, 2. Free throws: Smidt, 10; Sexsmith, 1. Referee, Brown.

MEDILL TEAM IN FIRST PLACE.

Gains Lead in High School Indoor Baseball League by Beating Wendell Phillips Four to One.

Medill High jumped into first place in the High School Indoor Baseball league yesterday, defeating its nearest rival, Wendell Phillips, 4 to 1, in a well contested game in the Medill gymnasium. Both pitchers were in form, Groves allowing only two hits, while Wendell Phillips got only three off Brody. Medill started the scoring in the first inning, getting one run, and the other three runs came during a batting rally in the fifth inning. Wendell Phillips failed to count until the last inning. Score:

Wendell P.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Medill.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Rocke, c	0	0	15	0	0	Epstein, ra	1	0	1	2	0
Reilly, 1b	0	1	4	0	0	Lebow, 2b	0	0	2	0	0
Wright, 2b	0	1	1	0	0	Spitzer, c	0	0	21	0	2
Herman, rf	0	1	1	0	0

PASS TAX BILL AFTER A CLASH.

Members of House Allow 2 Per Cent for Boards of Assessors and Review.

FIRST VOTE LAW DOWN.

Removal of Emergency Clause Satisfies Members and New Attempt Will Be Made.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The bill allowing the county treasurer to set aside 2 per cent of the tax collection to pay the expenses of the boards of assessors and review was passed by the house this morning, but without the emergency clause. With that attached it was defeated.

The measure will go to the senate with several amendments to remove the objections raised by the democratic members of the house, and when it comes back thus amended it is believed it will have the emergency clause on again. The second venture in the house is expected to be more favorable to the measure.

Make Great Effort to Pass It.

Representative Pendarvis, who introduced the bill, engineered its passage through the house. When it faced certain defeat last week under the two-thirds rule required for emergency bills, it was postponed, and Friday this week it has been set back. If not determined this morning to pass the measure with the emergency clause if possible, but without it if necessary.

Representative Lindly led off the objections to the measure by declaring the 2 per cent thus set aside would leave $100,000 surplus.

"I don't object to voting for the bill," he said, "if it is made plain that it is for the purpose intended, but here you have set aside a sum much larger than is needed. If you will amend to provide that this surplus goes into the county fund I shall vote for it."

Calls Surplus a Dangerous Thing.

Representative McGoorty declared the surplus was a dangerous thing, and that he believed the intention of the measure would be served if it was provided that the excess of the two boards should be prorated among the different taxing bodies in the county.

"Isn't it true," asked Representative Gray, "that whenever there is a possibility of surplus there always will be found enough men willing to accept employment to eat it up?"

"I shouldn't care to say that," answered McGoorty, "because I believe implicitly in the good intentions of the men behind this bill, but still I believe the surplus is a dangerous thing."

The vote to pass the bill with the emergency clause was 79 to 53, so it failed to reach the two-thirds necessary. McGoorty then moved that it be sent back to a second reading, that amendments might be offered, but this was defeated.

Passed by Vote of 79 to 52.

Then the bill was relieved of the emergency clause, and another attempt made to pass it. This was successful by a vote of 79 to 52. The roll call was as follows:

YEAS.

Bell,	Green,	Oglesby,
Bond,	Gwin,	Owen,
Brown,	Hardin,	Pedersen,
Bunge,	Haines,	Pendarvis,
Burke,	Heinl,	Phillips,
Cahill,	Hill,	Pierson,
Carroll,	Isermann,	Provine,
Cavanagh,	Kenyon,	Shelby,
Chafee,	Kitteman,	Robinson,
Clark,	Kleeman,	Rodman,
Cowlishaw,	Kowalski,	Ross,
Crane,	Loy,	Russell, H.
Dailey,	Mabry,	Schumacher,
Dale,	Magill,	Shanahan,
Dunlap,	Martin,	Sheldon,
Eckhart,	McCaskrin,	Shriner,
Fitzgerald,	McCluskey,	Smethal,
Fleming,	McHenry,	Struckman,
Fuller,	McNichols,	Sullivan,
Gaffney,	McSurely,	Trautmann,
Gilbert,	Mills,	Troxell,
Gilmore, P. H.	Mitchell,	Walsh,
Gilmore, W.	Monroe,	Wendell,
Glenn,	Montgomery,	Williams, J. C.
Gorman,	Nagel,	Zabel,
Graham,	Norden,	Zinger—79.

NAYS.

Adams,	Gray,	Olson,
Bailey,	Harris,	Pattison,
Barnes,	Hearn,	Pogue,
Bell,	Ireland,	Poulton,
Bennett,	Karch,	Rapp,
Bibb,	Keck,	Reynolds,
Bowman,	Kirkpatrick,	Rinaker,
Brady,	Laskowski,	Ronalds,
Brown,	Lindly,	Russell, J. C.
Bullard,	Luke,	Schaefer,
Burnap,	Manny,	Shaw,
Burton,	McGoorty,	Swem,
Cahill,	McKinley, M. L.	Tippit,
Cassell,	McKinley, W.	Webster,
Cavins,	Minnis,	Williams, W. W
Chapman,	Moran,	Wilson,
Cooper,	Mundy,	Witt—52.

Pendarvis said afterwards there was no objections to amendments regarding the disposition of the surplus, but he did not want the bill delayed by being sent back for a second reading, and, therefore, passed the amendments up to the senate.

TAKES ROLE OF PENNYPACKER.

State Senator Chafee Has Anti-Cartoon Bill to Prevent Ridicule of Public Officials.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Senator George D. Chafee of Shelbyville this morning saw a cartoon of the "conventional" legislator, with a large cigar, loud waistcoat, and feet sprawling on the furniture. Twenty minutes afterward he had drawn a bill making it an offense punishable by imprisonment, or fine, or both, for a newspaper to publish a cartoon reflecting on the character of any public official.

Senator Chafee declared he was tired of seeing legislators caricatured as coarse persons with predilection toward yellow or green waistcoats, with coarse features, rum soaked noses, and sinister smiles.

"I've had enough of it," he said, "and I've drawn a bill to see if it can't be stopped. This habit of cartooning the officials of the country undermines the people's confidence in the men they elect. The kind of cartooning to which the late president of this country was subjected makes anarchists, and it will be no restriction of the liberty of the press to prohibit these caricatures. This legislature has suffered long enough from such attacks. The people will begin to think after a while that we look like that picture of the fellow with his feet cocked up on the furniture."

The bill provides that the fine, which may be $100 or more, shall go to the school fund of the county in which it is assessed against the offending publication. It provides that subpoenas on newspapers may be obtained by the papers on any reporter or employe whether he may be found. Thus it would be safe for an energetic cartoonist in Chicago to keep the legislative reporter of his paper constantly dodging summonses.

TAKE RAPS AT GRAIN OFFICE.

Speakers Before Civil Service Committee Plead for Farmers in Urging Reforms in State.

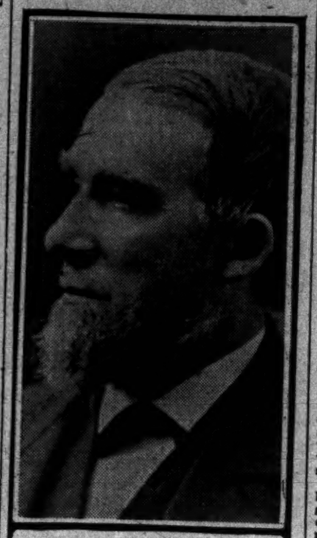
[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Civil service as a protection needed by farmers and grain growers of the state was urged here the civil service committees of the house and senate today. E. A. Bancroft, T. W. Radford, a grain dealer of Chicago; Walter K. Fisher, secretary of the Municipal Voters' league, and W. B. Moulton of the State Civil Service Reform association were speakers before the committees.

The now celebrated Gray resolution, indorsing Roosevelt's freight rate position, reached a hearing in the house today, and in one minute the house refused to concur with the senate in the changes which have been made in it.

Gov. Deneen today sent to the house and senate the hard roads bill drafted by the commission appointed two years ago. The substance of the bill already has been made public.

Is Dead After Years on Bench.



H. W. BLODGETT

Former Judge Henry William Blodgett, one of the pioneers of Chicago and for nearly a quarter of a century on the United States bench in the district of northern Illinois, died at his house in Waukegan yesterday, aged 84 years. He had been in poor health for the last two years.

Mr. Blodgett was born in Amherst, Mass., in 1821, and came to Illinois with his parents when he was 10 years old. With his father, who was a blacksmith, the boy helped to establish a forge at Downer's Grove, Du Page county. The blacksmith shop was a favorite rendezvous for Pottawatamie Indians, who were friendly with the white, and young Henry often played with the Indian children.

When he was 17 years old he went to Amherst academy. He returned to Illinois after a year's study. Then he taught school and subsequently took up land surveying until he was 21. In 1842 he began the study of law in the office of Scammon & Judd. He was admitted to the bar in 1845. In 1852 he was elected to the Illinois legislature, the first anti-slavery member who ever took a seat in that body. In 1853 he was elected to the state senate and served two terms.

In 1855 and for a number of years subsequently he was associated with the legal department of the Chicago and Northwestern railway, of which he was one of the projectors.

On the appointment of President Grant in 1870, Mr. Blodgett was made United States judge. This office he held until 1892, passing on many important cases brought before the court. In that year he was chosen by President Harrison as one of the counsel for the United States in the Bering sea arbitration with Great Britain, and he left the bench. Mr. Blodgett ended his active career with the completion of the commission's work, and since had lived at his residence in Waukegan.

Mr. Blodgett's two daughters, Mrs. Lansing Warren and Miss Carrie Blodgett, the only survivors of the family, were with the venerable jurist at the time of his death. Arrangements for the funeral have not been announced.

BERLIN'S FAMOUS ARTIST DEAD.

Adolf von Menzel, for Seventy Years the Leader of German Art, Passes Away.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—Adolf von Menzel, the artist, died today. He was about 90 years old, and had been identified with the best in German art for seventy years. His genius had been recognized by Emperor William, who had conferred upon him the Order of the Black Eagle, and he was the first civilian in Germany to receive the decoration. By order of the emperor he will be buried in the rotunda of the Museum of Art.

When Menzel was 25 years old he began the really great years of his career as the illustrative biographer of Frederick the Great. The book contained 400 illustrations, and made Menzel famous throughout Europe. This work was followed in succession by "The Works of Frederick the Great," "Frederick and His Paladins," "The Army of Frederick the Great," and "Frederick's Time."

As a painter Menzel's two most famous works are "The Rolling Mill," which was on exhibition at the world's fair in Chicago, and "The Coronation of King William I."

OBITUARY.

MISS FRANCES A. ROOT, one of the pioneers of music in Chicago, died at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. Towner Root, 5200 Cornell avenue, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. While she had been in poor health for several months, her death was sudden and unexpected. Miss Root came to Chicago forty years ago, when she was 27 years of age. During her life she was associated closely with the musical growth of the city, and in her younger days was a noted singer in the choir of the Second Presbyterian church, and later in that of Grace Episcopal church. Until six years ago she was a teacher of vocal music, and some of the most noted singers of Chicago were trained by her. She was a sister of the late George F. Root, the famous composer of war songs, and of E. Towner Root. She was a member of the Fortnightly and an honorary member of the Amateur Musical club. The funeral will be held at 1 p. m. tomorrow at 5200 Cornell avenue.

THE REV. SAMUEL W. EATON, Newton Highlands, Mass., died yesterday. He was born on Christmas day, 1820, at Framingham, Mass., and for three years was chaplain of the Wisconsin Iron brigade, forty years pastor of the Congregational church at Lancaster, Wis., and sixteen years a pastor at Roscoe, Ill. He was the father of Edward D. Eaton, president of Beloit college, Beloit, Wis.

THE EARL OF KENMARE died in London yesterday, aged 80.

FEAR MISSING GIRL ELOPED.

Sheriff of St. Joseph, Mich., Asks Police in Other Cities to Watch for Miss Olive Templeton.

St. Joseph, Mich., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Sheriff Tennant, seeking for Miss Olive Templeton, the beautiful 18 year old student of the Normal Missionary college who disappeared Feb. 2, today requested the aid of the authorities of the west central states, believing that she had eloped and might be found in some large city.

WOMEN TO VOTE FOR ELECTORS.

Kansas Lower House Passes Bill to Grant Universal Suffrage in Presidential Campaigns.

Topeka, Kas., Feb. 9.—The house today, by a vote of sixty-five to forty-nine, passed a bill permitting women to vote for presidential electors.

It Costs a Little More

To go south via Washington, but the advantages you receive more than offset the difference in cost. The Pennsylvania Lines' Manhattan Limited, leaving Chicago daily at 1 p. m., carries through sleeper Chicago to Washington, arriving there 1:20 noon next day, making direct connection for Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points south. Call at city ticket office, 248 Clark street, for full information.

BACK IN WARLIKE MOOD.

BEWARE THE SIXTH OF MARCH, SAYS COMERFORD.

Expelled Member of the House Returns to Chicago Athirst for "Revenge"—No Delegation Greets Him, but He Declares the Populace Will Cry "Good Comerford, Brave Comerford" Some Day—Tells Some of His Plans.

As defiant and impassioned as when he left the floor of the house of representatives of the Illinois general assembly, Frank D. Comerford, late representative from the Second senatorial district, arrived in Chicago last night.

He came in at the Illinois Central station at 7:45 p. m. He was alone, and had it not been for the newspaper men who met him, he would have walked the length of the platform unrecognized. Two dress suit cases formed his luggage. "I will go to my office first," he said.

Back to Capital in March.

"What will I do next? With God's help, on the 6th of next March I will go down to Springfield and help to indict the man who offered Representative Lurton a bribe," he declared. "I don't know whether the men of millions can reach the state's attorneys of small cities, but, if I have the chance, you watch me procure the indictment of that man who dared to attempt the violation of the sacred duty of a state representative.

"That will be my reward, that will be the headstone which I shall rear to mark the grave of my political demise. I want no other reward; I am willing to stand upon my record before the people of Illinois. Yes, let me secure the indictment of that—well, that man—who tried to bribe Mr. Lurton, and I wager some of those farmers will wake up to the kind of men they are sending to the legislature to represent them.

"The cards were stacked on me. What chance had I against a house full of enemies," he said as he seated himself in a carriage. "Do you know what the reformers of this state have to fight for more than anything else? It is a chance to present their evidence. Look at me, I had proof piled upon proof, and I could not introduce it before the committee, stacked to beat me. Bah, it was not an investigation, it was a whitewash. Would they let me go into the history of the Forty-third assembly? Would they let me bring the monuments of proof which I had against the notorious Mitchell? No! They choked me off every time I hit upon a live topic. They strangled me with technicalities.

"Wait Until March 6."

"If only I could have violated confidences. I could have told things that would have put a different light upon the whole matter. But what was the use? Men came to me and told me to draw my salary, for they were going to put me out of the legislature, but my $350 is still there. Other men came to me and said that I was to be expelled because I was a dangerous man, and they feared what I would do if I was not expelled.

"I don't care, I know I'm right, and I'll indict 'em. I'll send 'em to the penitentiary, and then the people will say: 'Good, Comerford; you're a brave man, Comerford.' Wait until March 6. You'll see what I'll do."

Gov. Deneen will call a special election in the Second Senatorial district to elect a successor to Comerford if notified by County Clerk Olson that a vacancy exists. The question of the governor's duty is a matter which was laid before Attorney General Stead yesterday, and an opinion given that a special election should be called in the county clerk gives notice. Members of the house declare they would not accept Comerford's certificate if he were sent back. According to law, he would be immune if he got in again, as a member cannot be expelled twice in one session.

Missouri Hits at Comerford.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 9.—The Missouri house of representatives today adopted a resolution introduced by Representative J. T. Muir of Lewis county, indorsing the action of the lower house of the Illinois legislature in expelling Representative Frank D. Comerford.

BLOW AT EDUCATION BOARD.

Representative Erickson Would Give the Superintendent of Schools Almost Unlimited Powers of Management.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—An educational bill which promises to stir up Chicago teachers was introduced in the house today by S. E. Erickson of Cook county. It gives the superintendent of schools almost unlimited powers and leaves the board of education only the authority to act on his advice.

The board may veto but may not act on its own initiative in much of anything except the purchase of sites and the construction of schools. The appointment of teachers is to be based on examinations, and the promotions on both examinations and service. The term of the superintendent is fixed at five years, and his salary may not be changed during his term of office.

Other bills introduced in the house were:

BY GREEN—Bill to suppress mob violence.

BY KERRICK—Making sale of cigarets illegal.

BY CASTLE—Appropriating $135,000 to extend work of forestry experiments.

In the senate the following bills were passed:

Providing for the summary removal of constables guilty of extortion or other malfeasance in office.

Providing that a bond given in a justice court shall cover all continuances.

Providing that a summons issued by a justice of the peace shall be by copy, so defendant may have full particulars.

Providing against continuance of cases by justice of the peace for more than two days without consent of defendant, if he or she remain in custody.

Appropriating $12,000 for refurnishing and repairing executive mansion.

Appropriating $25,000 for the Lewis and Clark exposition.

WANTS SHIP CANAL PLANNED.

Senator Bare Asks That Commission Be Appointed to Look Into Problems for Waterway to the Gulf.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The project to construct a ship canal from Lake Michigan down the Illinois and Mississippi rivers to the gulf of Mexico came into the senate today in a bill introduced by Senator Bare of Hardin, Ill. He asks for the appointment of a commission of three experts to investigate various problems associated with the plan.

The commission is to receive no pay, but is to have $7,000 for expenses. It shall report to the next assembly on "the reclamation of lands subject to overflow, the construction of levees, the benefits to be derived from the proposed deep waterway, and give other data such as will enable the assembly to carry out the plan."

In a joint resolution it is recited that "we invite not only the interests of Illinois in this commendable movement but the sister states affected by a deep waterway to the gulf to join in the efforts of Illinois to bring about more substantial recognition and support of this project."

CALLS OPTION BILL INVALID.

Anti-Saloon League in Statement Alleges Unconstitutionality of Measure Passed with Referendum Clause.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—In a statement issued by the Anti-Saloon league to the ministers of the state today the local option bill passed yesterday by the senate is declared to be unconstitutional. This contention, it says, is based on the opinion of several lawyers and has been passed up to the attorney of the league in Chicago for an opinion.

The statement contains an answer to the senate charges against the league, and says:

"Naturally, the senate combine is sore. It is obliged in self-defense to do two things: First, to try to discredit the league and its management, and, second, to assert it favored this bill all along."

MAYOR ATTACKED FOR INTERVIEW.

Advocates of Immediate Municipal Ownership Take Harrison to Task.

CRUICE TALKS OF "BUNK."

Calls Words "Gratuitous Insult" —Others Say Blow Is Aimed at Judge Dunne.

Mayor Harrison stirred up a bigger hornet's nest than he anticipated when he gave out his interview on Wednesday attacking immediate ownership. It was taken by the friends of Judge Dunne as an attack on his candidacy for the mayoralty, and they came back at Mr. Harrison vigorously yesterday.

Daniel L. Cruice, who was the immediate municipal ownership candidate for mayor two years ago, spoke of the Harrison utterance as "the bunk statement of a bunk statesman," and Henry M. Ashton asserted Mayor Harrison now bears the same relation to the democratic party of Chicago as Grover Cleveland does to that of the nation.

Other friends of Judge Dunne were equally exercised, thinking they saw in the mayor's attack on what is to be the main plank of Judge Dunne's platform an attack on the judge's candidacy, and the cry went out that the outgoing mayor was trying to see to it a republican should succeed him. As for Mr. Harrison himself, he "ducked" the storm by going out to Palos park to practice rifle shooting.

Daniel L. Cruice Makes Attack.

Mr. Cruice was especially personal in his remarks. Among other things he said:

"Mr. Harrison speaks of 'bunk' municipal ownership, and I do not know of a man better qualified to speak upon or recognize 'bunk' when he sees it than he is; as 'bunk' has been his stock in trade not alone upon municipal ownership but upon all other matters.

"The mayor knows there can be no solution of the traction question by a franchise grant, for the reason that the companies will simply take a franchise as a license to continue their corruption, put crooks into the council and the legislature, and buy further concessions later on; the mayor knows this because the companies have broken every pledge they ever made, and it is fair to assume that they will continue doing so.

"The mayor's statement is a gratuitous insult not only alone to the democratic voters but to the hundreds of thousands of Chicago's citizens who have voted for immediate municipal ownership; it is the 'bunk' statement of a 'bunk' statesman."

Ald. Coughlin and Kenna joined the Dunne procession yesterday when the First Ward Democratic club adopted resolutions favoring his candidacy.

Harlap Reiterates His Views.

There being scarcely any doubt now about Judge Dunne accepting the nomination, when he makes his announcement next Saturday, on a straight municipal ownership platform, the prospective republican nominee, John Maynard Harlan, repeats the stand which he outlined in his original speech of acceptance, in which he said the street railway question was the main issue before the voters, and required a careful study before it could be settled to the satisfaction of everyone.

"I shall announce the platform on which I stand not only with regard to the street railway question but also regarding the reforms which I intend to institute in the city hall if I am elected mayor," said Mr. Harlan, "when the campaign really opens, and I think the people will stand by me. The question is not new, and I think the voters of Chicago know where I stand from the utterances which I have made in the last two mayoralty campaigns so that I need not go into that question again in extenso, but after I am nominated, and I have no doubt that I will be, I will not shirk the street railway question in my campaign speeches."

ATTACKS UNION OF FIREMEN.

Chief Campion Says He Will Try to Disrupt Organization That Aims to Enter Politics.

If Chief Campion keeps in his present mind there is going to be trouble for the officers of the Firemen's association, who have announced they are going into politics in order to defeat the aldermen who voted against the "double platoon" system at Monday's council meeting. He did nothing yesterday, as he wants to consult the mayor first, but his intention is to break up the organization just as the similar organization in the police department was disrupted.

"The men have got to attend to fire business and let politics alone," said the chief yesterday, bringing his hand down on his desk with a bang. "They are talking about not having time enough to themselves. The truth is they have too much. Of late there have a number of firemen got into the department who had some previous education as walking delegates for the teamsters and other labor unions and they are spending all their time figuring up ways of making trouble."

President Powell of the civil service commission said that body would act on any complaint which was brought before it by the chief. "The Policemen's Protective association," said Mr. Powell, "was settled without any action by our body.

"There is no doubt, however, that the formation of a body in a department like the fire, for the purpose of antagonizing the chief and defeating his plans by recourse to political methods and the intimidation of the city council, is opposed to any kind of discipline and must be met with."

POINTS PRIMARY LAW FLAWS.

C. E. Merriam of Chicago Tells Political Science Convention of Troubles in Chicago.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The Michigan Political Science association today opened a convention devoted to a discussion of primary reform. The Cook county primary law, outlined by C. E. Merriam of the University of Chicago, caused much discussion.

"The power of Cook county judges in enforcing this law," said Mr. Merriam, "is one of its best features. A fair count of the ballots is secured in Chicago, but many points of the law are not specific enough. For instance, the ballots are required to be white and 8x8 inches in size, but Chicago politicians have made a thin, smooth, dead white ballot for one party and a thick, rough, cream colored ballot for the other side, in order to know which way a man votes.

"The ruling party's power to make up the nomination precincts is another weakness of our system. Fake instructions is another trick politicians have of outwitting the law, by having delegates pledged to a candidate who never can hope to do more than withdraw and leave his delegates to the bosses' puppets."

Lawmakers Favor Football.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 9.—By a vote of 43 to 37 the house this evening defeated the Cunningham bill making the playing of football in the state a felony.

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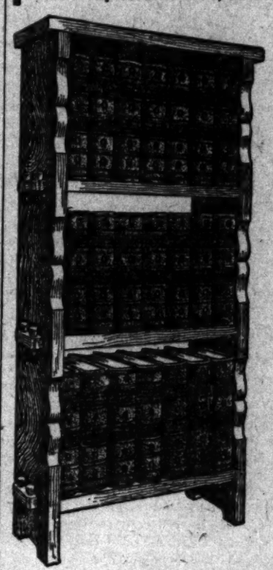

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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

WOODLAWN PARK LODGE NO. 841, A. F. & A. M.—An emergency communication will be held at Fraternity hall, No. 225 East 64th-st., at 11 o'clock a. m. sharp, Sunday, Feb. 12, 1905, thence lodge will repair to Rosehill cemetery, where services will be conducted in the chapel at 1:30 p. m., paying the last sad rites to the memory of our late deceased brother, E. E. Ellason. Funeral train leaves Wells-st. depot at 1 p. m.

ALFRED GROVE, Master.

LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1905.

COMERFORD'S FATE.

Never was a young legislator extinguished so summarily as Mr. Comerford. He may get some comfort out of the fact that his experience is unique. The doors of the house are closed to him. He can create no more sensations there. But the doors of the Sangamon county grand jury room are open to him if he have any information which the grand jurors should have.

There is where Mr. Comerford will have to seek a vindication. He cannot get one from his late constituents, for it will be nearly two years before they have an opportunity to elect representatives, and by that time he may have dropped out of sight, unless, indeed, he is able to get somebody indicted for corruption. Then he will have a right to point the finger of scorn at the men who voted to expel him.

If the ejected legislator has an unbounded thirst for revenge and an inflexible determination to get even with some of the men who took the greatest delight in his expulsion he may be heard from again. If they have done or contemplate doing anything wrong they should beware of Comerford.

HENRY W. BLODGETT.

It is twelve years since Henry W. Blodgett ended his labors in the United States District court for the northern district of Illinois, over which he had presided for twenty-four years. He led so retired a life after leaving the bench that the news of his death may be a surprise to many who had imagined that he had passed away years ago.

Judge Blodgett was not a great judge, but he was what many occupants of the bench are not—a worker. Notwithstanding frequent pains and aches, he stuck to his post and kept up with his business. Some of the lawyers who practiced in his court accused him of being harsh and arbitrary, especially in dealing with young men, but there were no complaints of dilatoriness on his part. He was not happy until his docket was cleaned up. The old lawyers, with hardly an exception, will say that the federal courts in Chicago never were stronger than when Thomas Drummond was Circuit judge and Henry W. Blodgett judge of the District court. They were both indefatigable workers, and the public had full confidence in both.

The event in Judge Blodgett's life which caused him the greatest grief was the charges preferred against him in 1879 by some members of the bar. A committee of the house of representatives was instructed to investigate them, and came here for the purpose. He was exonerated, and thereafter no one ventured to question his acts or motives. When the infirmities of age compelled him to leave the bench the bar deplored a decision which deprived them of the public services of a conscientious and indefatigable judge and a high-minded gentleman.

GREENE AND GAYNOR.

The English privy council has finally rendered its decision in the case of the United States against Greene and Gaynor in favor of this government. It has reversed and also rebuked a certain judge in Quebec whose high handed action has for nearly three years delayed the extradition of the two men. They will now be brought back to this country and made to answer for their part in the notorious frauds perpetrated on the federal government in the Savannah harbor improvements. They have successfully fought for five years all attempts to bring them to justice. Over two years of that time they resided in the state of New York, and were able to resist the efforts of the government for their removal to Savannah for trial. When the order was secured they fled to Canada and started a legal tug-of-war, which has just been decided in favor of the American courts. In the meantime Capt. Carter, who was associated with these two men in the frauds, and upon whom the government was able to get service within a reasonable time, has been tried, sentenced, and has served his term of imprisonment.

In his message to congress President Roosevelt cited the Greene and Gaynor case as an illustration of the vicious system of procedure which had grown up in the federal courts, which delayed for months and years the efforts of the government to bring an offender to the place appointed by the constitution for his trial. The attorney general urged that congress sweep aside these obstructions to criminal prosecutions, and the president said that "in criminal cases the writ of the United States should run throughout its borders."

Congress has not heeded the recommendation of the president. Nothing has been done to give the writ of the United States the effectiveness it should have.

"BUNK!"

Mayor Harrison said the other day in one of his felicitous bursts of confidence that immediate municipal ownership is "bunk." He might wisely have extended his candor and confessed that the referendum is also "bunk"—pure bunk! THE TRIBUNE regrets that the mental operations of the mayor were arrested short of complete development.

The plan of submitting to the people in a great community like Chicago abstract and abstruse propositions in economics, law, or morals in the pretended belief that a wise decision will surely be forthcoming belongs properly in the domain of burlesque. We saw the other day how foolish the senate of the United States could be when acting in committee of the whole on the statehood bill. The referendum in Chicago means a committee of the whole of 400,000 souls—or persons more or less soulful. The propositions submitted to a huge, raw, careless community for instant definite decision are of the most puzzling kind—hedged about by restrictions—limited by financial, legal, or physical conditions imperfectly understood or purposely obscured and subject to sudden and violent change.

Do you deny then the invariable wisdom of the community voting as a whole? Yes, we deny that communal action is always wise. The best example we have of a pure democracy is Athens. It was a small, compact, homogeneous community, highly civilized, and usually controlled by patriotic and unselfish impulses. The apostle of the referendum ought to read the history of Athens and issue it in leaflets to his "old subscribers." Athens was the birthplace of the demagogue. If it is not too elementary, one may be excused for saying that the word "demagogue" originally meant "leader of the people," but afterwards came to mean "leader of the mob."

If you wish to know what happened to Athens, go to Syracuse and visit the ancient quarries, where 6,000 of the flower of Athenian manhood were imprisoned and slowly starved to death. That was because they had the "referendum" in Athens and the demagogues encouraged the lust of conquest and the spirit of adventure in order to keep the reckless and uneasy members of the community away from home. They were occupied in Syracuse the best part of their lives—many of them—and when that ill-fated expedition perished the beginning of the end was writ large on the walls of the Athenian temples.

The mob we have always with us, and the demagogues. Some of them have little interest in the welfare of the community. Some of them are purely selfish. Others are impurely unscrupulous. Some are idealists. Many are socialists masquerading as reformers. What do they want? Generally speaking, they want the property of other people and don't want to pay for it. The theory of our institutions contemplates such a thing as private ownership. Many of the demagogues have no room in their programs—vast as they are—for individualism. Incentives to industry, stimulants to worthy ambition, rewards for special merit—all are to be swept away. "Rushing" should be discouraged. Heroism should be suppressed. Slow and uncertain is to be the course of the new commonwealth. We know pretty well where these doctrines came from—who are teaching them now and who will continue to teach them so long as they afford a snug harbor for indolence, improvidence, and plunder.

If our legislators, municipal and state, have any stamina left they will in future refuse to submit to the people abstract questions having only a theoretical interest, calling only for the expression of an opinion, and imposing no obligation upon anybody to respect that opinion after it has been expressed. The practice tends to cultivate contempt for popular institutions. There is no sense in firing a lot of abstract questions that have no immediate significance at people who have no disposition to examine them carefully or pass upon them intelligently. Putting these questions at the tail of a long ticket full of names calling for votes and even fractional votes, besides a number of constitutional amendments and laws that must be voted on if they are to become effective, is an absurd extension of the doctrine of popular sovereignty.

Should the moon be made of Canadian or Swiss cheese? Is it desirable that pie should have an upper as well as an under crust? Can "God Save Our Home" be hung without profanity in a flat? Has the Municipal Art society truly banished smoke from Chicago? These and similar questions may be submitted to the people at the next election and their opinions be solicited, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Meanwhile we are glad the firemen have acted. They will do a lot of good. They are the real stuff! Some of them are going to boycott the aldermen who voted not to give them $500,000 the city didn't have and has no means of getting. The firemen want real money, too—not "stage" money. The alderman who will not take a crowbar and pry this money out of John Coughlin's "bank" or some other man's bank when the firemen want it and ask for it is "real mean."

There are only 900 firemen in this row, and they are splitting the heavens with their lamentations. If now we had 9,000 employés of the traction companies asking for higher pay and lower hours, more "inspectors," individual oil stoves, fur overcoats, and inside pockets—besides the abolition of those symbols of tyranny and oppression, the bell punch and the cash register—and if this cry went up on the eve of a municipal election—we fancy the overture in the council chamber would be listened to in hushed silence and then the opera would go tumultuously on.

No need of a referendum to decide such questions as these. When action was asked for by 9,000 or 90,000 voters, the council would vote the money, and if the city didn't have the money, the men who wanted it would go and take it—somewhere, anywhere! That would be the apotheosis of municipal ownership. The municipality would be owned by the men it pretended to employ. Common people would have to call for the police—or the troops—or move away.

ANOTHER PRIVATE BANK GONE.

Some country members of the legislature are saying that while there may be need of supervision of private banks in Chicago there is none in the rural districts. They say the farmers are more cautious than the city people and do not intrust their funds to bankers unless satisfied as to their character and resources.

Nevertheless, there seems to be need of the regulation of private banks in the country districts. The farmers of McHenry county are not below the average in caution and general intelligence, but a number of them are excited at this moment over the unexplained disappearance of a private banker in whom they had unlimited confidence. They deposited $20,000 with him, but when the sheriff opened the safe of the bank only a few cents were found there.

There is no denying it that legislation to protect men against sharpers who engage in the banking business is needed in the country as well as the city. Either because of downright rascality or a lack of business ability private banks in which the funds of farmers are deposited fail with distressing regularity.

The chatter about the immunity from loss of country depositors should stop. The facts contradict it. Private bankers, wherever they operate, should be looked after by the state.

"O, WISE YOUNG JUDGE!"

He either fears his fate too much,
Or his deserts are small,
That dares not put it to the touch,
To gain or lose it all.

To which count of the indictment will Judge Dunne plead guilty? He has asked his friends of the democratic executive committee whether he ought to resign from the bench if nominated for the mayoralty, and they answer vociferously that he should stay where he is until he shall get another job—one "equally good." Doubtless the advice will be acted on. No judge will ask the question who does not believe with the gentleman from Texas that "a bird in the hand is the noblest work of God."

If Judge Dunne is sure that a majority of the voters are behind him, why does he not retire from the bench, where his services will be of little or no value during the campaign? Other judges have done so when nominated for political offices, feeling that they could not give litigants that undivided and impartial attention they are entitled to. But they were men who did not need to consult political friends about questions of judicial propriety.

"Sure things" in politics and on the race track are not invariably sure, and if Judge Dunne were to resign from the bench, where he is paid $10,000 a year, he might fail to get the mayoralty with its salary of equal amount. But it is to be hoped he would not starve without an office. The illustrious services of Judge Dunne should be worth more than $10,000 a year to his abounding clients. One hears much from his friends of the judge's legal attainments. He would have a better opportunity to demonstrate it at the bar than on the bench.

When Judge Dunne gives notice that he will not separate himself from his judicial salary until he is assured of one equally good, will not the people, whom he says he loves and trusts, begin to cry out, "O, ye of little faith"? Will not they begin to question his absolute confidence in them and in the popularity of "immediate municipal ownership"? The judge says he believes implicitly in the "referendum." He will never have a better chance to test its merits than when he submits his claims to the mayoralty to a discriminating public.

Judge Dunne does not trust nor love the people. He intends to do business with them on strict business principles. There is no sentiment about him. He will trade a judgeship for the mayoralty on even terms, but he will not surrender one job until he gets another. The prudent judge will take no chances, lest his daily bread might fall with the buttered side down.

NOTHING but an injunction can stop Mr. Comerford's career as a reformer now.

M. WITTE is beginning to see where Russia can use peace to good advantage in its business just at this time.

IT seems that the persons really responsible for the Iroquois theater horror have not been discovered yet.

EGGS are quoted at 50 cents a dozen in Kansas City. At that figure they become merely a question for academic discussion.

BESIDES, it is by no means certain that Bat Masterson is the ba-a-ad man he used to be.

THE statement is going the rounds that Uncle Sam will pay $100,000 a year to the right man for the Panama canal job. Hasn't Senator H----ns another son?

NEARLY 7,000 books were published in this country last year. You didn't read more than half of them, perhaps.

THERE may be one advantage in traveling to Milwaukee by boat. You are thirstier when you get there.

A POLAR bear occupying a cozy den in the Lincoln park menagerie at Chicago died last week from the effects of the cold. That's all.—Sioux City Journal.

No, it isn't. There's more. That bear, full of years and honors, passed away because it had lived out its allotted time on earth. Peace to its stuffed hide!

NEXT Tuesday the man who does not dare to say it to your face will send you a comic valentine.

WOODMAN, spare the big sequoias of California!

IN A MINOR KEY.

Omissions of History.

"What will you order, sir?" asked the waiter.

"Give me liberty, or give me death!" absent mindedly responded the man at the table.

"I don't think we've got either of them on the bill of fare today, sir, but if——"

"I beg your pardon," said Patrick Henry—for it was he—rousing himself; "I was practicing on the speech I am going to make tomorrow."

Hastily opening a copy of one of McGuffy's readers and looking to see if he had quoted the saying correctly, he ordered a plate of corned beef and cabbage.

Knew All About Him.

Sunday School Teacher—"Who was Peter?"

Tow Headed Boy—"He was the 'postle that crowed three times."

Thought There Might Be a Difference.

Mrs. Upmore (in search of a girl)—"Can you do housework?"

Girl—"I dunno, mem. I've always wurruked in flats."

Additional Particulars.

The polar bear at the Lincoln park zoo lay dying.

"I've often thought of escaping," he said, "but this seems to be the easiest way out. Besides, I haven't forgotten what happened to Big Ben."

Then he closed his eyes and went to Aurora Borealis land.

Confusing Titles.

Perplexed Foreigner—"You say he was ze general manager of ze street car company?"

Native—"Yes."

Perplexed Foreigner—"And now he ees a captain of industry?"

Native—"Yes."

Perplexed Foreigner—"Do you call zat promotion in zis country?"

No Further Necessity.

Maud—"Well, I see Mabel Garlinghorn, after all these years, has given up trying to get Phip Sikes."

Irene—"What's the reason?"

Maud—"Haven't you heard? She's got him."

C. W. T.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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IN spite of the assertions of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador at Washington, to the effect that the war in the far east is only just beginning, there is much that goes to show that it is drawing to a close, among other things the return of a number of Russian and foreign officers, who would certainly not turn their steps homeward were there any prospect of a continuation of the campaign throughout the spring and summer. Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, the chief of the English military mission in the field, is returning. Gen. Sir William Nicholson is already on the way home. Don Jaime, only son of the Spanish pretender, Don Carlos, and who has twice been decorated for gallantry under fire while serving as a cavalry officer on the staff of Gen. Kouropatkin, has written to his friends on the Riviera that he will shortly join them there, while Lord Brooke, Reuter's representative at Russian headquarters, with whom his employers only last fall concluded a contract to continue in their service as long as the war lasted at a large remuneration, has likewise written to his parents, Lord and Lady Warwick, and to his friends that he will shortly be in London, the inference, of course, being that there will be no further war in the far east for some time to come at any rate. These are only a few of the names of hundreds of foreigners and Russians who have been out in the far orient since the war got under way, and who are now announcing their speedy return home.

In this connection the sudden appearance at Washington of Cecil Spring Rice is exceedingly significant, especially in view of his interview with the president at the White house late Sunday night. He is the secretary and counselor of the British embassy at St. Petersburg, and was until a few months ago first secretary of the British embassy at Berlin, where he married Miss Lascelles, the daughter of the ambassador, Sir Frank Lascelles. He is persona grata with the kaiser, and, being an old personal friend of the president, of whom he used to see a great deal when the latter was living at Washington as civil service commissioner, has been regarded as particularly well qualified to assist in negotiations that partake more of a personal character as between rulers than of an official character as between governments.

Cecil Spring Rice is one of the favorites of the foreign office in London, having been in turn private secretary to the late Lord Granville and to Lord Rosebery when they were foreign ministers. He is a grandson of the first Lord Monteagle of the present creation, whose peerage, I may add, has no connection, save that of name, with the former Lords Monteagle, who were not Spring Rices but Stanleys, one of them playing a notable rôle during the reign of King James I. in connection with the gunpowder plot.

It is curious that Cecil Spring Rice's sudden appearance at Washington should have coincided with the announcement of the appointment of Walter Townley to the post of counselor and first secretary of the British embassy at Washington, to which capital he is transferred from Constantinople, where he has been holding a similar position. His wife is Lady Susan Keppel, sister of the present earl of Albermarle, of the Hon. George Keppel, who helped to represent Sir Thomas Lipton in this country for a couple of years, and also of the Hon. Derek Keppel, who is one of the equerries of the prince of Wales. Walter Townley is a son of Charles Townley, who was lord lieutenant of Cambridgeshire, and one of the great land owners of that county and of Norfolkshire. He is not, however, connected with the famous Roman Catholic family of Towneley, who spell their name differently and who are, or rather were, Lancashire people, instead of belonging to the county of Cambridge.

Meetings are being organized all over Servia, particularly among the peasantry, in favor of the dethronement of King Peter, not only on account of the personal objection to this monarch, who has failed to win either the affection or the respect of his lieges, but likewise because it is felt that his continuance on the throne entails a still further increase in the bitterness of that party strife which is paralyzing the administration of the government and the economic prosperity of the country. The masses resent the manner in which he has allowed himself to be reduced to humiliating subjection by the murderers of his predecessor, who terrorize him to such a degree that they practically rule the kingdom. And then, too, the masses of Servian people are beginning to appreciate the fact that their court is boycotted by foreign governments and sovereigns, and that in consequence of this it has become virtually impossible for the Servian administration to borrow any money abroad.

The object which the anti-dynastic party has now in view is to invite some foreign prince of good standing to assume the throne. The Servians envy the good fortune of their neighbors, the Roumanians, who went through much the same experience with a number of native princes, and finally drove them out in disgust and elected a foreigner. Prince Charles of Hohenzollern, to become their sovereign. Under his rule they have acquired prosperity at home and respect and consideration abroad. Their burdens in the way of taxation are far inferior to those of the Servians, and, moreover, the stability of the government insures them a tranquil enjoyment of their possessions, as well as security of life and property. The Servian is more thrifty and industrious than the Roumanian, though, perhaps, less keen witted, and he has at length become alive to the advantage which there would be to him in every way if he were to substitute a foreign prince of the class of King Charles of Hohenzollern to the murderers' puppet and instrument who now wears the crown of Servia.

That King Peter's reign at Belgrade is drawing to a close is believed in every capital of Europe, and the extraordinary attitude which the foreign envoys accredited to his government have been forced to adopt in declining to cross the threshold of his palace, or to attend any state function, lest they should be subjected to the indignity of meeting the officers whose hands are stained with the blood of Alexander and Queen Draga, is, of course, contributing in no small degree to his downfall.

The prince of Wales' two eldest boys, Prince "David" and Prince Albert, are being prepared to enter the Royal Naval college at Osborne a few months hence, probably in the fall, when the elder will be going on towards his twelfth year, while his brother will have turned ten. Of course, it is younger than the age at which boys are ordinarily admitted to this college. But the two royal lads are well advanced for their years, and will be surrounded with special care and attention at the college, with their own tutors and servants, while they will have Princess Henry of Battenberg with her children close by, since her place at Osborne practically forms part of the same royal domain to which the naval college and its grounds belong.

It is felt by the prince and princess of Wales that their sons will at the naval college not only have the advantage of mixing with other youngsters on a footing of more or less equality, but likewise of becoming inured to discipline which it is difficult for them to learn at home. Then, too, at Osborne they will be free from much of all that demoralizing atmosphere of adulation and flattery which is inherent to life at court, and likewise be protected from the excitements in the shape of state functions, visits of foreign rulers, etc., all of which are calculated to interfere with their studies and to work them up into a frame of mind that is not conducive to their welfare.

Although both are going to the naval college at Osborne, yet it is only the younger who is destined to the naval profession, and who on leaving Osborne will be transferred to the Britannia at Dartmouth. The elder is to receive a military education on leaving Osborne.

Has Good Start.

Bishop Potter's Subway saloon hasn't been denounced much lately. Meanwhile, it is doing a flourishing business without the free advertising it formerly got. It thrives on its own merits now, instead of on the indignation of its pious critics.—Boston Herald.

Possibilities.

When a New York man was fined $25 the other day his wife and eight aunts and female cousins who were in court promptly swooned. What dreadful thing would have happened if he had been fined $25.49?—Buffalo Express.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

THE PERPETUAL GROUCH

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

He never is pleased with a book;
He always is ready to swear,
Before he has taken a look,
That nothing worth reading is there.
He cannot sit still in his chair,
He always finds bumps in his couch—
Cross as the proverbial bear,
He has a Perpetual Grouch.

Long since he entirely forsook
Attempts to get rid of his air
Of viewing each friend as a crook—
For friendship he seems not to care.
And be the day gloomy or fair
He walks with the grumpiest slouch,
Unkempt as to clothing or hair,
He has a Perpetual Grouch.

At singer, or artist, or cook,
Malevolently he will stare,
His nose in a grim, sneering hook,
His eyes in a glittering glare—
His lips we may fitly compare
To strings round a miser's worn pouch,
For he has no kind words to share—
He has a Perpetual Grouch.

L'ENVOI.

Friend, fall in no pessimist's snare,
For—this is the truth we will vouch—
They'll say this of you, on the square:
"He has a Perpetual Grouch."

W. D. N.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS

Parsifal Lecture.

From 3 till 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon Rubin Goldmark kept an audience which completely filled the Illinois theater deeply interested in a lecture on "Parsifal." The approaching presentation at the theater of the last of the Wagner music dramas was the reason for the giving of the lecture, it being Manager Savage's desire to familiarize his patrons as far as possible with the story and music of the intricate art work. In Mr. Goldmark the audience made the acquaintance of a musician and speaker of attractive qualities. He speaks with delightful clarity in enunciation and pronunciation, his every word being distinctly audible in all parts of the theater. His voice is agreeable in tone, and his presentment of the "Parsifal" story is concise, and yet sufficiently in detail to make intelligible its full dramatic content, and to reveal at least a fair measure of its poetic beauty and significance.

Fortunately, there was shown little disposition on the lecturer's part to try to read into the story any great religious or ethical meaning. He contented himself with describing the action as Wagner arranged it, and letting the listener form his own estimates and opinions. The musical illustrations were effectively played, the different motives being given first in their simplest form, and then attention being called to their employment in the more important movements in the score. The lecture will be repeated next Tuesday.

It is subject for satisfaction that the advance sale for the "Parsifal" performances has been exceptionally large. Mr. Savage has undertaken a daring piece of work—daring since ultimate financial profit is scarcely possible, so great is the expense entailed—but his daring makes accessible to the American public one of the most important musical works of the present day, and it is good to know that appreciation is not to prove wanting.

The report was circulated actively yesterday that Miss Virginia Harned would end her tour in "The Lady Shore" at the completion of the engagement at the Illinois theater next Saturday night. It was authoritatively stated last evening by the management that, while Miss Harned's route had been changed and that instead of going west she and her company would return to New York, her season would not end. Two weeks devoted to reshaping the Thompson-Smith play will be spent in the east, and then the revised version will be presented in New York.

Eugen d'Albert, the German pianist who will be the soloist this afternoon and tomorrow evening at the Chicago orchestra concerts in Orchestra hall, has not been heard here in some thirteen years. His recent appearance in New York resulted in the critical statement that he is still one of the foremost pianists of the world and that, despite the long period he devoted to composing (to the neglect of his piano playing), his technic is still equal to any demands he makes upon it and that his interpretative powers have known deepening and broadening since last he appeared here. His selections with the orchestra will be the Beethoven "Emperor" Concerto, the same work played by Mr. Paur in Orchestra hall Monday evening. The orchestral numbers will be the Mozart Symphony in D major, the Dvorak "Symphonic Variations," and the Elgar Concert Overture "In the South."

A concert will be given this evening in Music hall by the Portuguese baritone, Marquis Francisco de Sousa; Augusta Newman Posner, contralto; James Pinedo, violinist; and Chevalier Lo Verde, pianist.

Margaret Anglin will follow "The Girl and the Bandit" at the Studebaker Feb. 20. She will offer her new play, "A Wife's Strategy."

Orrin Johnson is still confined to his hotel with the grip, and Mr. Ethier is playing the title rôle in "Ben Hur" at the Auditorium. Mr. Johnson, it is believed, will be able to appear on Monday next.

W. L. HUBBARD.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

LIFE IN SING SING.

An Ex-Conviet's Story of the Great Penitentiary.

"LIFE IN SING SING," by "No. 1,500," is a remarkable story, or series of stories, from real life, of quite its own interest, and, as well, of great instructiveness. It is a decidedly inside view. Its information is intimate, and abounds in disclosures of conditions, of characters, of motives, of influences, of moral lessons, of suggestion for penal reforms, for preventive effort of various kinds, of methods for reform, told in graphic and effective ways, and altogether deserving of thoughtful attention.

The author, after explaining how he himself got there, goes on to tell of diet and discipline, a world of graft, prison labor, executions, prisoners of prominence, the reformation of the prisoner, escapes, the government of the prison, with its various blunders and abuses.

A chapter is also given to the rich vocabulary of glory among convicts. The concluding reflections of the ex-convict are serious enough. The sincere student of sociological conditions and tendencies will here find plenty of food for thought.

ANOTHER JAPANESE ROMANCE.

Clive Holland Writes of an Anglo-Japan Alliance.

Though the story of an Englishman who goes to Japan and becomes involved in a transient marriage with a Japanese woman is not particularly novel, Clive Holland has treated it in an entertaining and sensible way in "A JAPANESE ROMANCE." Somerville, who is visiting a friend in Japan, has his marriage with Mio San precipitated by the jealousy of the friend's wife. After a few months of married life he returns to England with the thought of an English girl in his heart. The deserted wife, after hoping for some time against hope, kills herself, and Somerville is left free to marry the other.

The fact that Somerville was 38, a graduate of the Latin quartier who had survived many emotional campaigns before he fell a victim to the charms of Mio San, is an interesting comment on Dr. Frank Lydston's theory that a man undergoes a degeneration of stamina between 35 and 45. (Frederick A. Stokes company.)

KITTY OF THE ROSES.

A Charming Flower-Lyric by Ralph Henry Barbour.

There is always an attractiveness to a rose garden, and added interest when the roses are cultured by a dainty maiden. When the girl is like the one pictured in "KITTY OF THE ROSES," by Ralph Henry Barbour (Lippincott & Co.), the combination is one well nigh invincible. At least so Stephen Burton found it. He was an architect with an independent fortune, who had wandered into a sleepy old southern town to make a detailed study of a certain phase of church architecture. His windows overlooked a rose garden—a multicolored medley of all the old fashioned varieties of roses whose possession marks the genuine rose lover as distinguished from the scientific culturist. One morning, while overlooking this rose garden, he beheld the fairest rose of them all—Kitty of the Roses. To a man of Burton's nature to think was to act, and he deliberately encountered her the next morning when she appeared to cut her usual basket of roses. From the first moment when he met the enemy he was hers. Each day following he met and talked with her in the rose garden until he was suddenly called away by business. When he returns, Kitty has gone to New York. Finding that her uncle, with whom she has disappeared, is a man to whom he has a letter of introduction, Burton hastens to New York and begins a search for the rose lady. After many days of searching he discovers her just in time to be at the dock from which she has sailed to Europe—ten minutes after she has gone.

After a year of travel Kitty returns to her native town. Burton, guided by instinct, arrives there almost simultaneously. Strolling out for a walk, he looks in through a church window and discovers Kitty, followed by a troop of bridemaids, advancing to the altar on the arm of another man.

Dejected, Burton resolves to forsake the locality forever. He meets Kitty, however, the next morning. It is only fair to let Mr. Barbour tell what happened and why he did not leave.

The book is full of the fragrance and daintiness of the flowers which form the keynote to the story. While hardly up to the standard of Mr. Barbour's earlier work, it is pleasant and cheerful. It is not a laborious effort, but is successful in what it attempts—to be a flower-lyric in prose.

The book is attractively bound and chicly illustrated with colored photographs of the two principal characters.

"Vatican; or, The Heir of Limerick."

Mrs. Isidore Kerfoot of this city has written "The Vatican; or, The Heir of Limerick." It is a temperance story of great earnestness, and of the "joy and rewards of Christian living." It is announced that it is not fiction, but a record of facts. The influence of the book, if it have any, must be to uplift human nature and to sustain faith in Christianity.

REFORMS IN CONSULAR SERVICE: MISSIONARIES WHO TEACH SEDITION.

American Officials in Foreign Ports Poorly Paid and Many Maintained Solely to Protect So-called Educational Institutions.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Apropos of the resignation of Mr. Goodnow, for many years past our consul general at Shanghai, China, it seems a pity that congress cannot find time to take up the Lodge bill and enact it into law. Senator Lodge's object is to do away with certain of the more flagrant defects in our consular system, especially those brought to light in the reports of H. H. D. Peirce, third assistant secretary of state.

Mr. Peirce has made two protracted tours of investigation, and has furnished the state department with a variety of useful and important information. Apparently his disclosures have inspired the Lodge bill, for that measure contemplates a correction of many of the evils described by him.

For example, the bill proposes an abolition of the fee system, which Mr. Peirce shows is productive of widespread mischief and demoralization. Our consuls, not receiving adequate salaries, and compelled, therefore, to look to fees for means of support, inevitably concentrate their solicitude on the more productive field and correspondingly neglect the legitimate duties of the office.

Consuls Are Poorly Paid.

It is not the consul's fault in the first place. He is poorly paid by the government, and then invited to recruit his income from extra official sources. If, at last, these outside occupations come to monopolize his activities, that is only a natural and logical evolution, for the cause of which he can hardly be held responsible.

For one thing, the consul is called upon to give advice and to execute papers in the settlement of the estates of persons dying abroad, or in the adjustment of legacies inherited abroad. The fees in such cases are sometimes considerable, but Mr. Peirce shows that often the consuls are not lawyers, or are incompetent ones, and that frequently they recommend legal advisers with whom they have a species of partnership in the profits of the transaction.

This may easily lead, as, indeed, it frequently does, to unfortunate results, causing delay, confusion, and extra expense, and it nearly always leads to a competition among consuls for such remunerative business.

It is only one instance of the temptation that besets the ill paid consular official, usually ending in his virtual abandonment of the important public duties he is expected to discharge. The chief blame, however, resides in the system itself. It is essentially vicious, and no good can come of it.

Consuls Where None Is Needed.

There are other weak spots in our consular scheme, some of them perhaps more mischievous than those already mentioned, at least so far as concerns their possibilities. It is a fact, for example, that we have consulates at points where there is practically nothing to justify their maintenance. Take the case of Harput, in Asia Minor. Harput is not a seaport. It is an interior town of 7,000 population, the American colony numbering exactly twenty-eight persons, not one of whom is engaged in commerce. Secretary Hay's report, transmitted to the senate June 9, 1902, says:

"With the exception of the consul and his family, the above mentioned [the so-called American colony] are all engaged in missionary or educational work."

If there were any trade with the United States it would naturally pass through Samsoun, the seaport for that district, where there is a United States consul; but there is no trade whatsoever, for the same report shows that the duties of the Samsoun consul "consist of the certification of an occasional invoice, the protection of American missionaries in their dealings with the customs officials, and the visé of passports of American teachers."

If this is the occupation of our consul at the seaport—and by the way, he is not an American, but a Greek—what can be the legitimate occupation of the consul at Harput, which is an inland town, with no American residents engaged in commerce and with no commerce in which the United States is even indirectly interested?

The same question might be asked in connection with a dozen other consular establishments in that part of the world, and the replies from Samsoun and Harput would serve for all.

Mischief Making Agencies.

"Protection of American interests" is a vague term, but when we know that those interests are all "missionary" or "educational," it seems in order to wonder why purely benevolent and altruistic enterprises labor under the chronic hostility of the local authorities, and why, even if this hostility be capricious or unwarranted, the United States government should maintain opera bouffe consulates for their protection.

Gen. George B. Williams of Indiana, who has spent much of his life abroad, and is especially familiar with conditions in Japan, China, Russia, and the Turkish empire, use on several occasions presented a vigorous and emphatic answer to this conundrum. He says that these consulates are mischief making agencies, in that they protect missionary and educational establishments which teach sedition.

Harput is in the Armenian district. The Armenians have been Christians for centuries. There is no question, therefore, of converting them, or saving their souls—leading them out of darkness into light, as the saying goes.

Gen. Williams deliberately asserts that these missions teach the English language, distributing incendiary literature and encouraging political intrigue and tumult. He has said this in print over his own signature and on his personal responsibility. Moreover, it is at least a singular coincidence that nearly all the troubles we hear of in Asiatic Turkey occur exactly in those localities where our consuls are stationed for no visible purpose save that of protecting American "missionaries and educators."

Cause of Many Tragedies.

Gen. Williams denounces these establishments as a gross corruption of the service, as organized interference in the domestic affairs of a friendly nation, and the sole cause of the tragedies that occur there from time to time. And what Gen. Williams alleges in this connection cannot be dismissed upon the theory that he doesn't know what he is taking about. His familiarity with the situation is complete.

Thus it appears that our consular service is in sad need of reformation on more than one important line. The Lodge bill contemplates improvement of a much needed character. Our consuls should be paid a definite and sufficient salary, and all fees should be covered into the treasury. They ought to be enabled to live like gentlemen and give all their time and attention to the public business. If the service is worth maintaining it is all, there is just one way to do it properly.

As for these Barmecide consulates, which have no legitimate function whatsoever and whose activities are represented in seditious uprisings, in appeals to Washington for help, and in the employment of blustering warships, with the attendant overture of trouble and complication, the sooner they are eliminated the better, unless we really need some foreign hot water for our national health.

FRIDAY, FEB. 10, 1905.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

The king of Sweden acknowledged the emperor of Germany in his new character of emperor of Austria.

SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

A new administration under Lord Palmerston was formed in England.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Congress approved the act to secure the rights of citizenship to children of American citizens who had been born in foreign countries.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

President Lincoln made public the correspondence which had passed between him and Jeff Davis in the peace negotiations carried on through F. P. Blair.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Congress repealed the Pacific mail subsidy.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

London announced the fall of Khartum and the stabbing to death of Gen. Gordon.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

For the first time the mail trains brought Chicago morning papers into Duluth and West Superior on the day of publication.

LITTLE ATTENTIONS FROM THE WATCHMAN.

Unhappy Tourist—"But why should I give a tip to the watchman?"

Hotel Proprietor—"Why, he kept an eye on you so that you wouldn't skip without paying your bill."—Schnauferl.

LOSS OF BUSINESS AROUSES THE EAST

Tremendous Exports of Grain Via Gulf Threatens Atlantic Cities.

MAID OF 50 SPOILS HOME.

Wife of 66 Gets Verdict of $50,000 Against Spinster for Husband's Love.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Feb. 9.

At the produce exchange today there met 250 representatives of commercial bodies in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Buffalo, Detroit, Toledo, and other cities and various trades associations of this city, along with representatives of the Pennsylvania, New York Central, Erie, Lackawanna, and Lehigh Valley railroads, to take action regarding the diversion of the export grain traffic from the Atlantic seaboard ports to gulf ports through low rates made by western and southern roads.

Fear for Export Grain Trade Going by Gulf Ports.

H. B. Herbert, president of the exchange, stated the object was to take steps to strengthen the Atlantic trunk lines by meeting the rates of the southwestern lines.

James F. Parker, chairman of the committee on trade transportation, said:

"The eastern public is not sufficiently awake to the importance of this struggle to meet the great inroads made upon New York's commerce by the southwestern lines favoring gulf ports. The commercial life of the cities of the Atlantic seaboard is in jeopardy."

A committee was appointed to devise means to check the evil.

John T. Sickel, a delegate from the Chicago board of trade, pointed out that from 1900 to the summer of 1904 only from 15 to 20 per cent of the corn exported went through the gulf ports, and this year over 40 per cent of the total had been shipped by the southwestern lines through gulf ports.

George C. Marcey of the Chicago board of trade outlined the history of the situation and said:

"The Atlantic seaboard stands a better chance today of obtaining an equitable adjustment than it ever did. It is simply a case of the Chicago-Mississippi river gateway roads and the Atlantic seaboard roads standing for and insisting upon their rights."

The assistance of all the organizations represented was pledged to the movement.

Standing in front of a mirror, and so nervous he had to hold a revolver in both hands, Henry A. Clark shot himself in the head tonight. He probably will die. Clark, who is 65 years old and wealthy, had suffered sixteen years from hardening of the arteries. Mrs. Woodward of Chicago is his daughter.

Mrs. Sarah S. Williams, 66 years old, of Brooklyn got a verdict of $50,000 in the Supreme court, Brooklyn, this afternoon in a suit brought by her against Miss Susie Wright, 30 years old, the daughter of a wealthy lumber dealer of Williamsburg, whom she alleges "feloniously, willfully, and without warrant of law" had stolen away her husband's affection.

Wife of 66 Gets $50,000 Verdict from Spinster.

Miss Wright failed to appear in court although she had put in a general denial.

The condition of Bishop William E. McLaren of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Chicago, who is ill in this city, was reported today to be satisfactory. Unless complications arise his recovery is assured.

A conference attended by 100 clergymen was held in Calvary Baptist church today to devise ways and means of purifying the city and reviving the moral sense of Greater New York. The ministers represented nearly all denominations. They decided that the situation called for the united action of every moral agency, and it was determined to inaugurate a crusade of great magnitude.

Clergymen Unite in Konster Crusade Against Vice.

Announcement was made tonight of a settlement between the broker creditors of Munroe & Munroe, who were interested in Montreal and Boston stock, and the syndicate of bankers and others for which these creditors have alleged that Munroe & Munroe were agents. A syndicate will advance $90,000 to discharge the royalties and other urgent payments on the dominion mine properties and an amount of stock has been set aside to provide for the payments on the dominion purchase contract.

Syndicate Settles with Creditors of Munroe Bros.

An attempt by City Controller Grout to have Joseph Williams, secretary of the New York Edison company, committed to jail for contempt in refusing to answer the controller's questions as to the cost of producing gas and electricity sold to the city failed today. Justice Marean in the Supreme court declared that the law under which the controller was attempting to proceed was unconstitutional so far as it affected this case.

Grout Fails to Send Edison Official to Jail.

Gov. Higgins granted a pardon today to Alexander Stewart of this place, who was sentenced in 1900, when he was 14 years old, to serve twenty years in Sing Sing prison for killing another boy. The pardon is conditional. The boy goes to the "George Junior Republic" at Freeville. If he does not obey its rules he will be sent back to prison.

Boy Under 20 Years Sentence Is Pardoned.

Mrs. W. L. Bowron, wife of a Fourteenth street theater orchestra leader, was found unconscious from gas poisoning today in a room in a Twenty-fourth street hotel. The end of a rubber tube through which gas was flowing from an open jet was securely fixed to her mouth by means of a string bound round her head.

Gas Tube Is Tied to Unconscious Woman's Mouth.

Russell Sage's prophecy after the great Field boom in the market almost a generation ago was recalled today when Manhattan Elevated stock reached 175. Sage predicted then the stock again would reach 175, and Wall street is glad today he had stayed around long enough to see his words fulfilled.

Russell Sage's Prophecy 30 Years Ago Comes True.

Brodie L. Duke's sanity is to be inquired into by a judge and jury in regular court hours, instead of by a sheriff's jury and three commissioners, by order of Judge Leventritt. It is likely an appeal will be taken from Judge Leventritt's decision permitting the inquiry. He says he cannot consider Duke's own affidavit when the man's sanity is attacked.

B. L. Duke's Sanity Inquiry to Be Made in Court.

The board of governors of the Building Trades Employers' association today formally expelled the Thompson-Starrett company from the association on charges of having employed locked out members of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and discharged members of the new carpenters' union, to make room for them. The decision carries with it the expulsion also from other associations.

Employes Expel Employers from Association.

HOUSE VOTES TO CURB RAILROADS.

(Continued from first page.)

Within the last few weeks they have begun to realise that what they mistook at first for a mere fad of the President was a stroke of genius on his part in estimating at the outset the dominant strength of public opinion regarding the railroad question.

It speaks well for the responsiveness of the members of the house, as well as for the discipline of the republican members that they stood together and passed the railroad bill in such an impressive way. This surely will have its effect upon the senate, which also is responsive to public opinion, but which unfortunately is hampered by a legislative system which enables a few men, sometimes from base motives, to thwart the will of the majority and defy the people. In the house, when they have fought the thing out in committee they put it through, and all the wheelhorses work in harness.

It required considerable bravery and party loyalty for men like Col. Hepburn of Iowa and Mr. Mann of Chicago, who originally were pronounced in their views against railroad legislation, to stand up in the house and not only vote but speak for a measure which originally they did not believe in, and which they supported entirely because they saw the people wanted it. They are entitled to consideration for this action, and it should be known they did in the end respond to the pressure of public opinion and drop their own personal views in doing so.

How Lawyers Were Engaged.

As for the action of Attorney General Moody in delegating the prosecution of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad, there is considerable diversity of opinion. The selection of the former attorney general of Grover Cleveland, a leading democrat and a splendid lawyer, relieves the administration of any taint of partisanship because of the supposed implication of the secretary of the navy in illegal rebates. These two distinguished lawyers, one from Cincinnati and the other from St. Louis, are not now appointed to conduct the actual prosecution of the Santa Fé road, but to determine how, when, and where, under existing laws, this prosecution should be instituted.

There is great significance in the form of invitation by Attorney General Moody to his democratic predecessor. In his telegram Mr. Moody communicated with the former chief of the department of justice as follows:

Will you accept an appointment as associate with Frederick M. Judson of the St. Louis bar, or other competent counsel agreeable to you, to take into consideration all questions raised by the report of the interstate commerce commission with respect to rebates given by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad to the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, and accepted by that company, together with any unlawful practices which may appear in that connection? You will be given full authority to make this investigation, and every assistance which this department is able to furnish you. This employment is with the view of taking such legal proceedings as, after full investigation, seem justified. May I be permitted to say to you that I believe the acceptance of this employment a public duty?

May Be Loophole for Road.

Mr. Harmon accepted the employment yesterday, and today the offer was made to Mr. Judson in St. Louis and accepted by wire this afternoon. Back of this delegation of authority there will be found an interesting situation. The Elkins law gives the interstate commerce commission in the hearing of rebate cases the right to compel presentation of evidence of any kind from officials or agents either of railroads or of shippers. The law, of course, provides that the person giving such evidence cannot be prosecuted on his own testimony, but he is not permitted to escape testifying on the ground that his evidence would tend to incriminate himself.

Under this provision the commission went ahead and developed the case against the Santa Fé in such a way that good lawyers pronounce it impregnable on its face. There is not a doubt that General Manager Biddle, who testified to certain rebates, cannot be prosecuted on his own evidence. He was an agent of the corporation, however, and there is a nice legal question as to whether the railroad can be prosecuted and fined on testimony which its subordinate was forced to give against his will, under the law.

In certain cases the Supreme court has held that inasmuch as a corporation and its officer represent the same thing, they must be treated as a single individual. If this be true, the Santa Fé railroad as a corporation could not be prosecuted for things brought out by the testimony of any one or all of its officers.

Moody in Embarrassing Position.

Attorney General Moody, I am told, while not necessarily convinced that a corporation is immune from the effect of the testimony of its own officials, nevertheless recognizes that this point may become of vast importance. He has been put in an embarrassing position, owing to the connection of the secretary of the navy both with the railroad and with the coal company which received the rebate.

If the attorney general should decide honestly as a lawyer that the corporation could not be prosecuted under the Elkins law, in view of the immunity granted to its officials, there would be a clamor from democratic sources that he had been influenced by personal friendship for a colleague in the president's cabinet. On the other hand, if he decided that the case could and must be prosecuted it would be an awkward thing for him to assume responsibility for a proceeding which ultimately might become unpleasant for his associate at the cabinet table.

For this reason, and for this reason alone, apparently, the attorney general has selected two well known western lawyers, one of whom was a cabinet officer in a democratic administration, to determine whether the Santa Fé road can be prosecuted successfully on the evidence furnished by its own officers, who themselves are immune from prosecution, except upon entirely outside testimony. If the two distinguished lawyers decide the Elkins law, of which so much was expected, is full of loopholes, Attorney General Moody and the administration will be relieved of all suspicion of having avoided a square rebate issue merely because it concerned the previous business record of the secretary of the navy. If the former attorney general and his St. Louis associate decide the Santa Fé railroad can be prosecuted under the laws as they stand, Attorney General Moody will not shrink from his duty, but will push the case against the railroad with the same tireless energy which resulted in such a brilliant victory for the government in its suit against the beef trust.

WOULD LOWER RATE ON COAL.

Representative of W. R. Hearst Concludes Argument Before Interstate Commission.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Argument was continued today in the case of William R. Hearst against the anthracite coal carrying roads. Mr. Shearn for complainant concluded his argument before the interstate commerce commission, contending that the rate on coal to tidewater should be reduced, holding the present rate to be unreasonable. He said the suit had been brought in the interest of the consumer to remedy existing conditions.

Adelbert Moot, representing the Erie lines, also spoke. The commission was asked to cut the rate, he said, because the complainant said he is a buyer of coal, yet he declared there was no evidence to show that he had ever purchased coal. He said he did not question the motive for the institution of the suit, but spoke of Mr. Hearst's interest as an academic one.

Mr. Moot said there were many peculiar conditions to be taken into consideration. He spoke of the effect of the empty return cars to roads which were almost exclusively coal carrying roads.

Every Diamond Guaranteed.

Written certificate of value with every sale. Easy terms. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d Fl., 92 State-st.

ACCUSED SENATOR REMAINS SILENT.

Warren of Wyoming Ignores Charges Made Against Him in State Legislature.

INQUIRY MAY BE RESULT.

Son Said to Be on Federal Pay Roll While Student at Harvard University.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—Senator Warren of Wyoming will ignore the charges made against him as outlined in a resolution presented in the Wyoming legislature to the effect that Charles M. Smith, brother-in-law of Senator Warren and clerk to the senate committee on claims, and Hiram Lapp, as assistant clerk of the same committee, had remained in Cheyenne while on the government pay roll and paid their salaries to Senator Warren.

It also is charged that Senator Warren's son is on the government pay roll as messenger to the claims committee, of which the senator is chairman. The young man is absent from Washington, being a student at Harvard university. Other charges are that Senator Warren has, in violation of the federal statutes, fenced a vast area of government land, and that he used his influence to secure from the federal government a contract for lighting Fort D. A. Russell, at Cheyenne, for the Cheyenne Light, Fuel, and Power company, of which the senator was an incorporator and is a principal stockholder.

Declines to Discuss Charges.

When asked as to these charges, and what he proposed to do, Senator Warren said he would not discuss the matter, and, inasmuch as the Wyoming senate did not think the charges worthy of consideration, he would not take any steps whatever.

The government records show that Smith and Lapp were employed as clerk and assistant clerk to the claims committee during the Fifty-sixth congress, and that they received the regular compensation. There are no records showing whether these two men were in Washington or Cheyenne while they were on the government pay roll, or what disposition they made of their salaries.

The Congressional Directory shows that F. E. Warren, son of Senator Warren, is now and has been on the government pay roll as assistant clerk and messenger to the senate committee on claims. At one time he acted in the capacity of messenger, at another as assistant clerk. Young Warren is a student at Harvard and has been for some time.

Salary Payments Shown.

The report of the secretary of the senate for the last fiscal year contains the record of salary being paid young Warren. He was paid $380 on Sept. 30, 1903; $355, Dec. 18, 1903; $360, March 31, 1904; $350, June 30, 1904; and $1250, April 28, 1904. Warren's salary is $1,440 per annum. No report of the secretary of the senate has been made since last July.

Senator Warren's friends explain that his son's salary is used to employ attorneys for the benefit of the claims committee, and they declare that in addition to this sum Senator Warren pays $2,000 to $3,000 annually. The senator declared during the recess of congress his son performed the duties of assistant clerk, and that during that time the boy works hard.

There is some talk among democratic senators about an investigation of the charges, and it would not be surprising if resolutions providing for an inquiry should be presented.

AMENDMENT MAY KILL TREATY.

Senate Committee's Action Likely to Stop Negotiations for Convention Between Russia and United States.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The amendment of the arbitration treaties as proposed by the senate committee on foreign relations, may mean the abandonment of negotiations for the Russo-American arbitration treaty, which is now being conducted by Count Lamsdorff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, and Ambassador McCormick, in St. Petersburg. The fact that Mr. McCormick has been charged to negotiate a treaty of arbitration with Russia has been kept more or less in the background.

Information that THE TRIBUNE correspondent obtained today shows that when the matter was first brought to the attention of the Russian government it was disinclined to make a treaty of arbitration at this time, because of the probability that grave questions would arise during the war, and it might not be wise to bind the government to their arbitration.

After a full consideration, however, Count Lamsdorff directed Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador in Washington, to submit to Secretary Hay a draft of the convention which had been prepared by Prof. Marteens, the well known Russian international law authority.

This convention was far more comprehensive than the administration desired, and was in fact broader in scope than the Anglo-French agreement, which resulted in the existing entente between the British and French government.

The president and Secretary Hay feared that if such a treaty were negotiated the senate would refuse to ratify it; moreover, it might give rise to the suspicion in Japan and elsewhere that a new era had been inaugurated in the relations between Russia and America which could prove internationally embarrassing.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NOTES.

E. J. Cantwell, secretary of the national association of letter carriers, has issued a card repudiating the action of a former letter carrier who, in bidding good-by to former Superintendent Machen, on the latter's departure for the Moundsville penitentiary, assured Machen of the sympathy of a large number of the letter carriers of the country.

It was stated by friends of the Hay-Bond treaty for the improvement of commercial relations with New Foundland that, in view of the amendments made by the senate, they will not attempt to secure ratification, unless the senate's action is rescinded.

The senate devoted the day to debate on the agricultural appropriation bill, but did not complete the measure.

The president nominated James B. Reynolds, Boston, Mass., to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

IN THE SOCIRTY WORLD.

MRS. W. D. KERFOOT ISSUES INVITATIONS FOR COTILLON.

Dance Will Be on St. Valentine's Evening for Miss Marjorie Curtiss—Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Terrill to Give a Reception and Dance This Evening at Oak Park—Reception for Mr. and Mrs. Russell Mott on Feb. 25—Other Events.

Mrs. William D. Kerfoot and Miss Ethel Kerfoot, 127 Astor street, have issued cards for a St. Valentine's evening cotillon. The dance is to be given for Miss Marjorie Curtiss, one of the season's débutantes. Between seventy and eighty are invited. The cotillon will be led by Harry Street and Mr. Norman Street. All the favors will be appropriate to the day.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Terrill will give a reception and dance at their residence, Elmwood, Oak Park, this evening. Nearly fifty couples will be present. The ballroom decorations will be in white, gold, and purple. The table decorations will be in red.

The last of the series of subscription dances for the benefit of the Chicago Charity hospital will be given at Bournique's Wednesday evening of next week. It is expected that the attendance at the final dance will be even larger than last month. Mr. Frost will lead the cotillon at 12 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grenville Mott and Miss Mott, 115 Lincoln Park boulevard, have sent out invitations for Saturday, Feb. 25 from 4 to 7 o'clock for their friends to meet Mr. Russell Mott and his bride, who was Miss Helen Cutler of Brookline, Mass. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Mott will be at home at the St. James, 360 Chicago avenue, after March 15.

Mrs. Norman Perry Cummings and Miss Cummings will give a large reception tomorrow afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at their residence, 4938 Forrestville avenue. The guests are asked to meet Miss Pfau and Miss Ford.

The members of the board of the Jackson Park sanitarium will entertain at military euchre at the Chicago Beach hotel Tuesday, Feb. 21, at 2 o'clock, for the benefit of the diet kitchen at the sanitarium.

Miss Florence Hutchinson, 3145 Indiana avenue, will give a party at the French play, Steinway hall, next Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hall McCormick, 124 Rush street, are expecting a visit from their son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hall McCormick Jr., the latter part of this month.

A tea was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Arthur Brittan, 508 North State street. The hours were from 4 to 7 o'clock.

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 9.—Winthrop Murray Crane Jr., only son of United States Senator Crane of Dalton, and Miss Ethel G. Eaton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Eaton of this city, were married here tonight.

HOLD SENATORS FOR BRIBERY; WITNESS TELLS OF PAYMENTS

Bunker and French of State Legislature Under Arrest, Wright and Emmons Are Being Sought.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 9.—As a result of the bribery scandal in the state legislature Senators Bunker and French were arrested tonight on warrants issued by the grand jury. The sheriff is searching for Senators Wright and Emmons, who also have been indicted.

At the session of the jury today the only witness was Joseph Jordan, from whom, it was alleged, bribes had been received by the four senators to secure protection from certain loan associations.

Jordan said he was employed by Clarence Grande of the Phœnix Building and Loan association, and was asked if he could see any of the senators and make a money proposition to them for their protection in any investigation likely to be held. He went to see Senator Bunkers and asked him if he cared to "do business," and asked if $350 would be enough for each senator's help.

Bunkers said he thought it would. Jordan said French agreed to $350. Jordan said Detective Tichenor gave him the four rolls of greenbacks, containing $350 each, and Jordan gave each senator his roll. He shook hands with Emmons, leaving the roll in the latter's hand. He dropped a roll in Senator Bunkers' overcoat pocket; paid Senator French by passing his hand, containing the greenbacks, across French's chest; and gave Senator Wright his roll in a saloon lavatory.

Senator Emmons took the floor and spoke in his own behalf, saying:

"There is a simple way out of this. Postpone your report. Get out indictments, but give us the right of a hearing. We are innocent until we have been proven guilty."

LEDYARD FIGHTS RATE MAKING.

Michigan Central President Says It Is Not Right to Give Commerce Commission More Power.

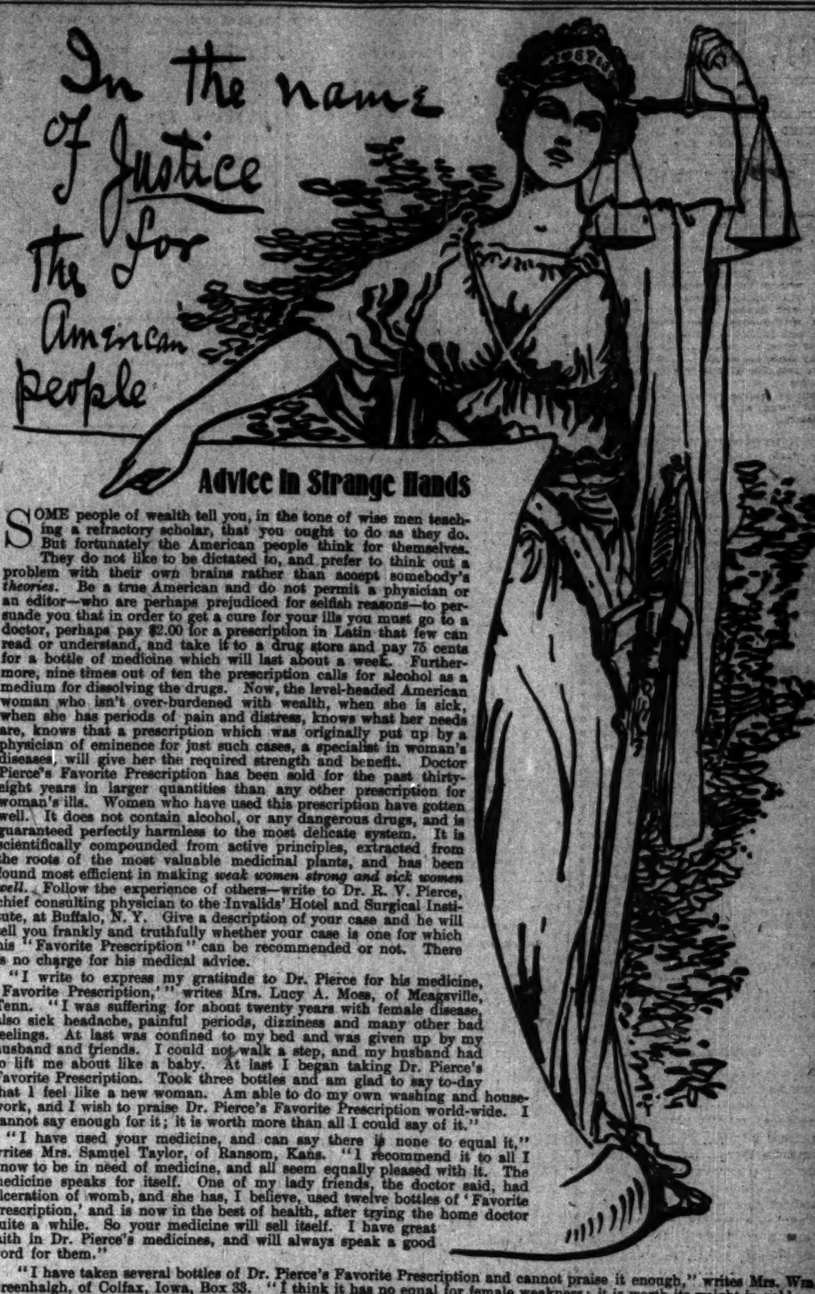
Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 9.—H. B. Ledyard, president of the Michigan Central railroad company, in the Railway World sets forth his views on the rate making legislation now pending before congress. President Ledyard favors drastic legislation for doing away with the payment of rebates and other forms of secret and preferential concessions and opposes the fixing of rates by the interstate commerce commission. President Ledyard says:

"The power asked from the congress by the interstate commerce commission to declare a rate unreasonable, and to substitute in its place such rate as the commission may deem reasonable, carries with it the power for the commission to make all rates on all interstate traffic.

"There are no complaints today as to rates, and only in a few cases as to relative rates. Therefore, it does not seem possible that, when the real meaning of the demand for the fixing of rates by the interstate commerce commission shall have become fully known to the congress, that such power can be granted. It leaves in the hands of an improperly constituted commission the power to seriously impair the value of every railroad company and almost every financial institution in the United States, to say nothing of the loss to thousands of individuals who look for their support to their income from railroad securities, or to their means of livelihood from their employment by railroad companies."

Chadwick Trial Set for March 6.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 9.—The trial of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick in the United States District court has been set for Monday, March 6. She will be tried before Judge R. W. Tayler. The date was agreed upon at a conference today between Judge Tayler and District Attorney Sullivan.



Advice in Strange Hands

SOME people of wealth tell you, in the tone of wise men teaching a refractory scholar, that you ought to do as they do. But fortunately the American people think for themselves. They do not like to be dictated to, and prefer to think out a problem with their own brains rather than accept somebody's *theories*. Be a true American and do not permit a physician or an editor—who are perhaps prejudiced for selfish reasons—to persuade you that in order to get a cure for your ills you must go to a doctor, perhaps pay $2.00 for a prescription in Latin that few can read or understand, and take it to a drug store and pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine which will last about a week. Furthermore, nine times out of ten the prescription calls for alcohol as a medium for dissolving the drugs. Now, the level-headed American woman who isn't over-burdened with wealth, when she is sick, when she has periods of pain and distress, knows what her needs are, knows that a prescription which was originally put up by a physician of eminence for just such cases, a specialist in woman's diseases, will give her the required strength and benefit. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been sold for the past thirty-eight years in larger quantities than any other prescription for woman's ills. Women who have used this prescription have gotten well. It does not contain alcohol, or any dangerous drugs, and is guaranteed perfectly harmless to the most delicate system. It is scientifically compounded from active principles, extracted from the roots of the most valuable medicinal plants, and has been found most efficient in making *weak women strong and sick women well*. Follow the experience of others—write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Give a description of your case and he will tell you frankly and truthfully whether your case is one for which his "Favorite Prescription" can be recommended or not. There is no charge for his medical advice.

"I write to express my gratitude to Dr. Pierce for his medicine, 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mrs. Lucy A. Moss, of Meansville, Tenn. "I was suffering for about twenty years with female disease, also sick headache, painful periods, dizziness and many other bad feelings. At last was confined to my bed and was given up by my husband and friends. I could not walk a step, and my husband had to lift me about like a baby. At last I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Took three bottles and am glad to say to-day that I feel like a new woman. Am able to do my own washing and housework, and I wish to praise Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription world-wide. I cannot say enough for it; it is worth more than all I could say of it."

"I have used your medicine, and can say there is none to equal it," writes Mrs. Samuel Taylor, of Ransom, Kans. "I recommend it to all I know to be in need of medicine, and all seem equally pleased with it. The medicine speaks for itself. One of my lady friends, the doctor said, had ulceration of womb, and she has, I believe, used twelve bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' and is now in the best of health, after trying the home doctor quite a while. So your medicine will sell itself. I have great faith in Dr. Pierce's medicines, and will always speak a good word for them."

"I have taken several bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and cannot praise it enough," writes Mrs. Wm. Greenhalgh, of Colfax, Iowa, Box 33. "I think it has no equal for female weakness; it is worth its weight in gold.

"You are at liberty to use this testimonial if you wish."

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DIAMONDS ON CREDIT means that any honest person whose intentions are good can walk into our salesroom and select the Diamond they would like to wear and own, and have it charged on plain, open account. Such things as security, endorser, guarantee, etc., are never thought of, much less mentioned. We can accept any honest person's credit, for the reason that we can adjust the payments to fit their earnings, and arrange the whole transaction so that a person with the most modest salary cannot be embarrassed in any way.

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Another Florida train leaves at 7.00 p. m. Both trains leave from the

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To secure insertion in all country as well as city editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified advertising must be in this office Friday.

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DEATHS.

IN MEMORIAM.

LEWIS—In steadfast memory of William G. Lewis, who died Feb. 10, 1898.

Abbott, Pamella.
Adams, D. C.
Bennecke, Lilly.
Berng, Rudolph.
Blodgett, Henry W.
Carey, Hannah.
Carlson, Catherina.
Cheevers, John S.
Cheney, James W.
Clapp, Juliana C.
Crandall, Eaton G.
Dolliott, Bennie.
Elliott, Bessie Blondie.
Endrew, Michael.
Fischer, Deisie Izone.
Field, Mary Jane.
Grant, Daniel.
Green, John W.
Gustuson, George E.
Haarvig, Geo. Monroe.
Hall, Hulda C.
Hargarten, William J.
Hogan, Mrs. Mary.
Iverson, ——
James, Charles.
Jobnum, Rudolph.
Johnson, Bertha M.
Kimball, A. M.
Kimball, S. George.
Mend, Frank.
Mester, Sophia.
Meyer, Frank.
Morissette, Irene.
McGregor, Polly.
Olivet, Philomena.
Roath, Jasper Newton.
Root, Frances A.
Strane, Jeannette Cooper.
Sottung, August.
Vickery, Esther B.
Walker, James W.
Warman, Bertha.
Wulff, Elizabeth.

ABBOTT—Pamella, widow of the late Orvil S. Abbott, Feb. 8, 1905. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 11, at 2 p. m., from late residence, 3344 Calumet-av. Please omit flowers.

ADAMS—D. C., of Dundee, Ill., at Phoenix, Ariz., Feb. 4. Funeral at Dundee, Ill., Sunday, Feb. 12, at 11 o'clock.

BENNECKE—Lilly, daughter of John and Friedericka, Feb. 8, 1905, aged 7 years. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 11, from 2630 Hillock-av., to St. Bridget's church, at 9 a. m., thence by carriages to Mount Olivet. Milwaukee papers please copy.

BERNG—Rudolph, husband of Alberta (nee Black). Funeral services Saturday, 11 a. m., Feb. 11, at 1060 W. 67th-st., by carriages to Mount Greenwood.

BLODGETT—At Waukegan, Ill., Feb. 9, 1905, the Hon. Henry W. Blodgett. Funeral from late residence in Waukegan Saturday afternoon at half past 2 o'clock. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

* CAREY—Hannah, at 5032 Union-av., in her 81st year, mother of J. A. Carey [Chicago] and Mrs. C. W. West [Mankato, Ill.]. Funeral notice later. Pittsburg [Pa.], Omaha [Neb.], and Aurora [Ill.] papers please copy.

CARLSON—Catherina, mother of Officer Edw. Carlson, Feb. 8, 86 years. Funeral from 146 W. Huron-st., Sunday, Feb. 12, at 1 p. m., carriages to Mount Olive.

CHEEVERS—John S., at Phoenix, Ariz., dearly beloved son of Catherine Cheevers and the late Simon Cheevers. Notice of funeral later.

CHENEY—James W., of Oak Park, Ill., at Los Angeles, Cal.

CLAPP—Juliana C., beloved wife of Caleb Clapp, Feb. 9. Funeral from residence, 4200 Berkeley-av., Saturday, Feb. 11, at 2 o'clock p. m.

CRANDALL—Eaton G., Feb. 8, 1905, husband of Ruby and father of Mrs. George Chittick, George and Fred Crandall, aged 60 years. Funeral from late residence, 2013 Carroll-av., Friday, 10:30 a. m., Wells-st. depot to Rosehill.

ELLIOTT—Bennie, son of Joseph and the late Kate. Funeral Friday, 2 p. m., from 534 12th-st., to Holy Family church, 9:30, carriages to Calvary.

ELLITHORPE—Bessie, aged 18 months, daughter of J. W. and Otelia, Feb. 9. Funeral private, from 263 Belle Plaine-av., at 1:30 p. m., Friday, Feb. 10. Burial at Rosehill.

ENDERS—Michael, Feb. 8, at his home, 662 W. Superior-st., father of Susan, Nicholas, Michael, and Matthew Enders, and Mrs. Adam Wolf. Funeral private at Mokena, Ill., Saturday, Feb. 11. Please omit flowers.

FETSCHER—Belsie Inone, daughter of Felix and Belsie [nee Wibel]. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 11, at 1 p. m., from 725 S. Halsted-st., carriages to Waldheim.

FIELD—Mary Jane, aged 56 years, beloved wife of Warner G., mother of Mrs. I. N. Arnold, Mrs. M. G. Jibbs, Mrs. Clyde Thompson, Jessie and Charles Field. Funeral Sunday, Feb. 12, from late residence, 1311 Franklin-blvd., 12 p. m., thence by carriages to Oak Ridge.

GRANT—Daniel, Feb. 7. Funeral Friday, Feb. 10, at 10 a. m., from 1353 W. Van Buren-st., carriages to Forest Home, Cowago [N. Y.] papers please copy.

GREEN—John W., Feb. 9, 1905, of pneumonia, aged 54 years. Burial in Davenport, Ia.

GUSTUSON—George E., Feb. 7, husband of Dorothy, nee Von Kennerritz. Funeral from 6762 Princeton-av., to Evangelical Lutheran church, Stephen and Princeton-av., Friday, at 2 p. m. Des Moines papers please copy.

HAARVIG—George Monroe, Tuesday, Feb. 7, aged 6 years, son of A. H. and Mrs. Caroline. Funeral from 5440 N. Ada-st. to Mount Olive on Sunday, Feb. 12, at 1 p. m.

HALL—Feb. 7, Hulda C., daughter of Andrew and Hulda, aged 17 years. Funeral Sunday at 2 p. m. from 1857 N. Washtenaw-av., Swedish Sharon church, corner Shakspeare and Humboldt-sts. Interment at Graceland.

HARGARTEN—William J., aged 26 years, at 1057 S. Ashland-av., son of John and Elizabeth. Services at St. Paul's Catholic church Sunday, 12 o'clock, carriages to St. Boniface.

HOGAN—Mrs. Mary, Feb. 8, mother of W. J., 460 W. 15th-st. Funeral notice later.

IVERSON—Husband of Clara, aged 42 years. Interment Friday, 4 p. m., Oakwoods. St. Louis papers please copy.

JAMES—Feb. 9, 1905, Charles James, beloved husband of the late Ellen James. Funeral Sunday, Feb. 12, at 11:30 a. m., from his late residence, 2258 Dayton-st., by carriages to Calvary cemetery.

JOCHUM—Lucy, beloved sister of Mrs. A. L. Jones. Funeral Saturday, 2 p. m., 803 Hamilton-st. Rosehill.

JOHNSON—Bertha M., nee Martenson, wife of Anton, aged 63 years. Funeral from 800 N. Artesian-av., Sunday, Feb. 12, at 1 o'clock, to St. Paul's Lutheran church, North-av. and Irving-av., at 1:30 o'clock, carriages to Mount Olive.

KIMBALL—A. M. Kimball, suddenly, at his residence, 114 Dearborn-av. Funeral Saturday at 2:45 p. m. by cars to Elmwood cemetery.

MARSH—S. George, beloved son of Mary Marsh, aged 58 years. Funeral at 1610 Garfield-blvd., Saturday, 10 a. m., by carriages to Englewood depot, thence by cars to Crete, Ill.

DEATHS.

MEND—Frank, husband of Annie, nee Belac, 139 W. 14th-pl. Funeral Friday, 10 o'clock.

MESTER—Sophia, wife of William. Funeral Sunday, Feb. 12, from 144 Michigan-st., at 12 m., to Waldheim.

MEUCL—Frank, husband of Annie, nee Belac. Funeral Friday, Feb. 10, at 10 o'clock, from 139 W. 14th-pl.

MORISSETTE—Feb. 8, 1905, Irene, daughter of Peter and Lizzie, nee Forbes, aged 2 years. Funeral Friday, Feb. 10, at 9:30 a. m., from 3809 Grant-av., carriages to 40th and Ashland-av. depot, by cars to Mount Olivet. Hamilton [O.] papers please copy.

McGREGOR—Polly, mother of Ellis and Frank, aged 78 years. Funeral Friday, Feb. 10, at 2 p. m., from 400 Gregory-st., Ellis Island, to Mount Greenwood. Member Olive chapter, Eastern Star, and relief corps No. 108. Eastern papers please copy.

RIVET—Philomena, 67 years, Feb. 9, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. N. Desjardines, 1903 Kenmore-av. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 11, 9 a. m., from Our Lady of Lourdes church, thence to Calvary.

ROATH—Feb. 8, at his residence, 224 W. 71st-st., Jasper N., business of Margaret Barclay Roath. Services at the house Saturday at 2 p. m.

ROOT—At the residence of Mrs. E. Towner Root, 2200 Cornell-av., Feb. 9, Frances A., sister of the late Dr. George F. Root. Funeral service Saturday, 1 o'clock. Burial private. Please omit flowers.

SHANE—Jeannette Cooper, aged 19 years, at family residence, 315 Jefferson-av., Thursday evening, daughter of S. P. and Ada K. Shane. Notice of services later.

SOTTUNG—August, Feb. 7, aged 81 years, husband of Minnie. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 11, 1:30 p. m., from 222 Larrabee-st., to Mount Rose.

VICKERY—At residence of Mr. William McDonnell, 2056 Kenmore-av., Feb. 8, Esther Brownell Vickery, widow of the late J. A. Vickery of Boston. Funeral at 10 a. m. Saturday. Interment private. Please omit flowers. Boston and Canadian papers please copy.

WALKER—Feb. 8, James W., aged 45 years, husband of Carry. Funeral from 100 E. Erie-st., Friday, at 8 a. m. Interment at Ottawa, Ill.

WALLISER—Bertha, nee Williams, Feb. 9, 1905, at 2 a. m., wife of Gustav J. Funeral from 3712 Southport-av., Sunday, at 1:30 p. m., to Oakwoods.

WULFF—Elizabeth, widow of the late Frank D., formerly of Jefferson Park. Funeral from 1427 N. Spaulding-av., Friday, 10 o'clock, to St. Sylvester's church. Humboldt-st. and Palmer-av.; interment Union Ridge.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

For Illinois, Indiana, and Wisconsin—Fair and colder Friday. Saturday fair, continued cold, diminishing west winds.

For Ohio and Lower Michigan—Snow flurries and colder Friday. Saturday fair except snow flurries along the lakes, diminishing west winds.

For North Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday.

For South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair Friday and Saturday except snow in west portion.

For Minnesota and Iowa—Fair and continued cold Friday and Saturday, diminishing northwest winds.

For Upper Michigan—Fair Friday except snow along the lake shore, Saturday fair, continued cold, fresh west to northwest winds.

For Missouri—Fair Friday, colder in east portion. Saturday fair in east, snow in west portion.

Place of observation.	Time taken:	Temperature		Direction of wind	Velocity of wind	Precipitation	State of weather.
	Feb. 9, 8 p. m.	Max.	Min.				
Abilene		34	40	S.W.	..12	Rain	Clear
Albany		32	32	S.	..12	Rain	Clear
Alpena		22	26	S.W.	.30	Snow	Clear
Amarillo		20	30	E.	....	Clear	Clear
Battleford		16	14	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Bismarck		14	6	N.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Buffalo		30	32	S.W.	.44	Snow	Clear
Boston		32	32	S.E.	.02	Rain	Clear
Calro		36	43	W.	Tr.	Clear	Clear
Calgary		12	4	N.E.	.20	Clo'dy	Clear
Charles City		18	20	S.W.	.06	Fair	Clear
Charlotte		32	32	S.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Cheyenne		12	20	S.W.	Tr.	Clear	Clear
Chicago		30	30	S.W.	.08	Clear	Clear
Cincinnati		36	36	S.W.	.06	Snow	Clear
Cleveland		32	36	S.	.30	Snow	Clear
Concordia		12	18	N.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Davenport		26	34	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy	Clear
Denver		26	34	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy	Clear
Des Moines		8	22	N.W.	Tr.	Clear	Clear
Detroit		30	32	S.W.	.04	Snow	Clear
Devil's Lake		18	10	N.W.	.04	Snow	Clear
Dodge		18	22	N.	....	Clear	Clear
Dubuque		18	22	N.	....	Clo'dy	Clear
Duluth		2	16	N.W.	.04	Clear	Clear
El Paso		42	42	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Edmonton		6	12	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Escanaba		20	30	S.	.16	Clo'dy	Clear
Galveston		56	60	N.	....	Clear	Clear
Grand Rapids		34	34	W.	.30	Snow	Clear
Green Bay		24	24	W.	.50	Snow	Clear
Havre		6	2	N.E.	.02	Snow	Clear
Helena		6	2	N.E.	.02	Snow	Clear
Huron		8	14	N.W.	.02	Snow	Clear
Indianapolis		34	36	S.W.	.02	Rain	Clear
Jacksonville		56	54	S.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Kansas City		34	70	N.E.	.44	Clo'dy	Clear
Lander		30	38	N.W.	.02	Clear	Clear
Little Rock		40	46	W.	Tr.	Clear	Clear
Los Angeles		54	60	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Madison		16	20	W.	.02	Clo'dy	Clear
Marquette		18	24	W.	.04	Fair	Clear
Memphis		46	48	S.W.	.02	Rain	Clear
Medicine Hat		10	38	S.W.	.08	Snow	Clear
Milwaukee		20	24	W.	.02	Snow	Clear
Minneapolis		12	18	W.	.02	Clear	Clear
Montreal		12	4	W.	.02	Clo'dy	Clear
Moorhead		6	2	N.W.	.04	Clo'dy	Clear
Nashville		38	38	S.W.	.02	Clo'dy	Clear
New Orleans		54	56	N.W.	....	Fair	Clear
New York City		32	34	S.E.	.04	Rain	Clear
Norfolk		34	34	W.	.01	Clo'dy	Clear
North Platte		16	16	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy	Clear
Oklahoma		40	46	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Omaha		28	28	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Oswego		6	16	W.	.02	Clear	Clear
Palestine		32	56	W.	.24	Snow	Clear
Parkersburg		46	46	S.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Philadelphia		34	40	S.W.	.12	Clo'dy	Clear
Pittsburg		34	36	N.	.54	Rain	Clear
Pueblo		28	32	S.W.	.01	Clo'dy	Clear
Qu' Apnelle		22	18	N.W.	....	Clo'dy	Clear
Rapid City		4	12	N.W.	.10	Clear	Clear
San Francisco		52	56	W.	....	Clear	Clear
St. Louis		34	34	N.W.	....	Fair	Clear
St. Paul		10	14	N.W.	.02	Clear	Clear
Salt Lake City		30	34	W.	.02	Snow	Clear
San Antonio		52	62	E.	....	Clo'dy	Clear
San Diego		62	62	W.	....	Clear	Clear
Ste. Marie		22	32	S.W.	.26	Snow	Clear
Springfield, Ill.		24	32	S.W.	.10	Snow	Clear
Springfield, Mo.		16	28	N.W.	....	Clear	Clear
Vicksburg		46	50	N.W.	Tr.	Clear	Clear
Washington		34	34	N.W.	.02	Rain	Clear
White River		16	32	W.	.40	Snow	Clear
Wichita		36	34	N.	....	Clear	Clear
Williston		2	4	N.W.	.02	Clo'dy	Clear
Winnipeg		18	6	N.W.	.06	Clo'dy	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 Madison-st. Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 p. m., 28 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 26; 10 a. m., 20; 11 a. m., 30; 12 m., 30; 1 p. m., 31; 3 p. m., 31; 6 p. m., 27. Barometer—6 a. m., 29.27; 6 p. m., 29.30.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the health department yesterday:

Armenson, Pearl, 1; Augustana hospital, Feb. 6.
Abbott, Pamella, 58; 5345 Hamilton-st., Feb. 8.
Breicha, Peter, 70; 1077 Keddie-av., Feb. 8.
Bennecke, Lillie, 17; 2830 Hillock-av., Feb. 8.
Biancalana, Nancy, 1; 3345 Union-av., Feb. 7.
Casey, Patrick, 58; 1353 W. 47th-st., Feb. 8.
Cushing, Paul F., 49; 944 119th-st., Feb. 7.
D'Amoreso, Antonio, 1; 1531 N. Jefferson-st., Feb. 8.
Duckers, George E., 1; 294 Monticello-av., Feb. 8.
Frink, George M., 58; 5640 South-blvd., Feb. 2.
Fisher, Abeloion, 70; 202 E. 37th-st., Feb. 8.
Faragnno, Jan, 8 months; 1159 Wilson-av., Feb. 8.
Garretty, Catherine, 41; 4155 Langley-av., Feb. 8.
Greinke, Otto, 7; 1481 Hermitage-av., Feb. 8.
Hammond, Alonzo R., 26; State and 26th-sts., Feb. 4.
Ives, John, 42; 87 51st-st., Feb. 7.
Joachim, Lucy E., 25; 3036 Hamilton-ct., Feb. 9.
Kosmiejewski, Jacob, 59; 697 Division-st., Feb. 8.
Kearney, Agnes, 14 days; 543 43d-pl., Feb. 8.
Kalisel, Edward, 6 days; 925 S. Sangamon-st., Feb. 8.
Knox, Eva, 27; 560 W. 19th-st., Feb. 8.
Laudin, Charles, 45; 915 Sheffield-av., Jan. 10.
Menel, Frank, 28; 139 W. 14th-pl., Feb. 8.
Morrisette, Irene, 3; 3809 Grant-av., Feb. 9.
McNamara, Helen, 3; 115 Elburn-av., Feb. 9.
McCartney, John J., 54; 23 S. 51st-ct., Feb. 7.
Mau, Frederick, 59; 1 Monroe-st., Feb. 7.
Preston, Minnie, 48; 5344 Wabash-av., Feb. 7.
Pried, William, 26; 236 S. Halsted-st., Feb. 8.
Parus, Mary, 21 days; 4654 Elizabeth-st., Feb. 8.
Rose, Minerva, 86; 4017 Lake-st., Feb. 9.
Schacht, Alvina, 1 month; 1230 Ruble-st., Feb. 9.
Swva, Albert, 16; 708 Lovina-st., Feb. 8.
Smith, John M., 56; 6805 S. Halsted-st., Feb. 8.
Satting, August, 31; 222 Larrabee-st., Feb. 8.
Skeans, Maria, 74; 1854 Wellington-av., Feb. 7.
Spacir, August, 1; 145 Thirty-third-pl., Feb. 8.
Sopots, Stanislaws, 3 months; Pullman, Ill., Feb. 7.
Scharling, Gustaf, 80; 566 Racine-av., Feb. 7.
Spacinolo, Calogero, 4 days; 1626 S. Clark-st., Feb. 8.
Somon, Mary, 44; 2078 State-st., Feb. 7.
Scharl, Florence, 11 months; 925 W. Polk-st., Feb. 8.
Teatz, Sister Mary F., 61; 4029 Evans-av., Feb. 8.
Thompson, John, 72; 6235 Monroe-av., Jan. 7.
Van Meter, Kathryne, 25; Chicago university, Feb. 7.
Vilemovsky, Lilie, 3; 76 W. 25th-pl., Feb. 8.
Valicenta, Geenan, 11 days; 80 Sholto-st., Feb. 8.
Wutke, Alfred, 9; 253 Front-st., Feb. 6.
Waldron, Frank I., 27; 963 W. Van Buren-st., Feb. 8.
Walker, James W., 45; 160 E. Erie-st., Feb. 8.
Wietrecka, Sophie, 13; 4937 Justine-st., Feb. 7.
Warman, Grace, 2; 108 Lincoln Park-blvd., Feb. 8.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, and Louren Marques, 5 p. m.
For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Manitoba, British Columbia, and Northwest Territory, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, 12 p. m.
For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. Oceanic, Tuesday, Feb. 14, 11:30 a. m.
For Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, via San Francisco, by S. S. Corea, 9 p. m.
For Brazil direct; and for the Argentine republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, via Brazil, 5 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

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All others, good.

Lake View tunnel supplies territory north of Belmont avenue except Norwood Park and Rogers Park.

Carter H. Harrison tunnel supplies territory south of Belmont avenue to Forty-seventh street and west of Western avenue.

Chicago avenue tunnel supplies territory south of Belmont avenue to Forty-seventh street, east of Western avenue, except the area east of Canal street.

Four mile tunnel supplies area south of the Chicago river, east of Canal street, and north of Forty-seventh street.

Hyde Park tunnel supplies territory south of Forty-seventh street.

The boundaries of these areas fluctuate a few hundred feet, according to the varying pressure at the pumping stations.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—CHAMOIS BAG CONTAINING TWO DIAmond rings, two diamond and sapphire rings, and about $30 in money. Suitable reward for rings or information. Address E 424, Tribune office.

LOST—NORTH SIDE LADY'S WATCH; MONOgram; reward. LOUISE HAGERTY, 537 Belden-av.

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Is the best and easiest way to save a little money. It is also the most profitable way, for Diamonds advance in value every year far more than any savings bank will pay as interest. Within the past three years the prices of Diamonds have been advanced 25 per cent, and a further advance of 20 per cent in 1905 is almost sure.

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PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently removed by the electric needle; 16 years' experience. MRS. PETTIBONE, M. D., 1407 Auditorium Bldg., theater entrance. Phone 4223 Harrison.

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PERSONAL—AUGUSTUS FRATT, B.S., M.D., THE GREAT ELECTRIC FACE EXPERT. HOURS: 8 TO 8; SUNDAY, 9 TO 4. 147 STATE-ST.

PERSONAL—NANNETTE DURYEA, MANICURIng. 924 First Nat. Bank Bldg. Cent. 2833.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — WITH ESTABLISHED corporation or firm, by young man, 24 years of age; experienced in advertising, correspondence, collections, insurance, and auditing; two years as business manager of a magazine; college education; can take full charge of office; bond if required; references. Address E 427, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN GENERAL OFFICE, by young married man, college graduate; familiar with sales, cost, and stock departments; card systems, reports, orders, etc.; salary $15. Address C 52, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER OR assistant or general office clerk; number of years' experience in office work; thoroughly competent to take charge of correspondence. References. Address E 487, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—CASHIER AND BOOKkeeper; 18 years' experience with Chicago wholesale houses; experienced in checking collections, and office management. Address E 579, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT young man, 20 years old, 2 years' commercial education, 2 months' business experience; references. Address E 434, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER WILL open and write up books; modern methods adapted; new systems installed; factory costs a specialty. Address E 541, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, EXPERienced, fine penman, best references, position as bookkeeper, cashier, or assist. E 477, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, EXperienced in mail order and publishing; can handle some correspondence. Address E 516, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 27; experienced bookkeeper and cashier; high class references; bond if desired. Address E 435, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH general office experience would like a position nights; references. Address D 311, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY TIMEKEEPER AND pay roll figurer; handle any system; four years' exp.; best refs. Address E 563, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN FIRE INSURANCE, real estate, or general office; experienced young man, 24; salary $12. Address E 561, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and accountant; thoroughly competent to take charge of office; $500. E 488, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS, D. E. bookkeeper; city references; salary $15. Address E 476, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 5 years' general office exp.; refs. E 440, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AS clerk; refs.; 5 years' exp. E 490, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER; YOUNG man; good office man; age 23 years. E 408, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; YOUNG man, well educated, reliable. F 52, Tribune.

Accountants.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKS, ANY SIZE, kept and audited; terms reasonable. BISLAND, 185 Dearborn-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — BRIGHT, ENERGETIC man, age 21, honest, and strictly temperate, now employed, but wishes change; has some position as city salesman; will command good salary and can show same; has had experience in hardware and advertising. Address F 86, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WOULD like road position or would like to open branch office for some reliable firm in or outside of city. Address E 387, Tribune office.

Trades.

DRAFTSMAN AND SPECIFICATION WRITER—First class, in promising architect's office; good salary and permanent position to a satisfactory man. Address E 476, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TOOLMAKER, WIDE adding machines, etc.; prefer to work, such as typewriters, highest refs. Address E 502, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ARCHITECTURAL draftsman; 3 years' experience; 3 months' experience as tracer and letterer; has ability as correspondent. Address E 578, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MECHANICAL draftsman; technical graduate; several years' experience. Address E 564, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ESTIMATOR AND chief draftsman in dressed stone; capable of handling men. Address E 548, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—UP TO DATE PRINTer, lockup, stonehand, working foreman. Address E 545, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS printer; experienced, references. E 498, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS COLORed butler, trustworthy and thorough, or houseman; No. 1 city refs. Address E 350, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY JAPANESE FOR housework in small family; small salary. Address E 531, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED — BY DANISH MAN and wife, as cook and houseman. Apply present employer, 1631 Addison-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; EXperienced, willing, obliging; German; single; general all round man; city refs. E 514, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, SINGLE; competent; best city refs. E 288, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPETENT coachman; best city refs. E 483, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — GROOM OR SECOND; private stable. Address E 484, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, GENERal work; suburbs preferred; refs. F 64, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, WITH several years' experience; rapid, accurate, and neat worker; good address; reasonable salary; city references. Address E 566, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WITH A FUTURE IN it, by well educated, ambitious young man, thoroughly experienced as stenographer and correspondent. Address E 440, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; 22 yrs.; good; rapid; 5 yrs. experience; R. R. and Mfg.; excellent references; can furnish bond. Address E 596, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MARRIED MAN as agent; speaks German; security given if necessary. Address E 394, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 24 years; willing to work at anything; can drive; give cash bond. A1 reference. F 63, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COLLECTOR, SALary or commission; will go out of town if necessary; best of refs. and security.

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PLASTERING, REPAIRING, PAINTING, PAperhanging, etc., etc.; reliable work at reasonable cost. Address F 71, Tribune office.

OPTICIANS.

BORSCH & CO., 108 ADAMS-ST., OPTICIANS—Specialties, eyeglasses our specialties; consult us about your eyes and save your sight.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES PROPERLY fitted. L. Manasse, 88 Madison-st., Tribune Bldg.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $25 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY, ON
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION. ALL LOANS ARE NEGOTIATED AND PAID BACK IN AMALGAMATED INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT REDUCES THE PRINCIPAL AND THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS OF ANY KIND. WE WILL NOT MAKE ANY CHARGES OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE. YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

WE LOAN ON— WE OFFER
FURNITURE, UNEQUALED RATES.
PIANOS, BEST TERMS.
HORSES, QUICKEST SERVICE.
WAGONS, ETC. ABSOLUTE PRIVACY.
ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS.
Deal with an old, reliable house and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE ARE ALL COMPETITION.
FIDELITY LOAN COMPANY,
134 MONROE-ST., SUITE 505.
CORNER CLARK.
PHONE CENTRAL 3559.

$61 W. 63D-ST., CORNER WENTWORTH-AV. PHONE WENTWORTH 637.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

LOANS—
MONEY ADVANCED ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES,
WAGONS, FIXTURES, ETC.
Quick service, any amount required, as long time as needed, and the best and fairest terms ever offered. Here are a few of the advantages of dealing with us.
CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST.,
Corner Monroe,
Room 806.
Telephone Central 3022.

QUICK LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL; $15 TO $500; LIBERAL DISCOUNT ON LOANS SETTLED BEFORE TIME EXPIRES. CALL OR TELEPHONE, OR WRITE OR PHONE. WE WILL SEND REPRESENTATIVE. NO PUBLICITY. LOWEST RATES. MONEY IN FIVE HOURS' NOTICE.
RELIANCE LOAN CO.
TITLE AND TRUST BUILDING,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 504.
Telephone Central 2016.
And 4062 State-st., corner 47th-st.
Telephone Oakland 1576.
And 567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av. Telephone Monroe 1523.

MONEY TO LOAN PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal; at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on us. Live and let live is our motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
MUTUAL SECURITY CO.,
69 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

A. FRENCH & CO., 95 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 34. Money to loan privately on your furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on real estate; refunded in payments to suit borrower. Extension of time granted in cases of sickness or loss of position. Do your business with me.

WE LOAN ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS—$25 for $1.00 a month; $100 for $2.75 a month; $50 for $1.75 a month; $500 for $12.50 a month. Loans to salaried people on personal note.
PEOPLE'S LOAN & TRUST CO. (unine.), Suite 619, 188 Dearborn-st., 6th floor.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND jewelry at lowest rates. MAJESTIC, Reliable American Pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

FURNITURE & PIANO LOANS; PAPERS FREE. $25 only $1.25; $50 only $2.00; $75 only $2.50. NOTARY PUBLIC. 79 LA SALLE-ST., SUITE 34.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST., LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

CHATTEL LOANS—CALL OR WRITE; SIGN AT home. 89 E. Madison-st., R. 8.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS; NO PATent, no fee; consultation free; established 1864; hours, 9:00 to 4:30; special appointments. If no consultation can be made, MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 183 Randolph-st., 1st floor. Tel. Market 1131. Main office, Washington, D. C.

PATENTED AND UNPATENTED INVENtions bought and sold for the highest cash price; greatest patent exhibition in Chicago; established 1865; advance fee. ARTHUR, 148 State-st.

IDEAS— JOHN L. KINDT,
IDEAS. Patent Attorney, 35 Randolph-st.
Write for free booklet. Chicago.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—TO INVEST $6000 OR $700 in a department store, or will sell entire interest for $1,000; low rent; sickness cause of selling. C. BROCKPSLT, 12617 Halsted-av., Riverdale, city. No agents.

PARTNER WITH $500 TO GO ON THE ROAD with a show; everything ready to leave. Address F 69, Tribune office.

PENSIONS.

SPANISH, PHILIPPINE AND 1861-1898 WAR claims; advice free. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 183 Randolph-st. Est. 1864. Main office, Washington. Phone Franklin 481.

PRINTING.

THE RYAN & HART CO., PRINTERS AND binders, 22 and 24 Custom House-pl.
Telephones:
Harrison 490. Automatic 9498.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

5x7x14 EASTMAN F. P. KODAK, $9.75. CAMeras rented or exchanged. Developing, printing. Central Camera Co., 31 Adams-st.

REAL ESTATE—CITY.

FOR SALE—A1 INVESTMENT, LARGE FACtory, one and a half miles from courthouse, about 3 acres ground, valued $125,000; leased ten years, privilege twenty more, at $6,000, net; first class tenant; price $100,000.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE PIECE OF CENTRAL property, paying 5 per cent net; price about $170,000; can use $50,000 clear property part pay.
McKEY & POAGUE,
134 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—DEARBORN-ST., NEAR POLK, A small property with two frontages; will consider a 3 flat or other good income for the equity.
C. E. PORTER & BRO.,
175 Dearborn-st., Ex. Ast.

FOR SALE—EVERY MONDAY NIGHT FROM 5:30 to 8:30 we offer special bargains in city lots at our office in Chicago. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—100X125.
N. w. cor. Madison-st. and 55th-av.
N. w. cor. Ashland-av. and 60th, 90x125.
H. W. BUCKMAN, 206 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HIGH CLASS IMPROVED PROperty for investment; valuations made of real estate. WM. H. MOONEY, 1008, 142 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—
6,000 SQ. FEET,
on the bank floor of the Adams Express Bldg., 185 Dearborn-st.
Fine location for banking or real estate.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT—ISABELLA BLDG., 40 AND 45 VAN Buren-st., fireproof; every modern convenience; in the heart of desirable office district; single or en suite; may be had on especially favorable terms. Apply to agent of building.
PATTON THOMPSON, Agt., 90 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—IN ADAMS EXPRESS BLDG., 59 DEARBORN-ST.—
Space for manufacturer's agent; fine offices for samples; central location.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT—UP TO APRIL 30, 1906—
ABOUT 1,800 SQUARE FEET ON 5TH FLOOR, MERCHANTS' LOAN AND TRUST BUILDING; OFFICES FACE ADAMS-ST. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. APPLY ROOM 508.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCK ROOMS, SUITable for manufacturer's agents and specialties; all modern conveniences; location central. Garden City Block. Phone Main 1514. Room 309, 56 5th-av.

TO RENT—GROUND FLOOR DESK ROOM, SPACE FOR SAMPLES; UNLIMITED TELEPHONES; 76 VAN BUREN AND DEARBORN; $15 TO $25 MONTHLY. C 31, TRIBUNE.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM, FURNISHED, MODern bldg.; Madison and La Salle-sts.; use of telephone. Address R E B 493, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A FEW VERY DESIRABLE OFfices in the Mallers Bldg., w. cor. La Salle and Quincy-sts. Room 101, office of building.

TO RENT—ELEGANT OFFICES, SINGLE OR en suite, Boylston Bldg., 209 Dearborn-st., opposite Marshall Field & Co.'s.

TO RENT—FRONT OFFICE, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with use of reception room; also desk room; low rent. Suite 737, 225 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICE SPACE; EVERY CONVENience. 1851 Monadnock Block.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN DEXTER and Baltimore Buildings, 84 Adams-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE DESK ROOM, CENtral location. KOEGH & HETZEL, 145 La Salle.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—S. W. COR. SHERMAN AND HARRIson-sts., in the new 12 story steel constructed building; stores, floors, and offices; light 4 sides. 5th floor, 7th floor, 8,000 ft., fine light. 114 Sherman-st., 4th floor, 5,000 ft., fine light. OLIVER & COMPANY, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—SECOND FLOOR, SOUTHWEST COR. State and Polk-sts., about 25x100 ft.; good for offices and light manufacturing.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLOORS AND LOFTS—
any size. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 614-620 Royal Insurance Bldg.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, LOFTS, AND STORES. CENTRALLY LOCATED MANUFACTURING PROPERTIES. OR WILL BUILD TO SUIT.
BOWERS INVESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE AND LOFTS FOR MANUfacturing purposes, 69 and 71 North Desplaines-st. Apply to GEORGE M. MORRIS, Room 901, No. 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—FLOORS, POWER, HEAT. EAGLE Tank Co., Chicago-av. and Green-st.

Barns.

TO RENT—NEAR CANAL AND HARRISON, 2 barns, 30 horses each, besides ample floor space and storages for feed; low rent.
BOWERS INVESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—940 AND 943 DEARBORN-ST., SEVEN stories and basement; stable will remodel to suit. Inquire of CHRISTOPHER, 329 Thirtieth Blvd.

TO RENT—HOTELS.

TO RENT—FAMILY HOTEL; NEW, EXPENsively furnished; first class location; stop ten minutes; splendid income proposition; sickness cause for renting. E 504, Tribune office.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
WM. A. SOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST.

TO RENT—DOWNTOWN BUILDINGS, STORES, AND FLOORS.
WM. A. SOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS—FLOORS AND STORES for manufacturing districts.
ALBERT F. PALMER, 116 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—SMALL RMS., POWER; $26 MONTH. Inc engineer, s. w. cor. Jackson and Clinton.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

BARGAINS IN SECOND HAND REFRIGERAtors and coolers for hotels, restaurants, florists, meat markets, and residences; 1 to 5 doors, 3 ft. 6 in. and 7 ft. high to 10x12 and 11 ft. 6 in. high. Most of them in first class condition. Must have more room at our factory by clearance sale. Don't wait—secure one now.
Orr & Lockett Hardware Co., 11 and 13 Randolph-st.

SACRIFICE SALE—
Will sell 8, 7, 6, and 5 ft. roll top desks; 10 ft. 12 ft. 14 ft. office chairs.
Tables, stands.
Some practically used one week at sale show.
Sale commences Feb. 13.
STOREY, 203-205 Wabash-av.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand desks; prices and terms in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
P. CASEY & SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

FULL LINE OF DESKS, FILING CABINETS, chairs; old fixtures taken in trade. Call or telephone Harrison 1564. Chicago Safe and Make. Co., 255-257-259 S. Clark-st., near Jackson.

IMPRESSION IS A GREAT DEAL; BUY AN Owens office furniture when you buy. 174 Wabash-av.

S. D. CHILDS & CO., OFFICE SUPPLIES, STAtionery, printing. 209 Clark-st.

SEWING MACHINES.

DO NOT BUY OR RENT A MACHINE UNTIL you visit our salesrooms. Our Eldredge Rotary is for sale on the market. To try one is to buy it. Perfect stitch, fine finish, shuttle machine. Other machines still leaders, and our B. Eldredge Automatic is the most silent running and finest staple thread machine made. All machines repaired reasonably. National Sewing Machine Co., 78 Wabash-av. Phone Central 2660.

SAFES.

FOR SALE—THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW and second hand safes in the city. We are agents for the Hall's Safe Co.'s Safes. They are the best in the market.
DONNELL SAFE CO.,
52 and 54 Wabash-av., Chicago.

WE ARE OVERSTOCKED ON SECOND HAND safes; will sell very cheap for cash. We are SABATH SAFE & LOCK CO., 158 Lake-st.

TYPEWRITERS.

WEBSTER CO. MOVED!
NEW AND LARGER QUARTERS.
211-213 MADISON-ST.
Laughably Low Prices on "Surplus"

Stock"; Remingtons, $40 up; Manhattans, brand new, $30 to $50; here are bargains worth a mile walk; others in proportion; prices you won't match in a year; some of the best still left. Call or write.

F. S. WEBSTER COMPANY,
"Dept. B," 211-213 Madison-st., Chicago.

TYPEWRITERS—RENTED AND SOLD.
Some great bargains; all makes.
Renting a specialty; repairs well done.
Call and examine our variety or send for catalogue. ROCKWELL-BARNES COMPANY,
267-269 Wabash-av., Chicago.

RENT REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS FROM the makers for $3 a month and up. They furnish the best; most interested in satisfactory use. 154 Wabash-av.

LOWER PRICES ON REMINGTONS, SMITH Premier, and Olivers; rental $2.00 a month. A. WHITEHEAD, 36 La Salle-st. Phone Main 255.

ALL MAKES RENTED, $2.50 PER MONTH. Typewriter Headquarters, 201 Dearborn-st.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

THE AMERICAN FASHION CO. OF NEW York has opened a branch school of designing and cutting of men's and women's garments at 160 State-st., Chicago, where we teach a full course to cutters for $40 or class lessons for $20. We also teach a special course to dressmakers for $20 which will make you an expert and increase your earning power. Evenings 6 to 9 Mon. and Thurs. American Fashion Co., 160 State-st. Tel. Cent. 3898.

CROONBORG TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOL, 163-4-5 DEARBORN-ST. DAY AND EVENING CLASSES. CENT. 4629. 27TH FLOOR.

CHARLES J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING school. 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Day and evening classes. Phone Main 163. Est. 1879.

PAY $5 DOWN AND LEARN CUTTING, FITting, designing, by most complete, up to date system in use. De Jutter School, 147 State-st.

TALKING MACHINES.

EDISON OR VICTOR TALKING MACHINES. Nothing down; commence paying us after 30 days; easy terms; all kinds of machines and disc records exchanged. All the latest records in stock; lowest prices; 300 Victor needles, 15c. Central Camera Co., 31 Adams-st., 105 Wabash-av.

LYON & HEALY VICTOR TALKING MAchines get the clearest and most musical; all the new records; easy terms. Wabash-av. and Adams.

TRUSSES, DEFORMITY APPARATUS.

ERIC WOLPERTZ, SPECIALIST, 90 30TH-AV., expert truss fitter; rupture and deformities positively cured with my latest appliances; trusses 50c to $10; elastic stockings, etc., also corn fun. 111 12.

DR. A. H. PARKER, EXPERT IN THE CURE of rupture and manufacturer of trusses, elastic stockings, supporters, etc. 58 State-st., Chicago.

TYPEWRITING.

100 EXTRA FINE MIMEOGRAPH COPIES, $1. E. M. WARNER, 611 Unity Bldg.

100 COPIES OF LETTER FOR $1. CENTRAL Typewriting Co., 1 for 5 Auditorium Bldg. Cent. 6091.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

I WANT TWO DIAMOND RINGS WHICH I MUST dispose of at once for cash only. Address J H 443, Tribune office.

$100 TAKES MY DIAMOND RING; COST $185; I must sell at once. Address J H 443, Tribune office.

WILL SELL MY $140 DIAMOND RING FOR $75. Address J H 444, Tribune office.

I WILL SELL MY DIAMOND RING CHEAP; must leave town at once. E. HUEBNER, Room 833, 46 Van Buren-st.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. 167 E. Washington-st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

A Reliable Watch

Is something that every man can wear. We sell Elgins and Walthams on terms of One Dollar down and One Dollar weekly. We deliver the Watch when you pay the first dollar. Our credit system is simple—just a plain cash account. No security required, and no publicity created. We make every transaction personal and confidential between ourselves. We also sell fine

Diamonds

the same way. A Diamond purchase just at the present time is the best investment in sight, and is the ideal way of saving money. You pay monthly, just as you would deposit a little of your earnings in a savings bank. Drop in and get full particulars from any of our salesmen. Open until 6:30 every day; on Saturdays until 10 p. m.

THE LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,
Diamonds—Watches—Jewelry,
24 Ft. Stewart Bldg., 92 to 98 State-st.
Winners of highest award at St. Louis Exposition.

THE WALKER EDMUND CO.,
Stewart Bldg., State and Washington-sts.
Bargains in diamonds & watches. Pay as you earn.

$1 DOWN, 10C A DAY, PAYS FOR A FINE Elgin or Waltham watch or diamond ring; no security, no publicity, no delay. CLAFF & COWL, 92 Washington-st. [Est. 1868.]

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Kron Prz. Feb. 7 | Bluecher ..... Feb. 21
Kaiser ..... Mar. 10 | Amerika ..... Mar. 14
Kronprinz. Mar. 21 | Kaiser ..... Mar. 28
Kron Prz. ..... Apr. 10 | Bluecher ..... Apr. 18
Kaiser ..... May 2 | Amerika ..... May 9
Kronprinz. ..... May 23 | Kaiser ..... May 30
Kron Prz. ..... June 13 | Bluecher ..... June 20
Kaiser ..... July 4 | Amerika ..... July 11
Kronprinz. ..... July 25 | Kaiser ..... Aug. 1
Kron Prz. ..... Aug. 15 | Bluecher ..... Aug. 22
Kaiser ..... Sept. 5 | Amerika ..... Sept. 12
Kronprinz. ..... Sept. 26 | Kaiser ..... Oct. 3
Kron Prz. ..... Oct. 17 | Bluecher ..... Oct. 24
Kaiser ..... Nov. 7 | Amerika ..... Nov. 14
Kronprinz. ..... Nov. 28 | Kaiser ..... Dec. 5
Kron Prz. ..... Dec. 19 | Bluecher ..... Dec. 26
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
*Main ..... Feb. 10 am | Friedrich ..... May 11, 10 am
Barbar'sa. Feb. 23, 10 am | Kurfurst ..... May 18, 10 am
*Preslau ..... Mar. 2, noon | Allse ..... May 25, 10 am
Kurfurst ..... Mar. 9, 10 am | Bremen ..... June 1, 10 am
Kron P'ss. Mar. 14, 10 am | *Neckar ..... June 8, 10 am
*Main ..... Mar. 23, 10 am | Barbarossa ..... June 15, 10 am
Barbar'sa. Mar. 30, 10 am | Friedrich ..... June 22, 10 am
*Cassel ..... Apr. 6, 10 am | Kurfurst ..... June 29, 10 am
Kurfurst ..... Apr. 13, 10 am | Kron P'ss. ..... July 6, 10 am
*Rhein ..... Apr. 20, 10 am | Bremen ..... July 13, 10 am
*Fre'burg. Apr. 27, 10 am | Barbar'sa. July 20, 10 am
Barbarossa. May 4, 10 am | Friedrich. May 27, 10 am
Steamers marked * sail for Bremen direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
*Neckar ..... Feb. 11, 11 am | K. Luise ..... Apr. 15, 11 am
K. Prss. ..... Feb. 18, 11 am | *Neckar ..... Apr. 22, 11 am
Kronprinz. Mar. 4, 11 am | Main ..... Apr. 29, 11 am
K. Albert. Mar. 11, 11 am | K. Albert. May 13, 11 am
K. Luise ..... Mar. 18, 11 am | K. Luise ..... May 20, 11 am
*Neckar ..... Mar. 25, 11 am | Kronprinz. June 3, 11 am
K. Prss. ..... Mar. 27, 11 am | K. Albert. June 10, 11 am
Weimar. ..... Apr. 1, 11 am | K. Luise ..... June 17, 11 am
K. Albert. Apr. 8, 11 am | *Neckar ..... June 24, 11 am
*Will not call at Genoa. †For Naples only.
OELRICHS & CO., 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 95 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE—
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
St. Paul ..... Feb. 11 | St. Louis ..... Feb. 22
New York ..... Feb. 18 | Philadelphia ..... Mar. 4
PHILADELPHIA—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Merion ..... Feb. 11 | Haverford ..... Feb. 25
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
Mesaba ..... Feb. 11 | Manitou ..... Feb. 22
Minnetonka ..... Feb. 18 | Menominee ..... Mar. 4
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—LONDON—PARIS.
Calling at Dover for London and Paris.
Zeeland ..... Feb. 15 | Adriatic ..... Feb. 25
Finland ..... Feb. 18 | Kroonland ..... Mar. 4
WHITE STAR LINE.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Oceanic ..... Feb. 9, 2 pm | Baltic ..... Mar. 1, 2 pm
Majestic ..... Feb. 22, 10 am | Teutonic ..... Mar. 8, 10 am
BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Cymric ..... March 1 | Winifredian ..... Mar. 15
NEW YORK AND BOSTON DIRECT
to the MEDITERRANEAN.
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, ALEXANDRIA
FROM NEW YORK.
Republic ..... Feb. 22 | Apr. 19 | Romanic, July 8
Cretic ..... Mar. 15 | May 29 | June 15
FROM BOSTON.
Canopic ..... Feb. 18 | Apr. 7 | May 12 | June 24
Romanic ..... Mar. 4 | Mar. 11 | Apr. 22 | June 3
F. C. BROWN, Western Passenger Agent.
Phone Central 129. 80-86 Dearborn-st.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
The oldest line crossing the Atlantic.
New York—Boston—Liverpool, via Queenstown.
Record passages, 5 days. Rates low.
Saxonia, Boston ..... Feb. 14 | Mar. 14 | Apr. 11
Umbria, New York ..... Feb. 16 | Mar. 16 | May 11
Campania, New York ..... Feb. 23 | Mar. 23 | May 18
Ivernia, Boston ..... Feb. 28 | Mar. 28 | Apr. 25
Etruria, New York ..... Mar. 2 | Apr. 2 | May 20
Lucania, New York ..... Mar. 9 | Apr. 9 | May 20
THE MAMMOTH NEW FAST CUNARDERS
CARONIA (Twin screw)
676 feet long, 20,000 tons displ'm't, h. p.
From New York, Mar. 11 Apr. 15 May 16 June 13
CARMANIA (Turbine triple screw).
From New York, July 28 Aug. 22 Sept. 19 Oct. 17
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—GENOA—NAPLES.
N. Y. to Trieste and Fiume, calling at NAPLES
Pannonia (new twin sc.), 9,851 tn. Feb. 21. Apr. 11
Carpathia (new twin sc.), 10,000 tn. Mar. 21. May 13
Ultonia (twin sc.), 10,402 tn. ..... Mar. 21. May 4
Slavonia (new twin sc.), 10,005 tn. Mar. 28. May 25
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph-sts.

COMPAGNIE GEN'ALE TRANSATLANTIQUE—
French line. New York to Havre—Six days.
Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Touraine ..... Feb. 16 | Mar. 16 | Apr. 15 | May 11
La Gascogne ..... Feb. 23 | Mar. 23 | Apr. 20 | May 18
La Savoie ..... Mar. 2 | Mar. 30 | Apr. 27 | May 25
La Bretagne ..... Mar. 9 | Apr. 6 | May 4 | June 1
La Lorraine ..... Mar. 9 | Apr. 13 | May 4
New, modern, Steamships of 12,000 tons and upwards. Express Steamers; naval officers' man-of-war discipline. Company's vestibule trains Havre-Paris, 4 hours. First class, $80 and upwards; 2d class, $42.50 and upwards, according to steamer.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.—
(A. & A. LINE.)
Sails from San Francisco to HONOLULU every 10 days to SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND, and AUSTRALIA. SPLENDID 6,000 TON STEAMERS. Feb. 25; Mar. 17, and every 21 days. TAHITI once a month. Round the world rate, $622.50. Address A. & A. Line, 193 S. Clark-st., or 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.
†Patricia ..... Feb. 25
†Prestoria ..... Feb. 18 | †Bluecher ..... Mar. 2
*Has gymnasium and gymnasium on board.
†Via Dover. Via Plymouth-Cherbourg.
NEW YORK—APPLES—GENOA.
PRINZ ADALBERT ..... Feb. 25, Apr. 11, May 30
PRINZ OSKAR ..... Mar. 25, May 13, June 27
Office: Corner Dearborn and La Salle-sts.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS — NEW YORK, GLASGOW—LONDONDERRY—LIVERPOOL.
Ethiopia ..... Feb. 11 | Astoria ..... March 11
Furnessia ..... Feb. 25 | Ethiopia ..... March 18
NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
Italia ..... Feb. 15 | Perugia ..... Feb. 25
APPLY EARLY FOR CHOICE BERTHS.
For single or Round Trip Excursion Tickets, 107 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 3335.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE.
Sailings Wednesdays at 10 a. m.
Statendam ..... Feb. 15 | Statendam ..... Mar. 29
Potsdam ..... March 1 | Ryndam ..... Apr. 5
Rotterdam ..... March 8 | Rotterdam ..... Apr. 12
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
60 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3846.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL S. S. CO.
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
TO NAPLES, GENOA, LIVERPOOL.
Sicilia ..... Feb. 18 | Lombardia ..... Mar. 4
Vin Florio ..... Feb. 27 | Liguria ..... Mar. 22
For further information apply to
HIRZEL, FELTMANN & CO., 9-11 Broadway, N.Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 151 E. Van Buren-st.

OCEAN RATES TO LIVERPOOL—FIRST CABIN, $47.50; second, $37.50; third, $26.50; Hamburg, Bremen, third, $28; Canadian lines. A. C. SHAW, 228 S. Clark-st., Chicago. Harrison 2168.

COOK'S TOURS TO EUROPE—30TH SEASON, $175 to $1,015. All expenses included.
THOS. COOK & SON, 234 South Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—$1.00 TO MILwaukee and Back. Daily.
Docks foot of Michigan-av. Phone Cent. 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. ‡Sunday. †Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday.

CHICAGO & ALTON RY.

"THE ONLY WAY."

City ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Harrison 4470. Union Passenger Station, Canal-st., between Adams and Madison-sts. Phone Main 2122.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 9:00 am	Prairie State Express	* 5:15 pm
*†11:30 am	Alton Limited	* 5:04 pm
* 9:00 pm	Palace Express	* 7:15 am
*†11:45 pm	Midnight Special	* 7:05 am
* 1:20 pm	Bloomington-Springfield Local	* 1:15 pm
	Streator-Peoria trains—	
† 5:00 am	Peoria Express	*†11:40 am
† 4:10 pm	Peoria-Chicago Limited	† 9:18 pm
*†11:45 pm	Peoria Midnight Special	† 7:05 am
	Jacksonville-Kansas City trains—	
* 8:30 pm	Kansas City Hummer	* 7:45 am
† 9:00 am	Bloomington-Jacksonville Loc.	† 6:04 pm

WABASH RAILROAD — DEPOT, PEARBORN station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephone—City office [except Sunday], Har. 4500. Depot R. 755.

Leave.		Arrive.
	Springfield & Quincy Exp...	4:07 pm
	Banner Blue Limited to St. Louis and Peoria	
*11:30 am		* 5:32 pm
* 2:15 pm	Peoria & Decatur Accom...	*12:30 pm
† 6:17 pm	St. Louis Limited Express	† 8:02 am
*11:30 pm	St. Louis & Peoria express	* 8:02 am
* 4:35 pm	Forest Park Accommodation	* 9:17 am
*11:00 am	Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston	* 3:50 pm
* 3:00 pm	Detroit, N. Falls, N. Y.	* 9:30 pm
* 4:35 pm	Pittsburg Express	*10:02 am
* 3:00 pm	Montpelier Accommodation	* 9:30 pm
*11:00 am	Detroit, N. Falls & Bost. Ex.	*10:02 am
* 3:00 pm	Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex...	* 9:30 pm

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.—
(A. & A. LINE.)
Sails from San Francisco to HONOLULU every 10 days to SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND, and AUSTRALIA. SPLENDID 6,000 TON STEAMERS. Feb. 25; Mar. 17, and every 21 days. TAHITI once a month. Round the world rate, $622.50. Address A. & A. Line, 193 S. Clark-st., or 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.
†Patricia ..... Feb. 25
†Prestoria ..... Feb. 18 | †Bluecher ..... Mar. 2
*Has gymnasium and gymnasium on board.
†Via Dover. Via Plymouth-Cherbourg.
NEW YORK—APPLES—GENOA.
PRINZ ADALBERT ..... Feb. 25, Apr. 11, May 30
PRINZ OSKAR ..... Mar. 25, May 13, June 27
Office: Corner Dearborn and La Salle-sts.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS — NEW YORK, GLASGOW—LONDONDERRY—LIVERPOOL.
Ethiopia ..... Feb. 11 | Astoria ..... March 11
Furnessia ..... Feb. 25 | Ethiopia ..... March 18
NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
Italia ..... Feb. 15 | Perugia ..... Feb. 25
APPLY EARLY FOR CHOICE BERTHS.
For single or Round Trip Excursion Tickets, 107 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 3335.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE.
Sailings Wednesdays at 10 a. m.
Statendam ..... Feb. 15 | Statendam ..... Mar. 29
Potsdam ..... March 1 | Ryndam ..... Apr. 5
Rotterdam ..... March 8 | Rotterdam ..... Apr. 12
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
60 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3846.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL S. S. CO.
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
TO NAPLES, GENOA, LIVERPOOL.
Sicilia ..... Feb. 18 | Lombardia ..... Mar. 4
Vin Florio ..... Feb. 27 | Liguria ..... Mar. 22
For further information apply to
HIRZEL, FELTMANN & CO., 9-11 Broadway, N.Y.
J. S. LOWITZ, 151 E. Van Buren-st.

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Docks foot of Michigan-av. Phone Cent. 76.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. ‡Sunday. †Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY

City ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Phone Harrison 3842. Auto. 1511. Union Passenger Station, Canal-st., Adams and Canal-sts. Phone, Main 3122.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 7:15 am	Elgin, Omaha, Intermediate	* 5:25 pm
† 7:15 am	Marquette, Monticello, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Missouri River Express	† 9:55 pm
† 7:45 am	Janesville, Madison, Minneapolis and St. Paul	† 1:05 pm
‖ 8:05 am	Elgin, Rockford	‖ 4:00 pm
‖ 8:30 am	Elgin, Rockford, Janesville	‖ 6:45 pm
‖ 8:30 am	Elgin, Rockford	‖10:30 am
* 9:00 am	Day Express—Milwaukee, Fond du Lac, St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6:25 pm
	Grand Rapids, Wadena, Tomahawk	*†11:55 am
† 9:00 am	Marquette, Madison, Prairie du Chien	* 9:25 pm
† 9:00 am	Baraboo	† 6:05 pm
† 9:00 am	Milwaukee and Minneapolis	† 6:05 pm
† 9:00 am	Waukesha	† 6:05 pm
† 9:00 am	Rockford via Harvard	† 6:05 pm
‖10:05 am	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	‖ 6:45 pm
*10:25 am	Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs	* 6:55 pm
*†11:30 am	Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Green Bay, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	*†11:25 pm
*†11:30 am	Wausau, Marshfield	* 9:25 pm
*†11:30 pm	Grand Rapids and Intermediate	† 1:40 pm
† 2:30 pm	Milwaukee and Intermediate	* 2:25 pm
‖ 2:30 pm	Green Bay, Menominee	* 4:00 pm
‖ 2:00 pm	Milwaukee, Madison	‖ 6:55 pm
† 4:05 pm	Beloit, Janesville, Madison	†10:00 am
† 4:05 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	†10:00 am
† 4:45 pm	Beloit, Janesville	† 1:50 pm
* 5:00 pm	Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Oshkosh, Appleton Jct., Wausau, Marshfield, Portland	*†9:45 am
† 6:00 pm	Mason City, Fox Lake	* 8:55 am
‖ 6:00 pm	Northern Iowa and the Dakotas	‖ 8:55 am
† 6:00 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 8:55 am
† 6:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford via Harvard	†10:35 am
* 7:00 pm	Denver, Omaha, Des Moines, Storm City, Bonesteel	*†9:50 pm
* 8:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Marquette, The Copper Country	* 7:25 am

The Overland Limited.

* 8:00 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:55 am
* 8:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Beloit.....	* 9:55 am

The Overland Limited.

* 8:00 pm	Omaha, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:25 am
‖ 8:00 pm	Des Moines, Sioux City	‖ 8:35 am
‖ 8:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	‖10:15 am
* 8:00 pm	Janesville and Madison	* 6:55 pm

The Pioneer Limited.

* 9:30 pm	Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle	* 8:00 am
*10:25 pm	California Express—Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Portland	* 9:25 am
*10:25 pm	Elgin, Davenport, Rock Island, Iowa City, Grinnell, Des Moines	* 7:25 am
*10:25 pm	Cedar Rapids, Des Moines	* 6:55 pm
†10:25 pm	Blouxx Falls, Sioux City	† 7:45 pm
†10:25 pm	Monticello & Intermediate	† 7:45 pm
†10:25 pm	Dubuque, Iowa, Minn., Dak.	† 7:55 pm
*10:20 pm	Milwaukee, Madison, Minneapolis and Intermediate	* 7:00 am
	Houghton, Hancock, and Calumet	
*10:30 pm	Green Bay, Iron Mountain, Champion, Negaunee, and Ishpeming	* 7:00 am
*10:30 pm	Peshtigo Express	* 7:25 pm
*10:30 pm	Ontonagon, Star Lake, Grand Rapids, Wausau	* 7:00 am
*10:30 pm	Calumet	* 7:00 am
(a) Milwaukee daily.		(a) Ar. Sundays 11:30 a. m.

Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. (Telephone Central 7100) and Wells-st. Station. Information Bureau, Telephone Main 865 and Automatic 689.

Leave.		Arrive.
† 7:30 am	Milwaukee, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	at 11:55 pm
† 7:45 am	Rockford and Freeport	† 7:40 pm
† 8:00 am	Elgin	† 7:00 pm
at 8:00 am	Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee	* 6:55 pm
* 9:00 am	Janesville, Minneapolis, Beloit, Janesville, Madison	* 9:40 pm
† 9:00 am	La Crosse, Winona and Minnesota points	† 9:05 pm
* 9:00 am	Madison via Merrillan	* 9:40 pm
† 9:00 am	Rockford via Harvard	† 7:00 pm
†10:05 am	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	† 1:50 pm
*10:25 am	Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs	* 6:55 pm
*†11:30 am	Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Green Bay, Sheboygan, Manitowoc	*†11:25 pm
*†11:30 am	Wausau, Marshfield	* 9:25 pm
*†11:30 pm	Grand Rapids and Intermediate	† 1:40 pm
† 2:30 pm	Milwaukee and Intermediate	* 2:25 pm
at 2:30 pm	Green Bay, Menominee	* 4:00 pm
at 2:00 pm	Milwaukee, Madison	at 6:55 pm
† 4:05 pm	Beloit, Janesville, Madison	†10:00 am
† 4:05 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Freeport	†10:00 am
† 4:45 pm	Beloit, Janesville	† 1:50 pm
* 5:00 pm	Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Oshkosh, Appleton Jct., Wausau, Marshfield, Portland	*†9:45 am
† 6:00 pm	Mason City, Fox Lake	* 8:55 am
‖ 6:00 pm	Northern Iowa and the Dakotas	‖ 8:55 am
† 6:00 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 8:55 am
† 6:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford via Harvard	†10:35 am
* 7:00 pm	Denver, Omaha, Des Moines, Storm City, Bonesteel	*†9:50 pm
* 8:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Marquette, The Copper Country	* 7:25 am

The Overland Limited.

* 8:00 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:55 am
* 8:00 pm	Elgin, Rockford, Beloit.....	* 9:55 am
‖ 8:00 pm	La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota and Dakota	‖ 8:55 am
†10:00 pm	Superior and Duluth	† 7:50 am
†10:00 pm	Madison, St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 7:50 am
*10:00 pm	Milwaukee, Green Bay, Escanaba	* 7:25 am
†10:30 pm	Madison, Sault Ste. Marie	† 7:25 am
*11:00 pm	Omaha, Sioux City, Black Hills, Dennison, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 9:50 am
†11:00 pm	Mason City, Fox Lake	† 8:40 pm
†11:00 pm	Hancock and Houghton, Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota	† 8:55 am
† 2:55 am	Milwaukee, Madison, Ashland, Marquette, Wausau, Marshfield	at 9:20 pm
† 3:00 am	Madison, Janesville, Madison, St. Paul and Minneapolis, Superior and Duluth	*†11:55 am
† 3:00 am	La Crosse and Winona	† 8:55 pm
† 3:00 am	Green Bay, Menominee	* 9:30 pm
† 3:00 am	Milwaukee, Sheboygan	* 9:30 pm
† 3:00 am	Marshfield via Merrillan	† 7:00 am

(a) Daily Chicago and Milwaukee. (b) Sunday 7:22 pm.
(c) Daily to Green Bay. (d) Ar. ex. Monday from Wausau and Marshfield. (e) Arrives from Somerset 9:47 am.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILWAY CO.—Union Passenger Station (Telephone Main 677), Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office (Telephone Central 2117), 211 Clark-st., corner Adams. Feb. 5, 1905.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 5:00 pm	Denver Limited—for Col

WHEAT SWING IS UPWARD

MAY HAS SHARP RALLY ON WHICH LOCAL SHORTS COVER.

Bull Clique Houses Supply the Demand and Most of the Advance Is Lost—Ordinary Market News of No Importance Compared with Pit Conditions in Fixing the Price — Little Pressure in Corn and It Shows Decided Strength—Other Pits.

It became evident from the opening that the short selling of May wheat at the close of Wednesday had been overconfident, and that there was no disposition on the part of the bears to press that side further. The market touched $1.16 again, but barely touched it, for there was a general resting commission demand there. Under lack of pressure and moderate support the market grew gradually and irregularly firmer, with an increasing demand on the part of shorts as it marched up, until toward the close of the session it reached $1.16⅞.

Around top price and ¼c below it the trade was big, and the demand from shorts was pronounced, but they had no difficulty in getting their wants supplied. Some of the private wire houses which trade for the Wall street bulls were heavy sellers, forcing a break of ⅛c from top, with the close at $1.16⅜, sellers, a net gain of ¼c for the day. July was relatively weak most of the session, and, while it showed a gain of ⅛@⅜c at best, in sympathy with the May strength, it sold off ⅝@¾c from top and closed at $1.00⅜, a net loss of ¼c. September lost ¼@⅜c, to 93½c, in spite of liberal covering by recent short sellers.

There was apparently nothing in the ordinary routine news of the day which had much effect on price fluctuations. Minneapolis advices reported a dull demand for flour and for cash wheat, repeating the rumors of a possible closing of some of the mills. Receipts there dropped a little under last year's figures, but only slightly, 196 cars, compared with 203. Primary receipts were 303,000 bu, compared with 432,000 bu last year.

Visible Supply Prospect.

Minneapolis stocks decreased 550,000 bu for six days, suggesting a possibility of a decrease of 1,000,000 bu in the visible supply for the week, or about the same as a year ago. The local cash demand was dull, but prices firm, sales about 35,000 bu. Kansas City reported the sale of a few cars of choice No. 2 hard at $1.13. Clearances were 41,000 bu wheat and flour.

Liverpool prices were unchanged to ¼d higher, in spite of the break here, owing to large offerings of Argentine wheat, the result of the strike in that country. Argentine shipments for the week were estimated at 2,400,000 bu.

Trade in May was small until the extreme advance, when there was heavy covering by some of the big shorts, the buying led by Waddell, Scott-Monohan, Brosseau, Kimball, Lake, and others. The demand was supplied mainly by Barrell, Logan-Bryan, Bartlett, and Love.

Good Rally in Corn.

Corn showed strength on the opening, rallying slowly from 45¼c for May to 45⅝c, and closing at the top, a gain of ⅜c, July and September advancing as much. The lack of any pressure from cash houses, an indication of small offerings of cash corn by the country, was a stimulus for the advance, and there was moderate buying by cash houses against export sales.

Receipts keep light, 180 cars in and 213 estimated. Cash prices were steady to ¼c higher, the shipping demand slow, sales 60,000 bu. Primary receipts were 498,000 bu, compared with 448,000 bu a year ago. Clearances were 30,000 bu and the seaboard reported export sales of 120,000 bu. Liverpool was unchanged for futures, but spot American ½d higher; cargoes firm asking 1½d advance. Shorts covered rather freely on the extreme bulge. McReynolds and Rosenbaum were prominent in the early buying of May, which was taken by Wells, Wan-Leland, and Rumsey later. Helmholts and Walter Comstock bought July. Armour and Fyfe-Manson kept May for sale on the advance.

Oats Shorts Cover.

Oats showed steadiness at the opening on general commission demand for May, which in covering by shorts on the advance in turn put May sold up to 30½c bid and closed at that price sellers, a net gain of ¼@⅝c. July up ⅜c, and other deliveries ¼c. There is no increase in the movement, receipts 75 cars and 57 estimated. Cash prices were nominally unchanged, but the market easy, shipping demand slow, sales 75,000 bu. The only pronounced pressure on the May was at the opening, when Bennett sold a line of 250,000 bu. Commission houses bought early at low prices and local shorts covered higher up. Clearances were 3,000 bu.

Grain Helps Provisions.

Provisions were slow but firm the greater part of the session, but became active the last half hour and closed with gains of 7½c in pork, 5c in lard, and 5@7½c in ribs. Smaller hog receipts helped the market early, but it was not till the corn advance was well started that demand became urgent, Logan-Bryan, Bartlett-Frazier, and other commission houses leading the buying. On the advance there apparently was selling of lard and ribs by Boyd-Lunham, Gregson, and Raymond, the houses which led that buying on Wednesday. Local hog receipts were 37,000 head, and 30,000 are estimated for today. Prices at the yards were 5c higher. A private estimate of local stocks placed the increase since Feb. 1 at 3,500 brls pork, 6,000 tcs lard, and 2,100,000 lbs ribs.

Rye, Barley, and Seeds.

Rye ruled steady. May was 77½c asked and 76¼c bid, and February 74½c. No. 3 car lots sold at 77c, and No. 4 at 70c. Receipts, 2 cars.

Barley was steady to firm, low grade malting selling best, with the entire range 38@46c. Feed sold at 36@38c, and screenings 36c. Receipts, 29 cars.

Flaxseed was unchanged. May was offered at $1.20 and February was $1.16 bid. No. 1 northwestern was $1.23 bid, and No. 1 $1.18. Receipts 9 cars at Minneapolis, 10 at Duluth, and none here.

Timothy seed was steady. March was offered at $2.87½ and February was $2.80@2.85.

Bag lots ra ged from $2.00@2.75. February clover seed was steady at $12.50@12.60, and country lots $8.00@12.25.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Close.	High.	Low.	Close. Feb. 9.	Feb. 8.
Feb.	1.16⅜-16⅝	1.16⅞	1.16	1.14⅝	1.14⅝
May	1.16⅜-16⅝	1.16⅞	1.16	1.16⅜	1.16⅛
July	91⅝-92⅛	92⅝	92⅛	1.00⅜	1.00⅛
		92	92⅛	92⅜	92⅜-⅝

CORN.

Feb.	43⅜	43	42½-⅝	43	42⅜
May	45⅝	45⅝	45⅜	45⅝	45⅛
July	45⅜	45⅝	45⅜	45⅝	45⅛
	46⅜	46⅝	46¼	46⅜	46

OATS.

Feb.				30¼	30
May	30⅜-30¾	30⅞-¾	30⅜	30¾	30⅛-¼
July	30	30⅜-½	30	30⅜	29⅞-30
	29¼	29½	28⅝	29¼	28¼-29

MESS PORK.

Feb.				12.70	12.62½
May	12.82½	12.92½	12.85	12.90	12.85
	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.92½

LARD.

Feb.				6.75	6.70
May	6.90	6.95	6.90	6.92½	6.87½
July	7.02½	7.07½	7.02½	7.05	7.00

SHORT RIBS.

Feb.				6.70	6.62½
May	6.85	6.95	6.85	6.90	6.82½
July	6.97½	7.02½	6.97½	7.02½	6.97½

Movement of Produce.

Receipts and shipments of produce for the last twenty-four hours, compared with last year, follow:

Articles.	Receipts 1905.	Receipts 1904.	Shipments 1905.	Shipments 1904.
Flour, brls	36,400	28,655	48,000	30,300
Wheat, bu	17,000	35,150	30,066	21,842
Corn, bu	256,000	219,123	215,717	196,449
Oats, bu	53,900	284,062	166,887	168,367
Rye, bu	3,000	4,211	8,750	13,076
Barley, bu	84,700	109,313	25,064	17,770
Timothy seed, lbs	46,450	225,710	88,492	99,020
Clover seed, lbs		7,250	4,082	36,240
Other grass seed, lbs		2,750	272,540	142,190
Hay, tons	900	11,770	4,220	5,125
Dressed hogs, lbs	338,477	611,446	2,840,462	3,386,150
Pork, brls			4,283	6,903
Lard, lbs	555,320	414,474	4,104,461	5,313,453
Tallow, lbs			420	533
Butter, lbs	30,500	319,150	1,002,605	1,919,990

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3	No grade.	Total
Winter wheat					
Spring wheat	4		2		2
Corn			5		5
Oats	11	5	123	76	199
Rye		1	43	16	72
Barley	1		1		2
Flaxseed			6	22	28
Totals	16	5	179	118	318

Inspected out: Corn—No. 3, 3,750 bu; No. 4, 1,250 bu; no grade, 6,000 bu. Oats—No. 3 white, 10,300 bu; standard, 28,900 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators—Wheat—Winter—4 cars No. 2 hard; 3 cars No. 3 hard. Corn—21 cars No. 2 yellow; 88 cars No. 3 yellow; 14 cars No. 3 white; 66 cars No. 3; 7 cars No. 4. Oats—27 cars standard; 3 cars No. 2 White; 7 cars No. 3.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm. Hard spring [favorite brands], $6.40@6.50; hard patents [in wood], $5.40@5.50; straight [export bags], $4.80@4.90; clear [export bags], $3.70@6.00; soft winter patents [export bags], $5.10@5.20; straight, $4.90@4.80; hard winter patents [export bags], $4.65@4.80; clear [export bags], $3.40@3.70; rye flour, brls, $3.85@4.25; sacks, $3.60@4.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Dull and firm. Sales in store and to go: 15,000 bu mixed. lots on p. t. Sales free on board: No. 4 red, 90c; No. 3 red, $1.14.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet. Sales in store and to go: 20,000 bu by sample at $1.14.

CORN—Steady to ⅛c lower. Sales in store and to go: 60,000 bu No. 3 for shipment on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 42@43¼c; No. 3, 43¼@43½c; No. 3 yellow, 43½@43¾c; No. 3 white, 43½c. Billed through: No. 4, 41½c; No. 3, 42¼@42½c; No. 3 yellow, 42¼@42⅝c; No. 3 white, 42¼c. At river: No. 4, 40¾@41c; No. 3, 41¼@41½c; No. 3 yellow, 41¼@41¾c; No. 3 white, 41½c.

OATS—Steady to ⅛c lower. Sales in store and to go: 75,000 bu white clipped for shipment on p. t. Free on board: No. 4 white, 30@31¼c; No. 3 white, 31¼@31¾c; standard, 31¾@32c. Billed through: No. 3 white, 31@31¼c; standard, 31½c; No. 2, 30½c. At river: No. 4 white, 29½c; No. 3 white, 29¾@30c; standard, 30¼c.

RYE—Dull. Sales free on board: No. 3, 77c; No. 4, 70c.

BARLEY—Steady to firm. Sales on track, by sample, 41@43c. Free on board or switched, by sample: Skimmings, 30c; screenings, 27@37c. Barley, 41@47c.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Cash lots: Mess pork, $12.70@12.73; lard, $6.72½@6.75; ribs, $6.62½@6.75, according to weight.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Quiet and steady. Prices quotable as follows: Beef hams, $18.75@19.00; extra mess beef, $8.75@9.00; plate beef, $8.75@9.00; extra plate beef, $9.50@9.75. Tallow steady at 5¼@5⅝c for edible, 4½@5c for prime packers', and 4¼c for No. 1 do, and 3½@3¾c for No. 2 do. 4¾@4⅞c for city renderers, 4¾@4¾c for prime country, 3¾@3¾c for No. 2 do. Oleo stearine in moderate demand and quotably steady at 6¼@6¾c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 3½@3¾c for brown, 3½@3¾c for yellow, 3¾@3¼c for house, 4¼@4¼c for B white, and 4¾@5c for A white.

COOPERAGE—Offerings fair and demand moderate. Ash pork brls, $1.06@90c; oak pork brls, $1.07½@1.10; lard tcs, $1.30@1.32½. No sales reported.

WHISKY—steady, basis of $1.23 for finished goods.

HAY—Receipts, 1,146 tons; shipments, 12 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $9.00@12.50; not graded prairie, Kansas, $9.00@10.00. Free on board and switched: Not graded prairie, Iowa, $8.00.

STRAW—Rye straw quotable at $8.50@9.50, wheat straw at $5.50@6.00, and oat straw at $6.50@7.00. Sales on track: Tangled rye, $9.00.

INTERESTING TRADE GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

Discussion over the value of red Russian wheat and the advisability of its grading as red winter instead of Colorado wheat waxed warm yesterday, and the matter probably will be thoroughly thrashed over by local cash interests and the railroad and warehouse commission before there can be any possible effect from the St. Louis move here. The red western wheat is grading at East St. Louis and St. Louis as red winter, and those at the meeting of the warehouse commission yesterday say the Missouri millers favor the red Russian variety and are getting good results in flour making from a mixture of that grade with others. A change will have to be made here, however, before the western wheat can grade as red winter, with due notice given, and the bulk of the trade at present seems not in favor of the move. Of the grading of the western wheat, J. S. Neville, chairman of the railroad and warehouse commission, said: "The inspection rules do not say what state soft winter wheat shall come from to grade it as red winter. It is an injustice to bar the western wheat just as it would to not grade Indiana red as red winter. The southwest millers say it is as good as the native wheat, and are using it extensively. Chicago is not getting as much wheat as it once did, and I think this will help matters." Many local grain handlers do not agree with this view, and a local broker quoted the chief inspector of Toledo as saying millers prefer to buy No. 3 red in St. Louis, as there is no straight No. 2 red in store there, all being a more or less pronounced blend of the native and western wheats. W. H. Perrine, Harris-Scotten's wheat expert, said: "While the western wheat is the finest appearing wheat grown anywhere, having a fine, full berry, it is not so good as native soft winter wheat in flour making qualities, lacking in gluten, and so not making so strong a flour. Many millers who have built up a special grade of flour will not use it. Others, of course, use it mixed with other wheats, but they have to be equipped with facilities for steaming or soaking it, as it is dry and brittle, and the rollers break it into small particles, making the separation of the bran difficult. Most of the soft winter flour mills are not so equipped. Some of this variety has been sold from here in a blended wheat, and has almost invariably caused trouble. I do not think it should be graded as red winter wheat." F. B. Rice of Nye-Jenks says tests have shown the red Russian variety to be lacking in 2 to 3 per cent of gluten compared with Indiana red wheat. Others favor the western wheat.

Some people in the wheat trade think the estimate of the shortage in May wheat imputed to John W. Gates, that of 40,000,000 bu, not extravagant, when one commission house is short a line of 7,000,000 bu, and at least one other of over 3,000,000 bu. While trade for a week or more has not been large enough to encourage the idea of so big an open interest, it is claimed there is a large short interest in the May for speculators at New York, Washington, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, and other cities who do not often operate in grain, but were tempted by the high price to sell May wheat short in Chicago around $1.15. It is easy to fall into exaggeration in making estimates on such a matter, there have been signs of important liquidation around $1.17, and it is possible some of the short sales on the books of different commission houses may some day be matched against long wheat held by others and disappear. It is claimed, however, that the present open long and short interest is considerably over the 20,000,000 bu figure, which has been the popular estimate of the Wall street long line. John W. Gates, the boss of the Wall street bull clique, is expected in Chicago on Saturday on his way to the Pacific coast for a few weeks' trip.

Country acceptances of corn in the west were light in spite of the low rates from Omaha to the seaboard. There were several explanations of this condition. The heavy snows have kept farmers from delivering corn and country dealers may be pretty well sold out. There is a blockade at Omaha and receivers have lowered their bids for fear the rates might be raised and they be left with corn on their hands before they can get it loaded in cars for shipment. The poor export demand was an added reason for not bidding. While some of the western roads are short of cars, there is a story the eastern roads have agreed to furnish 60 per cent of the cars which might be needed to move the Nebraska corn east, and that a good many empties are being hurried west. The action of the Rock Island in putting in cheap rates was said to be a measure of self-defense as well as of protection to Chicago, as its line to the gulf was blocked with corn and it had 700 cars at Omaha which had to be moved and could only be moved to the east.

Some of the St. Louis traders were here yesterday doing some missionary work in the matter of persuading the local board to take action similar to that of a committee of the St. Louis exchange in making Oregon red Russian wheat deliverable on contracts. It could not be learned that they achieved any effective results. The local rule regarding the inspection of red winter wheat deliverable on contracts, provides that it must be red winter wheat of the soft variety. It is claimed the Oregon wheat is a hard variety. As a result doubtless of the action of the St. Louis exchange committee May wheat in that market was weak, losing ½c, in spite of the advance here. A message from C. H. Spencer, the leading bull there, said he thought May wheat a better purchase there than anywhere else if the Oregon wheat could be kept out, which he was in hopes could be done. Other St. Louis messages reported selling there which seemed to be for some big long.

Local millers took 20,000 bu sample spring wheat yesterday at $1.14. In addition there was a fair car lot demand for hard winter wheat, sales of which aggregated 15,000 bu. On the sample tables prices were firm with trades few. Sales of corn were 60,000 bu No. 3 and of oats 75,000 bu white clipped.

Increases of 3,500 brls pork, 5,900 tcs of lard, and 2,100,000 lbs of ribs in local provision stocks since Feb. 1, were shown by Schwabacker's estimate. Total stocks, according to the estimate, are 49,000 brls pork, 70,000 tcs lard, and 22,000,000 lbs ribs.

"The winter wheat crop is certainly killed now," said Fred H. Babcock. "There is so much snow over it the tender thing will be smothered."

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 11 cars; corn, 213 cars; oats, 57 cars; rye, 1 car; barley, 23 cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Wheat—Receipts, 13,650 bu; spot firm; No. 2 red, nominal, elevator, $1.22½, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, $1.11½, f. o. b., afloat. Options closed partly ⅝c net higher; May, $1.15⅝@1.16 7-16, closed $1.16⅛; July, $1.04 7-16@1.05, closed $1.04⅝; September, 90@90⅝c, closed 90¼c.

Corn—Receipts, 40,850 bu; exports, 218 bu; spot firm; No. 2, 54½c, elevator, 51½c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 yellow, 51½c; No. 2 white, 52c. Options showed ⅝c net advance. May, 50⅝@51¼c, closed 51⅛c; July closed 51¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 25,500 bu; exports, 2,705 bu; spot firm; mixed oats, 28@32 lbs., 36½@37½c; natural white, 30@32 lbs, 37@38c; mixed white, 36@40 lbs, 37@41c.

Cotton seed oil—Firm; prime yellow, 25½@25¾c. Sugar—Raw nominal; fair refining, 4 9-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 5 1-16c; molasses sugar, 4 5-16c. Refined quiet; crushed, 6.75c; powdered, 6.15c; granulated, 6.05c.

Quotations on Coffee.

Coffee—Spot steady. Futures opened steady and closed at a decline of 10@15 points, with sales of 216,500 bags.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Feb. 9.	Close Feb. 8.
March	7.00	7.00	6.80	6.85	7.00
May	7.20	7.20	7.10	7.15	7.25
July	7.50	7.50	7.40	7.40	7.50
September	7.70	7.70	7.50	7.60	7.70

Quotations on Cotton.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 5 points lower; middling uplands, 7.80c; middling gulf, 8.05; sales, 41 bales. Futures opened easy and closed steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Feb. 9.	Close Feb. 8.
February	7.55	7.43	7.30	7.30	7.40
March	7.40	7.50	7.33	7.34	7.53
April		7.53	7.38	7.38	7.55
May	7.51	7.54	7.39	7.37	7.57
June	7.60	7.60	7.41	7.41	7.62
July	7.64	7.64	7.45	7.46	7.67
August			7.44	7.43	7.71

Cotton in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9.—Cotton—Spot, good business done. Prices 10 points higher; American middling, fair, 4.60d; good middling, 4.30d; middling, 4.18d; low middling, 4.06d; good ordinary, 3.92d; ordinary, 3.76d. Sales were 12,000 bales. Receipts, 13,000 bales, including 8,000 American. Receipts, 13,000 bales. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed steady.

Western Grain Markets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 9.—Wheat—May closed at $1.15⅜; July, $1.13¼. Closing: On track, No. 1 hard, $1.16½; No. 1 northern, $1.14½; No. 2 northern, $1.10¾@1.11¾; No. 3 wheat, $1.04@8 1.07⅝. Flour—First patents, $5.20@5.30; second patents, $5.00@5.10; first clears, $4.15@4.35; second clears, $2.90@2.70. Flax—Close: Cash, $1.24; to arrive, $1.24; January, $1.24. Bran—In bulk, $13.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 9.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.05¼@1.06⅜; July, 90c; cash, No. 2 hard, $1.11@1.13; No. 3, $1.06@1.10; No. 4, 95c@$1.06; No. 2 red, $1.13@1.15. Corn—May, 43⅜@43⅝c; July, 43⅝@43¾c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 44@44½c; No. 2 white, 45c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 30½@31c; No. 2 white, 31@32c. Receipts—Wheat, 33 cars.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 9.—Close: Wheat—Easy; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, $1.14⅝; track, $1.17⅝@1.18½; May, $1.15⅜; July, 96¾c; No. 2 hard, $1.12 @1.14. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 43c; track, 44½@45c; May, 44¼@44½c; July, 44⅝c. Oats—Firmer; No. 2 cash, 31c; track, 32@32½c; May, 30¾c; No. 2 white, 33c. Lead—Dull, $4.35. Spelter—Dull, $6.00.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 9.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.11⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.04⅜. On track, No. 1 northern, $1.11⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.04⅜; May, $1.13⅜; July, $1.13⅛; September, 94c. Oats—To arrive and on track, 29½c. Receipts—Wheat, 4,685 bu. Shipments, none.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 9.—Wheat—Dull; No. 1 northern, $1.15@1.16; No. 2 northern, $1.10@1.15½; May, $1.16¾@1.16½ bid. Oats—Steady; standard, 32c. Corn—Steady; No. 3, 42¾@43½c; May, 43¾@43¾c asked.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 9.—Clover seed—Cash, $7.55; February, $7.56; March, $7.57½; April, $7.45; October, $5.87½. Prime alsike, $7.80. Prime timothy, $1.35; March do, $1.37½.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 9.—Cash corn firm; No. 3, 43c; No. 4, 42c; no grade, 41c. Oats—Steady; No. 3 white, 30¼@30¾c; No. 4 white, 29¾@30¼c.

Foreign Produce Market.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures steady; March, 7s 1½d; May, 6s 11¼d; July, 6s 11¼d. Corn—American mixed, new, 4s 1½d; American mixed, old, 4s 11¼d; futures steady; March, 4s 1d; May, 4s 2d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

The receipts of live stock at the stockyards were 9,000 cattle, 32,000 hogs, and 15,000 sheep. The demand for cattle was fairly good and the market generally was steady, although the best grades showed some strength. The top was $6.45. Hogs sold 5c higher than the close of Wednesday. Sheep and lambs of good quality were steady. The best lambs brought $7.95.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Feb. 6	21,933	871	40,142	14,844
Tuesday, Feb. 7	7,081	1,327	36,714	19,810
Wednesday, Feb. 8	27,225	1	39,000	17,761
Thursday, Feb. 9	9,000	300	32,000	15,000
Four days this week	58,739	2,899	168,426	67,416
Cor. last week	58,621	3,998	144,631	70,676
Cor. last year	65,005	2,502	146,673	99,818
Shipments—				
Monday, Feb. 6	6,532	....	10,285	508
Tuesday, Feb. 7	3,117	137	8,373	4,112
Wednesday, Feb. 8	5,293	50	9,794	1,520
Thursday, Feb. 9	5,000	50	4,000	2,000
Four days this week	19,901	228	35,442	7,941
Cor. last week	23,650	269	36,040	12,250
Cor. last year	20,719	136	30,062	23,551

Cattle.

Supply and demand were well balanced in the cattle market and there was no quotable change. The tendency of the trade for the good to choice steers was upward, but the common and medium showed a weaker trend. One extra choice lot of cattle sold to the Plankinton Hotel company of Milwaukee at $6.45, which was the highest price any cattle have brought since Dec. 21. The next highest figure was $5.90, and there were not many sales made above $5.75. The bulk of the trading was at $4.00@5.25. Quotations:

Prime steers	$5.85@6.25
Choice steers	5.50@5.75
Good steers	4.75@5.40
Medium steers	4.30@4.60
Common steers	3.10@4.10
Prime cows and heifers	3.45@4.50
Good to choice cows	3.00@3.50
Medium cows	2.50@3.00
Good cutters	2.00@2.30
Common to medium	2.00@2.20
Medium to good canners	1.60@2.00
Inferior canners	1.40@1.60
Prime heifers	4.15@5.10
Good to choice	3.25@3.90
Common to fair veal calves	2.25@4.75

Hogs.

The demand for hogs was fairly good and the market was active, with prices around 5c higher than at the close of Wednesday's business. The best heavy hogs sold at $4.95 and the bulk of the business was done at $4.70@4.85. Shippers bought freely, but still there were a good many hogs left. Quotations:

Mixed and butchers	$4.60@4.90
Choice to choice heavy	4.85@4.95
Rough heavy	4.60@4.70
Light	4.65@4.75
Bulk of sales	4.70@4.85

Sheep.

Good sheep and lambs sold freely and at steady to strong prices, but the common grades were not wanted, and the market for that class was dull and a little lower. Some fancy ewes sold at $5.85, which is the highest price of the year thus far. Quotations:

Choice to prime wethers	$5.50@5.90
Medium to good wethers	5.25@5.40
Good to choice ewes	5.25@5.50
Medium ewes	4.75@5.20
Culls and rams	3.75@4.00
Yearlings	6.00@7.25
Choice to prime lambs	7.75@8.00
Medium to good lambs	6.50@7.00
Common lambs	5.75@6.25

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Beeves—Receipts, 76 head. Trade limited. Cables steady. Exports 720 cattle. Calves—Receipts, 468 head. Veals, $4.00@6.00. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,424 head. Steady. Lambs, firm to 10c higher; sheep, $4.00@5.85; lambs, $7.50@8.50. Hogs—Receipts, 6,277 head. Slow. Good state hogs, $5.40@5.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,700 head, including 100 southerns. Strong and active. Choice export steers, $5.00@5.70; native heifers, $2.50@4.25; calves, $3.00@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000 head; 5c lower. Top, $4.97½; bulk, $4.65@4.80. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head. Steady. Native lambs, $6.50@7.65; native wethers, $5.00@5.65.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000 head, including 2,000 Texans. Steady. Steers, $4.50@5.75; cows and heifers, $2.35@5.05; calves, $5.50@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,500. Steady. Packers, $4.65@4.85; best heavy, $4.80@4.90. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500 head. Steady. Native muttons, $4.75@5.75; lambs, $6.00@8.00.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,500 head. Steady. Native steers, $5.40@5.50; calves, $2.75@6.75. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; 5c higher. Heavy, $4.70@4.80; bulk, $4.65@4.70. Sheep—Receipts, 3,000 head. Steady to strong. Western yearlings, $5.75@6.40; lambs, $6.50@7.00.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,362 head. Steady. Natives, $3.75@5.40. Hogs—Receipts, 9,805 head. Strong to 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 659 head. Steady.

STOCKS DEEPER IN RUT.

LEVEL OF PRICES BELOW THAT OF PRECEDING DAY.

Extreme Dullness Due to Almost Entire Lack of Demand—Some Buying of Issues for London Account—Jump of 11¼ Points in Great Northern Preferred Apparently Without Effect in Late Trading—Bonds Irregular and Unchanged on Call.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—[Special.]—The average level of prices of stocks today was lower than yesterday, and the result was extreme dullness. There was an almost entire lack of demand. The close was about the lowest, but the tone was easier. Although the admission to the Atchison directorate of Union Pacific interests is regarded as giving a measure of credit to many rumors of railroad deals, the stocks affected hang back. The same was true of the United States Steel stocks.

The cancellation of a part of orders of gold bars which were to be sent out today led to a strong recovery in the exchange market here, to a fall in sterling at Paris, accompanied by a stiffening of the discount rate in London. There were renewed inquiries for gold for export. Official intimations that an additional Japanese loan was to be negotiated may have had its effect on the London discount market. Arrangement to ship $3,000,000 more in gold certificates to Cuba on Saturday is to be reckoned with.

In spite of the course of the exchange market, there was buying of stocks here for London account. The early advance in Pennsylvania and Ontario and Western, the strength of Illinois Central, and a renewed rise in the local tractions about exhaust the list of important strong stocks. The jump of 11¼ in Great Northern preferred was without effect in the late market.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $5,665,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on call.

Close: Money on call steady, 2 per cent, closing bid 1¾, offered at 2. Time loans steady; 60 days and 90 days, 3 per cent; six months, 3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady at advance, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485@485.05 for demand and at 485.60@485.65 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, 486½ and 489. Commercial bills, 480¾. Bar silver, 51⅝. Mexican dollars, 47½. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close Fr.	Close P. S.
Allis-Chalm	1,300	16	16¾	16	16	15¾
Do pfd	200	68	68	68	68	67
Amal. Copper	12,700	74	74	73¾	73¾	73⅝
Amer. Car & Fdy	400	38	38	37¾	37¾	37¾
Amer. Cot. Oil	700	34¾	34¾	34¼	34¼	34¼
Amer. Hide	300	10	10	10	10	10
Do pfd	2,800	49¼	49¾	48¾	48¾	48¾
Amer. Ice	100	22	22	22	22	22
Do pfd	1,100	87½	87¾	87¼	87¼	87¼
Amer. Lin. pfd	200	37	37	37	37	37
Amer. Loco	1,000	39¾	39¾	39¼	39⅝	39⅜
Do pfd	400	110¾	110¾	110	110	110
Amer. Malt	4,400	9	9	8¾	8¾	8¾
Do pfd	3,200	24½	24½	23¾	24	23¾
Amer. Smelt	7,900	97	97¾	96¾	97¼	96¾
Do pfd	1,500	119¾	119¾	118¾	119¼	118¾
Amer. St. Fdy	300	61	61	61	61	61
Do pfd	700	81½	81½	80¾	80¾	80¾
Amer. Sugar	7,600	144	144¾	143¾	144¼	143¾
Amer. Tel. & T	100	134¾	134¾	134¾	134¾	134¾
Amer. Tob. pfd	8,100	104¾	104¾	104	104	104
Amer. Wool	300	29	29	28¾	28¾	28¾
Anaconda	300	106	106	105¾	106	105¾
Atchison	8,500	87⅝	89	87⅝	88¾	87⅝
Do pfd	200	104	104	104	104	104
A. C. Line	400	122¾	122¾	122	122	122¼
B. & O	24,200	106¾	107	106¾	106¾	106¾
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	93	93
B. R. T	19,800	67¾	68¾	67¾	68¾	68¾
Brunswick	100	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Canadian Pacific	1,200	134¾	135¾	134¼	135¼	134¼
C. & O	18,500	51⅞	52	51¾	51⅝	51¾
Chi. & Alton	200	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
C. G. Western	17,000	23¾	24¼	23¾	23¾	23¾
Do 2d pfd	1,300	56¼	56¾	56¼	56¼	56¼
C. M. & St. P	11,700	174¾	175¾	174¾	175¼	174¾
C. of N. J	100	199	199	199	199	
Chi. Terminal	1,000	17⅞	18	17¾	17¾	17
Do pfd	100	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Chi. Un. Trac	900	12¾	13¼	12¾	13¼	12¾
C. C. C. & St. L	200	96	96	96	96	96
C. R. I. & P	400	164¾	165¾	164¾	165¾	164¾
C. H. C. & I	400	16¾	16¾	16	16¼	16
Colo. Southern	1,000	29¾	30	29¾	30

RUSH TO THE SOUTHWEST.

RAILWAYS REPORT AN UNUSUAL "HOMESEEKERS" BUSINESS.

Alabama and Mississippi Also the Destination of Many Who Want Farms, and Traffic Officials Say Many Northerners Are Locating There—Meeting of Produce Exchanges in New York May Be Followed by Conference to End the Export Corn War.

There is to be a rush of people into the south and southwest if the bushels of inquiries now being received by the western railroads regarding "homeseekers' excursions" signify much. One mail in a single railway office yesterday contained over a hundred letters, all asking about soil and climate and all other things that go to make up life in the rural districts.

The movement is not confined to the southwest, but southern states like Alabama and Mississippi are receiving a great deal of attention. On one line alone 487 passengers, with homeseekers' tickets, have left Chicago in the last six weeks for a single county in Alabama. While this is said to be more than other counties in the state are receiving, yet in all sections where there seem to be openings for northern people passengers have been going ever since winter set in. Reports to the officials indicate that a good many of these people will remain in the south permanently, as they have made locations.

Many of the vast tracts of land in southwestern Kansas, which have been devoted heretofore to stock, are now being divided up for farms. Oklahoma is getting its full share of homeseekers, while Texas is receiving more newcomers than for a number of years. For the present the migration to the British northwest seems to have come to a stop and the tide has turned to the southwest.

May End Corn Rate War.

Vice presidents in charge of traffic on the various Chicago lines are expecting a call for a conference to settle the war between the gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic seaboard over the export business in corn, as the result of the meeting of representatives of the produce exchanges at New York yesterday. This meeting was called before the eastern trunk lines had made a move to give the Atlantic seaboard relief from the sharp competition of New Orleans and Galveston. It was postponed from time to time until the resulting war had settled down to a matter of endurance.

Every exchange from Boston to Baltimore was represented, while Chicago had a strong delegation there. It was believed by the railroad men that such a conference would be able to decide on a differential between ports on the Atlantic and those on the gulf of Mexico, and as soon as this had been done the railroads could get together and try to establish peace on the proposed basis.

Expected Heavy Movement Falls.

No new rates were announced yesterday. Not much grain was being secured by Chicago shippers through Nebraska, and the expected heavy movement may not be brought out even by the war rate. Reports to Chicago shippers indicated a slack demand on the part of foreign buyers.

The Rock Island gave notice that it would not protect grain going to Council Bluffs from Iowa points to take advantage of the low export rates.

The Baltimore and Ohio is to undertake the erection of sixty new stations along its lines next spring. Most of the new stations will be simple affairs, although some of them will cost from $5,000 to $10,000.

H. A. Buck has been appointed general agent of the Pennsylvania line for the Pacific coast, with headquarters at San Francisco.

NEW WAR ON CRIME BOOKS; SCHOOLS' AID TO BE ASKED.

Child Saving League Committee Determined to Enforce Law Against Sale of "Dime Novels" to Boys.

A new crusade against books exploiting crime or criminals, and against objectionable pictures, is to be started by Mrs. W. C. H. Keough, member of the board of education and chairman of the subcommittee on suppression of pernicious literature of the Cook County Child Saving league.

As a first step Mrs. Keough will ask the board of education to call upon all truant officers to aid in the work. At first it was felt by some of the committee members a new law was necessary, but recently it was decided the existing statute was sufficient. The committee will now work to see that this law is strictly enforced. This statute makes it "unlawful for any person to sell, lend, give away, or have in his possession with intent to sell, give away, or show to any minor or otherwise offer for loan, gift, or distribution to any minor any book, pamphlet, magazine, newspaper, story paper, or other printed matter devoted to the publication, or principally made up of criminal news or narratives of criminal deeds, or pictures or stories of deeds of bloodshed, lust, or crime." The same statute makes it unlawful to exhibit any of these publications in store windows. The penalty for violation of the law is fixed at a fine not to exceed $500, imprisonment in jail for a period not to exceed six months, or both.

In the last raid made by officers of the compulsory education department story books were taken from the truants bearing the following names:

"Jesse James' Double; or, Carl Greene, the Detective, Baffled by a Clever Ruse," "The Bandit King and the Boy," "Matt, the Fugitive," "Tracy, the Bandit," "The Raiders of Rawhide Ridge," and "Stickup Sam."

WILL SHOW CUBAN PAINTINGS.

Miss Valentine Smith at Arché Club Meeting Today Will Reproduce Many Rare Pictures.

The best art works of Cuba, the South American republics, and the little European countries that have gained recognition principally through their efforts to keep on the map will be shown in Chicago for the first time at the Arché club this afternoon. Miss Valentine Smith has brought them to this city in her stereopticon, and 600 or more connoisseurs are expected to throng Grand Boulevard hall at 2 o'clock to see them.

As the pictures are thrown on the canvas Miss Smith will tell the Arché club members about the artists and their work. Her lecture was prepared and the views collected during a nine months' visit at the St. Louis exposition.

In the collection are the works of a large number of South American artists who never before exhibited in this country. Miss Smith will also show works of the king and queen of Portugal, who were awarded gold and silver medals on the merit of their work.

State Supreme Court's Work.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 9.—(Special.)—Supreme court proceedings today were as follows:

Weiser vs. Powers; motion of appellee to strike petition for rehearing from files; allowed; petitions stricken.

Kohnauer vs. Durbin; rehearing denied.

Payne vs. Wadsworth; rehearing denied.

Gaffy vs. the people; rehearing denied.

People ex rel Merriam vs. Illinois Central railroad; rehearing denied.

Hubbard vs. city of Chicago; rehearing denied.

C. R. I. & P. Ry. vs. Halmer; rehearing allowed.

Cummings et al., vs. the people ex. rel., rehearing denied.

Taggart vs. Blair; motion of plaintiff in error for extension of time to file abstracts and brief; denied.

City of Mattoon vs. Noyes; motion of defendant in error to affirm or dismiss; denied.

St. L. C. R. R. Co. vs. Spring creek drainage district; rehearing allowed.

Jolie and Northern Indiana R. R. Co. vs. Spring creek drainage district; rehearing allowed.

Ray vs. Lobdell; rehearing denied.

Gage vs. the people ex rel.; rehearing denied.

Ryan vs. the people; motion of plaintiff in error to extend time ten days to file briefs.

Fairbanks et al vs. Clark et al.; motion of appellee to dismiss appeal.

Miller vs. Pennington et al.; motion of appellant for leave to file amended appeal bond allowed.

Field vs. Field; motion of appellant for five days' extension of time to file abstracts and briefs.

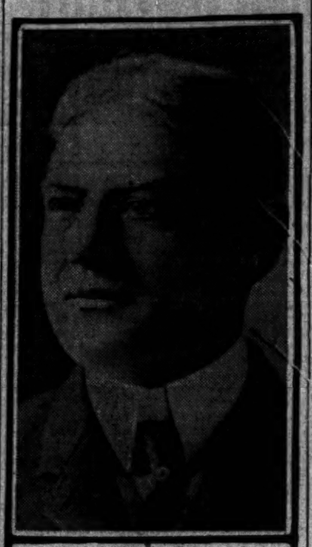
Lange et al. vs. National Hollow Brake Beam Co. et al.; motion by appellee to continue.

Christy vs. Elliott; motion by appellant for extension of time to file abstracts and briefs.

Widows Win Police Pensions.

Twenty-three widows of former Chicago policemen have won in the Appellate court a decision compelling the city to resume payments to them of the pensions of which they were deprived by the police pension board in September, 1904. Their names are to be restored to the pension list, and their pensions will be paid to them for the time [illegible]

To Manage Three Roads' Traffic.



C. F. DALY

Some of the changes in the operation of the Vanderbilt lines from here to Buffalo which were foreshadowed in their reorganization a week ago were announced yesterday. C. F. Daly, formerly assistant general passenger agent of the Lake Shore, was made passenger traffic manager of the Lake Shore, Michigan Central and Lake Erie and Western. The general passenger agents of these lines were not disturbed. Mr. Daly came to Chicago three years ago from the Lake Erie and Western, where he had been general passenger agent. H. Bromley is promoted from division freight agent at Cleveland to general ore and coal agent, and George B. Wheeler, who was also a division freight agent at Cleveland, becomes general freight agent of the Lake Shore. Some other changes in the Vanderbilt properties are expected, but have not yet been announced. In all the changes so far made no one has been displaced, the promotions being to newly created offices.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Decrees.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Brentano—214966—Cohn vs. Pitzele; dec. —5725—Rosenfeldt vs. Rosenfeldt; dec. div.—240623—Groff vs. Groff; dec. div.

Judge Holdom—4536—Straube vs. Du Four; master's report appvd. and dec. sale.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Tuley—12491—Scott vs. Scott; dec. div.

Judge Dunne—12226—Kandik vs. Loss; dec. sale. —11126—Ellithorpe vs. Reed; def. dec.—9822—C. T. & T. Co. vs. Cusic; def. dec.—280120—Counselman vs. Walton; dec.

Judge Gibbons—11449—Gale vs. Gale; dec. div.

Judge Honoré—257174—Green vs. Green; dec. div.

Judge Mack—709—In re applin. of Dyche; dec.—1286—In re applin. of Wells; dec.—1476—In re applin. of Jastar; dec.—1569—In re applin. of Beach; dec.

Judgments.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Chytraus—241897—Thatcher Mfg. Co. vs. Clausen Dairy Co.; plea stricken from files want aff. mer.; by defl. $361.58.—226745—Peter Wiswiecki vs. Piano Mfg. Co.; on finds. $350, satisfied.—240968—Geo. T. Mickle vs. John S. Benedict; by defl. $267.12.—227650—Adolph Moses et al. vs. Arthur Jones; on finds. $55, satisfied.—239116—Wm. Stevenson vs. Wm. Torrance; by defl. $2,308. —224853—Herbert Boone vs. White City Ice Co.; on ver. $300, satisfied.—240424—Charles S. Miller vs. James L. Board; by defl. $355.62.—238189—Jos. Kusek vs. Charles H. Mears & Co.; on ver. $100, satisfied.—243029—Geo. E. Mibert vs. Thomas S. Morgan; by defl. $360.12.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Abbott—219672—Josephine Lucas vs. City; on finds. $300.—260175—Rose O'Brien vs. City; on finds. $100.

Judge Honoré—228853—John Tomasewski vs. Holy Name of Jesus Society; on ver. $80.

Judge Walker—226774—Sarah Partridge vs. Herbert S. and Walter C. Griswold; on ver. $200.—260177—Jos. Tijlicki vs. Independent Brg. Assn.; on ver. $124.50, satisfied.

Judge Windes—228598—Standard Knitting Mills vs. Nathaniel H. White; on ver. $456.—228627—Matilda Kubach vs. Order of Moyas; by defl. $1,045.73.—229851—Kaufman & Kurfess vs. Philip Louth and Sophia Miller; on finds. $100.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Law trial calendar, first 20 cases marked for trial on Judge Chytraus' first call will be subject to trial. 6363, 6391, 6251, 6550, 6562, 6595, 6605, 6610, 6619, 6645, 6647, 6697, 6701, 6705, 6707, 6708, 6709, 6710, 478, 3571, 4110, 5166, 5190, 6515, 6484, 6696, 6256, 5350, 5851, 6963, 6968, 6986, 6996, 6654, 6673, 6692, 6721, 6208, 6269, 6410, 6415, 6420, 6438, 6709, 6710, 6712, 6713, 6714, 6716, 6715, 6724, 6726.

Judge Brentano—Chancery calendar, 3355, 3971; 2 p. m., 216186.

Judge Bishop—City calendar, 1903, 2105, 2204, 2200 3043. On trial, 1684.

Judge Cheetham—Set cases; 5709, 5277, 5252, 5293; assigned cases. On trial, 5138.

Judge Chytraus—First call, 6501 to 6700 inc.; law motions of course and law contested motions; trial call 4186, 6546, 6477. On trial, 6089.

Judge Dupuy—Assigned cases.

Judge Garv—Assigned cases.

Judge Healy—Assigned cases. On trial, 5688.

Judge Holdom—Motions of course in Judge Kavanagh's cases. Set case, 3986.

Judge Wright—Set matters.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Law trial calendar, 9726, 9901, 9597, 9710, 9128, 9282, 8796, 9028, 9030, 9032, 9038, 9039, 9045, 9047, 9060, 9050, 9059, 9065, 9062, 9074, 9076, 9082, 9084, 9091, 9094, 9096, 10075, 10008, 10015, 10037, 10035, 10027, 10045, 10047, 10048, 10049, 10051, 10081, 10076, 10078, 10079, 10080, 10081, 10085, 10092, 10094, 10102, 10120, 10124, 10127.

Judge Tuley—Cases under advisement.

Judge Heard—Judge Tuley's motions of course. Judge Tuley's calendar: 875, 2747, 3, 34, 266, 284, 326, 342, 375, 606, 621, 1063, 1229, 1389.

Judge Dunne—Chancery calendar, 1480. Scully vs. Kasson, 22984, 11227, 11696, 11222, 9244, 225017, 11440, 9715.

Judge Abbott—City calendar, 5902, 5688, 6008, 6018, 6020, 6022, 6026, 6027, 5827, 5779, 5704, 5024, 5027, 5959.

Judge Clifford—Law motions, 10:30 a. m. Law contested motions, 24487, 23088, 26200, 25853, 26967, 2300.

Judge Gibbons—Set case, 9801. Assigned cases.

Judge Honoré—Set cases, 6419, 259941. Assigned cases.

Judge Mack—Juvenile court.

Judge Walker—Assigned cases.

Judge Windes—10 a. m.—Assigned cases. On trial, 9851.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—Set case, 21014. On hearing on benefits, city speci., 29374.

Judge Haves—Trial call 21393, 21453, 21674, 21750, 20953, 20943, 2163, 21305, 21734.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—10 a. m.—Motions. Set cases, estates of Rhoda Link, Anna M. Werthmiller, Wm. Goldie, Calhn. E. Zimmer, Max Petrowski, Charles Vorderer. 2:15 p. m.—Set cases, estates of Thomas Tobin, Henry C. Gross, W. H. Wells, Gottlieb Schoeppe.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Barnes—3281, 3282, 3178, 3368, 3361, 3304, 3305, 3302, 3404, 3405, 3216.

Judge Kavanagh—Quasi criminal calendar, 16389, 1606, 15858.

Judge Kersten—Call not extended.

Judge McEwen—1888, 2923, 3394.

Judge Tuthill—2290, 1163, 1059, 1060, 563, 564, 702, 740, 1008, 3373.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

Judges Jenkins, Grosscup, and Baker—1177.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Kohlsaat—10 a. m., motions.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Kohlsaat—10 a. m., motions.

Judge Sanborn—On trial, 3580, 3590.

Appellate Court Decisions.

Fourteen opinions were given in the Appellate court yesterday by Judges Ball, Adams, and Brown. The cases were:

11723—E. H. Pratt vs. P. J. Davis; affirmed.

11730—Henry Mundt vs. Cooke Rutledge Coal Co.; affirmed.

11732—Garden City Sand Co. vs. E. H. Gettens; affirmed.

11735—City vs. Margaret Campbell; reversed.

11735—Jos. C. Alling vs. Bessie Straka; reversed and remanded.

11740—S. R. Chamberlain vs. L. Fernoch; affirmed.

11741—Same vs. same; affirmed.

11747—Gottfried Brg. Co. vs. James W. Mann; reversed.

11749—John D. Ryan vs. O. E. Desmond; affirmed.

11754—Eva M. Ran vs. D. W. Baker et al.; affirmed.

11755—J. D. Casey, admr., vs. C. L. Dougherty; affirmed.

11757—Edmund H. Strand vs. Library Bureau; affirmed.

11759—Globe Mut. Life Ins. Co. vs. J. Meyer; affirmed.

12143—Arthur J. Eddy et al. vs. Margaret Morgan; affirmed.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

19671—William C. Farquhar, Rockford, Ill.; liabilities, $3,139; assets, $25. S. A. Hyer, attorney.

11672—J. J. Friedlyllis, tesmster; liabilities, $4,474; assets, $300. J. H. O'Neill, attorney.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

State and Madison-sts., Building Formerly Occupied by Schlesinger & Mayer.

Final Clearing of Young Men's Heavy Clothing.

THIS is a clearing sale for young men of college and high school age. It is their opportunity, because every garment in the sale is solidly built—built for service, and yet has style and distinctive tone. Small men can be fitted in these at a saving. *Second floor.*

42 Young Men's Suits in these Clearing Sale lots to choose from. PRICE, **$7.50** 39 Young Men's Overcoats in these Clearing Sale lots to choose from.

Spring Styles for Young Men.

The spring-weight clothing is arriving daily. Skill of the highest type has been employed to make these garments represent the very highest type of ready-to-wear goods. *Second floor.*

YOUNG MEN—It is the long cut coat you want. We are showing that new cut in both the double breasted and the straight front single breasted styles with long vent in center seam of back.

Clearing Boys' Norfolk Suits at $4.00.

We propose to clear all the odds and ends from the stock and have put a price on this line of suits that we are confident will do it. This clearing price means a saving on each suit of from $1.00 to $2.00. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

For Boys: The New "Carson" Special Suit $5.00.

WE offer this brand of boys' clothing to parents in full confidence that it will be found to be the best value ever offered at the price. The suits are made according to our own specifications for the active boy who is hard on clothes. They are made under orders to put into them the greatest possible value at the price. *Second floor.*

The fabrics are absolutely all wool. Body linings are strong and durable. Every seam is taped and sewed with silk. Coats are cut in the double-breasted style, with plenty of room for the boy's comfort. Trousers are made with a large double seat and knee, with straps for belt. Every suit, we believe, will wear twice as long as the ordinary suit and the price is only..... **$5.00**

The Semi-Annual

Sale of Men's Black Neckwear.

THIS sale is so widely known and waited for that it is hardly necessary to do more than announce it. *First floor.*

By saving extra cost, such as boxing, etc., and by having the cravats made up in large quantities, we so reduce the cost of production that we are able to sell black cravats of every shape for about half the usual price. Sale price..... **25c**

Clearing Stiff Bosom Shirts.

$2.00 Shirts now $1.50. $1.50 Shirts now $1.00.

All higher priced lines of stiff bosom shirts reduced to $2.00.

A Clearing of Girls' Coats.

THESE coats—sizes for misses and children—embrace all that remain of our best selling lines. *Fourth floor.*

Coats in plain colors and fancy mixtures; short box and three-quarter lengths; reduced to $10.00, $7.50 and..... **$5.00**

Girls' Coats, Red Flannel Lined.

Plain colors and fancy mixtures, sizes 6 to 12 years; former prices $12.75, $15.00 and $16.50, now reduced to..... **$10.00**

Tailor'd Suits for Misses & Small Women

Tailor made suits for misses and small women; loose and belted styles, three-fourth and short box coats, in fancy mixtures and plain blue, black and brown cheviots; plaited skirts; sizes 14 to 20 years; $15.00 and $12.75

Children's Wash Dresses: Special, $1.95

One-piece Russian dresses, in tan, light and dark blue chambrays; full box plaited style; sizes 2 to 14 years. Specially priced at..... $1.95

Children's White Lawn and Net Dresses, $7.50.

Net dresses made with circular double bertha, ribbon and lace trimmed; full skirt, ribbon trimmed over organdie drop. Lawn dresses, made with tucked skirt and embroidery trimmed yoke and bertha. Excellent values at..... $7.50

Clearing Women's Winter Coats.

Fourth floor.

BEST assortments, best styles and best value in the city at $15.00 are in this clearing—46-inch tourist coats, in black cheviots and fancy mixtures; well-tailored; cheviots lined throughout with good quality of satin; colors black, navy and brown and gray mixtures—priced to close out at..... **$15.00**

Women's New Rainproof Coats.

Fourth floor.

TWO exclusive models in rainproof coats, new spring styles, all lengths; made of new weave of rainproof cloths, and come in the new shades of gray, olive and tan. These garments are unusually well-tailored and have all the latest approved semi-fitting backs and latest sleeves—price..... **$12.50**

February Sale of **Shoes, Oxfords, Slippers.**

REDUCTIONS apply to the entire stock of women's shoes, oxfords and slippers (except Patricians, which have a set standard price). These two quotations illustrate the reductions: *Second floor.*

All $6.00 shoes, etc..... $4.80 | All $5.00 shoes, etc..... $4.00

SAMPLE SHOES—Another lot of high-grade shoes, slippers and Oxfords—travelers' samples—at very much below usual prices, pr., $3.00

Sorosis Shoes Reduced.

We desire to eliminate the Sorosis brand from our stock. Therefore we have reduced the set prices—prices rarely deviated from—as follows:

The women's $5 Sorosis shoes are..... $3.25
The women's $3.50 Sorosis shoes are..... $2.40
Boys' and girls' $3 Sorosis shoes are..... $2.25
Children's $2.50 Sorosis shoes are..... $1.75

Sizes are much broken. But if you need shoes, especially in narrow widths, let us try to fit you from this lot.

Mandel Brothers

"Hungerford system" trousers on sale at special introductory prices

The sale of these trousers is confined exclusively to Mandel's

SIXTY years ago the "Hungerford system" of trouser making originated in Paris and London by experts in the art of tailor craftsmanship. At once becoming world famous, because of their faultless style, superior materials and splendid finish, they have continued down to the present day to represent the highest excellence of men's tailored garments. Worn by best dressed men in the most fashionable centers, they are considered the acme of style, comfort and satisfaction, and far superior to any made in this country. One of the leading firms of manufacturers in New York City has adopted this system, and our reputation for carrying only clothing of superior excellence induced them to select this store as their sole Chicago agent. *Second floor, State street*

Points of superiority—long wear; ease and comfort; retention of shape; no bagging at the knees.

The decision of the manufacturers to accept a temporary loss to effect speedy "trial" purchases affords you this most exceptional opportunity to secure high-grade trousers at absurdly low prices. These three lots are representative of the beautiful range of patterns in this, the most magnificent collection of French and English fabrics ever brought to this country.

Men's Hungerford System trousers, in cassimeres and worsteds, to be sold regularly at $4 and $5, special introductory price, **$3**

Men's Hungerford System trousers, in finest imported worsteds, to be sold regularly at $6 and $7, special introductory price, **$4**

Men's Hungerford System trousers, made of the best English and French trouserings, regular prices $8 to $10, special introductory price, **$5**

Fortunate purchase men's negligee shirts, $1

First floor, State street.

A RARE opportunity presented itself a few days ago, enabling us to procure a magnificent lot of men's negligee shirts at a decided price concession. Two hundred dozen of the handsomest designs we have ever seen in smart shirtings, with cuffs attached or oose. 1.50 is often paid for shirts of equal quality; while they last, **$1**

Men's neckties, mostly four-in-hands, of rich silks, light, medium and dark shades; figures and stripes; regularly sold at 50¢; now 25¢

Men's muslin night shirts, neatly trimmed, extra wide and long, sizes 15 to 18, special at 50c.

Men's pajamas, in imported madras and dimity, broken lines of 2.50 and $3 grades, at 1.50.

Men's half hose made of pure wool, fancy, striped and hand-embroidered cashmere, in vertical and jacquard styles; in sizes 9½ to 11½; values 50c to 75c; 3 pair, $1; or per pair, 35c.

Basement: Men's negligee shirts in percale and madras; 75c value, three for $1.

The NEXT time you want a LAXATIVE WATER try one of those nice, cool, sparkling

Re-Leaf Splits

RE-SPLITS

It is the Supreme Laxative

The very latest, the very best. The never-failing aperient. Besides—it cools the head, soothes the stomach and quickly quiets the nerves. It will accomplish just what you want.

Ask for RE-LEAF at any Hotel Cafe, Buffet or Drug Store.

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THE RELIABLE FURRIERS AND HATTERS.

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The Berlitz School of Languages, AUDITORIUM, Congress-st. Entrance. (NO OTHER BRANCH IN CHICAGO.)

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Marshall Field & Co.

Important Price Reduction Sale of Men's Business Suits

Medium and heavy weights.

Main Section, $20. Basement Section, $8.

An end-of-the-season clearance affording some of the best values ever offered in these sections.

Men's Shirts and Pajamas.

We will display this morning for the first time the new lines in Men's Shirts from our own factory—unsurpassed in style, quality and finish at the prices. $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50. *First Floor North Room.*

Men's Colored Bosom Shirts in broken lots—all the best qualities from our winter lines, reduced to close—sizes ranging from 14 to 16½—each, $2.00.

Men's Pajamas, in a variety of materials, all at sharp reductions to close at once—$1.95.

Large Wilton Rugs

At ½ the Price of Orientals.

OUR GUARANTEE.

WE GUARANTEE the new production of beautiful Wilton Rugs that we have placed on sale TO LAST FOR YEARS—with ordinary care. After experimenting on these rugs for several years, the manufacturers have produced a fabric so rich and perfect in color effects that many of them are more perfect than the finest Oriental Rugs. Even experts are compelled to examine closely in order to tell the difference, and the price is but a trifle in comparison. All new and perfect designs and colorings.

9 feet long by 6 feet wide..... $20.00
10 feet 6 inches long by 8 feet 3 inches wide..... $30.00
12 feet long by 9 feet wide..... $35.00

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Cor. Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

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Each piece of Office Furniture You Buy. "Y and E" Desks, Chairs, Filing Cabinets meet every desire.

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